#### **KEY MAN CHALLENGES WITNESS**

# Soblen defense asks new trial, says U.S. hid vital evidence

By William A. Reuben

A T THE CONCLUSION of this reporter's first of the three-part series on the espionage trial of Dr. Robert Sob-len (GUARDIAN Aug. 28, Sept. 4 and 11), official U.S. medical reports were cited showing that Jack Soble, the defendant's brother and the prosecution's chief witness, was psychotic and suffered from an incurable organic brain ailment which left him almost hopelessly insane.

The medical reports and other vital and even sensational new information not disclosed during Soblen's trial are now the basis for a three-part motion for a new trial, filed on Dr. Soblen's behalf on Oct. 9 by an eminent lawyer and legal scholar, Ephraim London. Argu-ment on the motion before trial judge William B. Herlands ended Oct. 19.

THE CHARGES: The motion makes these major contentions:

#### SPECIAL THIS WEEK

We present in this issue, pages 7-10, one of the best in the long history of our of the best in the long history of our Holiday Shopping Guides. Read it, send in your orders, and save it for later pur-chases. Note especially the Siqueiros greeting card—a rare event.

• Official government medical records existed showing that the main witness. Soble, was insane and despite the government's obligation to make the existence of these records known, the defense first learned of them after the trial end-(The medical records were first ght to public attention in the ed. brought GUARDIAN series written after the trial had concluded.)
Persons in the biographical data unit

of the Office of Strategic Services-who were alleged at the trial to have given information via a courier to Dr. Soblen for transmission to the Soviet Union during World War II, including a hint of work on the A-bomb-had no access to secret information of any kind.

Dr. Hans E. Hirschfeld, a German emigre who worked as a part-time con-sultant for the OSS during World War II, and who had been charged by a pros-ecution witness, Mrs. Johanna Beker, with having given her top-secret information which she said she gave to Sob-len, had on three occasions, in this country and in Germany, given sworn testimony repudiating every one of Mrs. Beker's charges and denying that he had ever met her. The FBI had brought her to Germany to confront Hirschfeld. He also gave an affidavit to the U.S. Mission in Bonn denying all charges. (Continued on Page 4)



NATIONAL

VOL. 14, NO. 3

TARD

the progressive newsweekly

PLEASE TAKE OFF THAT BLINDFOLD, MR. PRESIDENT -THERE MUST BE ANOTHER WAY In Chapel Hill to receive an honorary degree from the University of North Carolina Oct. 12, President Kennedy forecast a lifetime of continuing tensions for Americans. In Moscow a week later Premier Khrushchev was outlining a 20-year program of bounty for the Soviet people. Something's wrong somewhere, and it is respectfully suggested that of bounty for the Soviet people. Something's wrong somewhere, and it is respect our Mr. K. sit down and re-evaluate his prospect for mankind with their Mr. K

#### THE IMPASSE IN THE FIFTH REPUBLIC

## De Gaulle's balance sheet is a mess

### By Anne Bauer

PARIS **T** WENTY THOUSAND Algerian: marched in Paris on the night of Oct. 17 in several parts of town in non-violent demonstrations that brought out 7,000 policemen, two companies of the CRS (the tough strike-breaking special cops) and several squads of motorized police. The police opened fire, killing, officially, two persons (unofficially over 20) and wounding an uncounted number. The next day, protest petitions from

factories, trade unions, left-wing parties, and from 40 Algerian deputies and senators preceded a second night of

Algerian demonstrations in Paris. As the first several hundred of arrested Algerians were expelled from France, a rightwing deputy asked the government to "hit back fast and hard." He was promised the government would continue to do just that. This is the latest episode in the general picture of the deterioration of the Fifth Republic. The sickness 15 changing from chronic to acute.

On three fronts-the FLN (National Liberation Front), the OAS (Secret Army Organization) and the domestic scene, the government has completed what one deputy recently called "the bal-ance sheet of failure."

THE FLN: The Liberation Front action in Paris Oct. 17 was its most ambitious show of strength in France since the war began seven years ago. It also marks a new method, and there was speculation whether it had been inspired by the FLN's new leader, Youssef Ben Khedda, known to be more militant and more to the left than his predecessor. Ferhat Abbas. At any rate, the week's nonviolent demonstrations may well be the beginning of a new mass strategy in France, firmly enrolling Algerians who up to now have been on the fringe of political action. They also are a sign of growing Algerian self-confidence. The

15 cents

NEW YORK, OCTOBER 30, 1961

The government's reply—arresting, then deporting demonstrators by the (Continued on Page 12)

### **GI'S WOULD FIND AN ENTIRE POPULACE THE ENEMY** U. S. is risking a 'second Korea' in Vietnam

Since this dispatch was written, South Vietnam President Ngo Dinh Diem has declared a state of emer-gency and held a series of talks with Gen Maxwell D. Taylor, head of a special U. S. mission. Taylor, who was to report to President Kennedy, said there should be no "assumption" that there will he a decision to send U. S. there will be a decision to send U.S. combat troops to South Vietnam.

> By Anna Louise Strong Guardian staff corresponde

PEKING F, AS WASHINGTON SAYS, the struggle against the Ngo regime in South Vietnam has become a "real war" in which U.S. troops may "have to take

part." the American people had better halt and investigate quickly before they get involved in a Korean-type war against what would be almost the entire popula-tion of Vietnam. The conflict stems directly from President Ngo Dinh Diem's attempt to subdue the Vietnamese people both for his own power and profit and to serve Washington's interest in having a war base.

Averell Harriman asserts that North Vietnam is intervening in the South. Everyone in North Vietnam, from President Ho Chi Minh down, denies this, and Harriman gives no proof. Proof exists, however, that South Vietnam is in-tervening in the North by land, sea and air, all under U.S. military advisers.

Washington created the trouble bs installing its man, Ngo, in the dying puppet French regime of Bao Dai in 1954. financing Ngo's rise to power, preventing the nationwide elections which the Geneva Agreement had set for 1956 to re-unite all Vietnam, and then financing South Vietnam as a separate state. Thousands of men from the South were thus caught in the North, where they went in 1954 for the demobilization decreed at Geneva; they are still there. They can't get back or even communicate with families because of the blockade their maintained by Ngo.

'NO EXPEDITION': It would be under-(Continued on Page 14)

In this issue BOMBS AND MANKIND Report to Readers ..... p. 2 NEW YORK ELECTION A sea of dullness ..... p. 3 SMUT AND THE SENATE Censorship in America. . p. 5 ZILLIACUS ON DEMOCRACY Eastern and Western ... p. 6 THE CUBAN STORY Herbert Matthews' book p. 13 THE UN-AMERICANS

Donner's findings....p. 16

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**'Live and help live'** GLENCOE, ILL. The reasons advanced by the Soviet Union for the resumption of nuclear testing ring as false of nuclear testing ring as false as did our original explanation of the U-2 flights. One cannot straddle this issue. One is either for or against nuclear testing. As one of our local ministers re-marked recently, the statement "Live and Let Live" should read "Live and Help Live." All diplo-macy should be guided by this philosophy. M. A.

**Cause and effect** NEW YORK, N.Y. Of course, all of us should be appalled that any nation would resume nuclear tests menacing mankind. But the attitude mani-fested by some of the Mailbag writers appears thus: A man has stolen food. Forget that he has been unemployed for months and has a family to care for. The

been unemployed for months and has a family to care for. The man is a criminal, so let us for-get the factors which have con-spired to make him one. While we should urge the U.S.S.R. to cease nuclear tests, we should also urge that the U.S. cease goading the U.S.S.R. into testing and perhaps war into testing and—perhaps—war. Michael J. Hallberg

For a peace pact NEW YORK, N.Y. It all boils down to who will use nuclear weapons first. Therefore, before we enter long drawn-out negotiations for disarmament and banning tests, I propose that President Kennedy and Premier Khrushchev meet and sign an agreement at once that neither will be the first to use nuclear weapons. If this is an accom-plished fact, there is very small likelihood that there will be war. This is the road to world peace. **41. K.** fore, before we enter long drawnpeace 1. K.

Pauling challenged MILL VALLEY, CALIF. In the October issue of Fron-tier magazine, starting on the front cover under banner headfront cover under banner head-lines, is an article by Dr. Linus Pauling, "The Danger of Nuclear Holocaust." My main point of difference with Dr. Pauling is his statement that resumption of testing by the Soviet Union increases the danger of nuclear way. This is precisely the oppowar. This is precisely the oppo-site of what it intended to do,

site of what it intended to do, precisely the opposite of what it could do, and most definitely the opposite of what it has done. I shall cite but one example of how the Soviet resumption of testing has had the effect they intended it to:

Shortly prior to Soviet re-sumption of testing, Gen. Lucius Clay was called back into service

D

Ten Years Ago in the Guardian

that would melt flesh and bones, but many parents were mailing them back in protest. In Tacoma, Wash., a group of parents calling themselves Cold War Mothers circulated petitions protesting tag distribution to school children there. Their theme: "The only real security for our children is peace."

Around the country the cry for peace swelled. In Minneapolis the United Church Women, a department of the National Council of Churches, representing 10,000,000 Protestant and Eastern Or-

thodox women, adopted a five-point program for world peace. In Chicago James P. Warburg, author and former banker, told a peace

conference of some 15 organizations that present U.S. policy "will lead to war, or defeat for the cause of freedom without war." Later he told the City Club of Chicago that the U.S. economy "... is

endangered not so much by our huge military expenditures in them-selves as by the fact that we have no plan for ending those expen-

ditures without running into a major depression. We are rapidly ac-quiring a vested interest in not making peace."

-From the National Guardian, Oct. 31, 1951

OG-TAGS FOR SCHOOL CHILDREN were the newest symbol

of U.S. war madness last week. In New York, school officials pointed with pride to the fact that the tags would withstand a heat

#### How Crazy Can You Get Dept.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 9 (AP) -Discrimination is inherent in the fluid social system which characterizes the American way of life, a Uni-versity of Chicago sociologist said yesterday, Philip M. Hau-ber the sociologist said yies said yesterday, Philip M. Hau-ser, the sociologist, said vic-tims of discrimination ulti-mately hoist themselves up the economic and social scale until they attain the power to do the discriminating themselves. "This is the way democracy works," he said in a lecture at the Enoch Pratt Free Library in Baltimore. --St. Louis Post Dispatch, Oct. 9 One-year free sub to sender of

One-year free sub to sender of each item printed under this head-ing. Be sure to send original clip with each entry. Winner this week: C. S., Rolla, Mo.

as special ambassador to West Germany. Gen. Clay felt called upon to proclaim that if he had been in Berlin when the Rusbeen in Berlin when the Rus-sians built "their Chinese Wall," he would have gone in there with tanks and American boys and ripped it up as they built it, thereby, of course, plunging us into a nuclear holocaust.

into a nuclear holocaust. Shortly after Soviet resump-tion of testing, Gen. Clay felt called upon to proclaim to the West Germans that they were just going to have to face up to the reality and immutable existence of a sovereign East German state, the German Dem-ocratic Republic, and learn to live with it.

ocratic Republic, and learn to live with it. Despite my differences with Dr. Pauling, I consider his ar-ticle of tremendous value. I also consider its being published by Frontier in so dramatic a fash-ion a direct fruit of the Soviet Union's courserous resumption Union's courageous resumption of testing. Name Withheld

Soviet duty?

LAKE GROVE, LI. The number of lefts taking a stand against the Soviet resumption of nuclear bomb tests is as-tounding. It indicates how many tounding, it indicates now many people are confused on this issue. Because of the betrayal of the anti-fascist cause by American capitalism after the defeat of Hitler, German militarism, which twice within 30 years bathed Eu-rope in blood, has risen again cap graphic and using monter rope in blood, has risen again as a gigantic and ugly monster. Who is fool enough to believe our politicians when they assure us that the same generals who only yesteryear commanded and di-rected the genocidal acts of Hit-bay's howder have since then turn. ler's hordes have since then turned into angelic defenders of human freedom. We all know bet-

man freedom. We all know bet-ter. If the Soviets were to disre-gard this obvious historic fact, socialist freedom in their land, and in the world, would be in dire jeopardy. Since they can-not disregard it, they prepare for this conflict. That is their right II is their duty

right. It is their duty. Max Bedacht

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NEW YORK, N.Y. We have urged upon President Kennedy the following opinions: "We should negotiate on Ber-lin from the strength of freedom, of patience and of increasing good will,"—Congressman Miller. "I have seen very few situa-tions where doing nothing but standing firm is the best thing to do."—Congressman Kasten-meier.



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October 30, 1961 Vol. 14, No. 3 401

#### **REPORT TO READERS**

### The time is now!

A UTUMN 1961 MIGHT HAVE BEEN THE MOMENT in history A when the world power bloc led by the United States heeded the voices of the non-aligned nations and the majority of the peoples and joined the Soviet Union in a program of total world disarmament, thus heading off further nuclear tests each of which makes life unlivable for a frightfully enlarging number of generations born and still unborn. Rather, Autumn 1961 is now the season in which the world's

leading socialist nation exploded a nuclear force of incredible magnitude capable of incinerating any metropolis in the capitalist world; thus inviting the world's capitalist nations to explode furth-er incredible bombs of equal or greater magnitude, capable of incinerating any collective society in eastern Europe.

And so cn, up the the mad spiral of terror sent unhalted into frightful realms by a corrupted world science, until total megadeaths do us part.

Y ET, AUTUMN 1961 COULD STILL BE THE MOMENT in history Y in which the world's leading force for disarmament, coexistence and peaceful competition of systems for a better world, recognizing the immense strength these non-weapons add to the struggle for human betterment, abandoned the futile competition in potential megadeaths and, with the world multitude of hands seeking to join in the work, returned to the task of ending forever the nuclear terror contest and proceeding to build a world of progress.

**F** OR, OBJECTIVELY, THE CONSCIENCE of the world still recognizes the grim truth set forth in the Stockholm Peace Appeal of 1950, signed by millions of the world's peoples, that the atom weapon is "an arm of terror and mass extermination of populations," and should be banned from man's arsenal forever.

Yet growing millions now acknowledge a more basic truth: that world geared for war rather than peace and world advancement. with or without the nuclear weapon, blocks the path to human betterment which new millions throughout the new world, emerging from colonialism and economic domination, have made their primary objective.

HIS IS DRAMATICALLY DEMONSTRATED by the refusal of the Asian-African group at the United Nations to join in a move to give priority to an eight-power resolution backed by one neutral, Sweden, dealing solely with the Soviet Union's projected 50-megaton test, while two of the bellwether non-aligned nations, India and Ghana, joined in a revised Indian resolution urging the cessation of tests "pending the conclusion of necessary internationally binding agreements in regard to tests or general and complete disarmament."

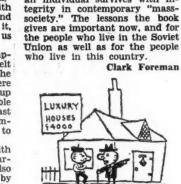
That the neutral and non-aligned nations can maintain their entity as the balance between East and West-despite mounting tension resulting alike from Western intransigence and the Soviet resumption of nuclear tests-is a warrant both of the common sense of the wholesale approach to world armaments and the wide support it has gathered among the peoples of the world.

Pressure for this approach has made no headway in the U.S., where there is no peace party or movement of sizable proportion. Yet any estimate of U.S. opinion must conclude that it at least opposes further testing, by any nation, although it has been pre-vented by the fear alarm sounded by the war elements from considering the question of total disarmament.

ET AMERICANS ARE SPEAKING OUT. Corliss Lamont, who with his wife sent a message to President Eisenhower and Premier Khrushchev in January, 1958, urging the test moratorium, wired Khrushchev on Oct. 19 that the planned test of a 50-megaton wired Khrushchev on Oct. 19 that the planned test of a 50-megaton bomb was "bound to bring further loss of good will throughout the world toward your great country and socialism in general." The Conference of Greater New York Peace Groups sent messages to Kennedy and Khrushchev on Oct. 23 asserting that the existence of a 50-megaton bomb "shatters once and for all the illusion that survival in a theremonuclear war is possible," and urging them to "meet and hurdle the barrier of cold war tensions and cumulative international crises which have kent the nations of the world from international crises which have kept the nations of the world from agreement to end all bomb tests by all nations with a commitment to full and general disarmament."

In its text the statement notes that "there are at present two nations who together have the power to determine whether life shail continue on this planet."

The wires are open: the heads of both nations should hear from you. -THE GUARDIAN



Dyad in the London Daily Worker "And after 25 years the knocker is yours."

#### **Conscience** fund

Three Tucson teachers are now

to Richard Gorby, Treasurer, Emergency Committee to Defend Liberties of Arizona Public Em-ployes, 2648 North Fair Oaks, Tucson, Ariz.?

gotating a zone of disengage-ment and disarmament in Cen-tral Europe." — Congressman

"We have been 'standing firm' so long now with fingers frozen on nuclear triggers that our naon nuclear triggers that our na-tional nerves are frayed and jag-ged. And they well might be, for in the past no great nation that mobilized ever demobilized until after a war."—Congressman Ko-walski.

Alex E. D. Munsell Marion D. Munsell

Review protested NEW YORK, N.Y. Edmund Weil's review of The

Edmund Well's review of The Informed Heart by Bruno Bet-telheim seems most unfair. Well apparently thinks that because Bettelheim deals with his expe-riences in a Nazi concentration camp, the book should have been an analysis of fascism. But that clearly was not the book that Bettelheim set out to write. He was using his exthe book that Bettelneim set out to write. He was using his ex-periences in Germany and the U.S. to obtain lessons as to how an individual survives with in-tegrity in contemporary "mass-society." The lessons the book gives are important now and for

By Bill Levenson

NEW YORK, N.Y. I was flattered that you chose to reprint my parody on Christopher Marlowe—"Sheltered Love"—in your issue of Oct 16. I'm sorry only that you neglect-ed to add my name as the au-thor.

thor. Poets are unheard voices in our land. Rarely do we find an audience. It's a happy occasion, then, to "make the scene"—par-ticularly in the GUARDIAN and on the basic theme of the Bomb. A credit line would encourage us to keep trying. Bill Levenson

**Bill Levenson** 

A credit line we to keep trying.

Clark Foreman



TUCSON, ARIZ. On behalf of our committee. I On behalf of our committee, I want to thank GUARDIAN read-ers who sent contributions for our legal action against Arizo-na's so-called "loyalty oath." Your contributions were part of the \$2,100 received by the com-mittee an emount sufficient to

the \$2,100 received by the com-mittee, an amount sufficient to carry the case through the Arizo-na Supreme Court. The committee is now estab-lishing a Conscience Fund to aid victims of the oath requirement. Three Tueson teachers are now

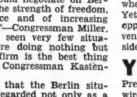
they have not signed the dis-claimer oath. One other public employe lost her job, and has not found other work. Won't you send a contribution to Bichard Gorby Treasurer

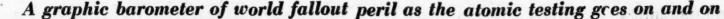
Vernon C. Elfbrandt

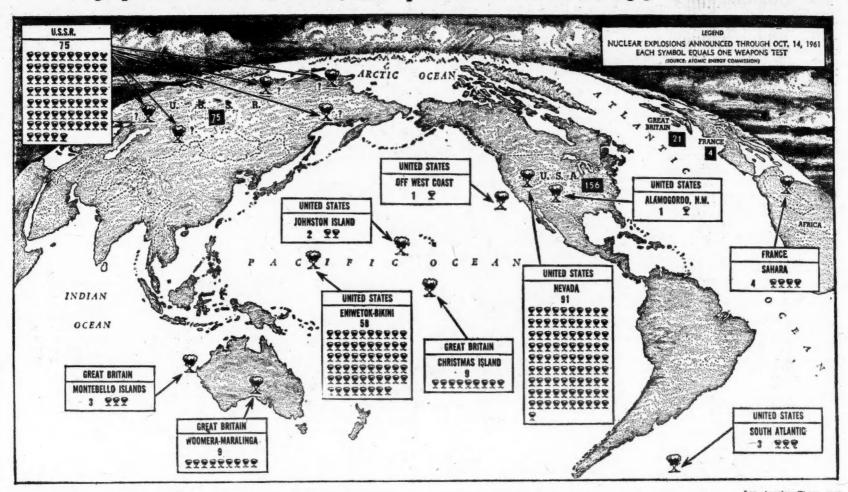
### Some opinions NEW YORK, N.Y.

meie

"I urge that the Berlin situ-ation be regarded not only as a crisis but as an opportunity to increase national security by ne-







As of Oct. 15, the atomic powers had exploded more than 250 nuclear bombs with a total yield of 200 megatons (a megaton is a million tons). Dr. Linus Pauling estimates that for every 200 megatons of atmospheric explosions, fallout will cause 140,000 persons across the world to die of leukemia, bone cancer and other diseases. In sucLos Angeles Times map ceeding generations, 160,000 children will be born mentally or physically defective. Carbon 14, which has a half-life of 6,000 years, will cause two million deaths over a few thousand years. Dr. Pauling's estimates rise proportionately with the megatonnage of explosion.

#### THE ISSUES GOT HOPELESSLY LOST

# New York mayoralty contest drowns in a sea of dullness

#### By Joanne Grant

BOUT TWO MILLION of 3,511,240 registered New Yorkers are expected to go to the polls Nov. 7 to cast ballots for one of six mayoral candidates representing ten political parties. The candidates and parties are:

Mayor Robert F. Wagner, Democratic, Liberal and Brotherhood.

Louis J. Lefkowitz, Republican, Civic Action and Non-Partisan.

Lawrence E. Gerosa, Citizens. Vito P. Battista, United Taxpayers. Richard Garza, Socialist Workers. Eric Hass, Socialist Labor.

The anticipated light vote in a record registration year is the fault of the major candidates. The closest they have come to introducing an "issue" into the flood of campaign oratory has been the charges of unethical (sometimes called immoral) fund-raising. The question of who raises funds and how for the major candidates received more press attention than any other subject. Even Republican Sen. Jacob Javits, in New York to campaign for Lefkowitz, commented at a press conference Oct. 17 that the mayoral campaign had bogged down in "peripheral issues."

THE GREAT DEBATE: Typical of the campaign was the "great TV debate" between Lefkowitz and Wagner. The New York Herald Tribune said of the debate: "During the hour both principals distorted the facts, gave us a number of halftruths, and just plain dodged at times." The general level of the campaign may

The general level of the campaign may be discerned from the following samples. The **Herald Tribune** Oct. 18 quoted the Mayor as having promised to send "young hoodlums, punks and juvenile delinquents" to camps. He termed Lefkowitz the "hand-picked candidate" of Republican county leaders. Lefkowitz spoke of "welfare chiselers" and the "boys in Albany," and Battista promised to "end the free ride" of college students attending tuition-free city colleges.

The biggest sensation of the campaign was a fund-raising luncheon at a Brooklyn restaurant at which 43 real estate men and contractors pledged \$25,000 to the Wagner campaign in the Mayor's presence and with city officials making the pitch. Abraham N. Lindenbaum, who called the roll at the luncheon, subseqently resigned from the City Planning Commission, the Mayor refused to accept the money and the City's Board of Ethics found it "offensive to ethical standards" but not a violation of the City's Code of Ethics.

**ON PAPER:** Though discussion of them has been scant, both major candidates do have programs on paper. The Wagner program, which blames the city's ills on the Republican State administration, reinforces the impression that the Mayor is running against Republican Gov. Nelson Rockefeller. The program asks more state funds for education and city transportation, more stringent laws for slum and rent control, and funds for the city through legalization of off-track betting.

The Lefkowitz program seeks to restore the City's fiscal integrity with longrange planning, repair the schools and clean up the school administration, improve traffic control, health, recreation and housing, and eliminate welfare "chis-

and housing, and eliminate weifare "chiselers." Lefkowitz was endorsed by the **Times** (which had favored Wagner in the **Dem**oratic primary) in an editorial Oct. 19 which said: "Lefkowitz offers the prospect of something better than Wagner, maybe much better—a possibility of great improvement against the near-certainty of continued mediocrity." On Oct. 20 the **Times** announced its support for Democrats Abraham Beame for Controller and Paul Screvane for City Council President. Reiterating its unenthusiastic support of Lefkowitz the **Times** said: "If Mr. Lefkowitz were, by chance, elected he would have in Mr. Beame a very competent and helpful adviser despite the difference in political party."

THE SWP's MAN: Lefkowitz has also been endorsed by the Patrolmen's Benevolent Assn. and by members of the administration of former Mayor Fiorello LaGuardia. Mrs. LaGuardia announced her support for him Oct. 16. Lefkowitz campaign posters bear a photograph of LaGuardia, New York's best-known reform mayor, and the slogan: "Remember how great clean government used to be? It's yours again when you elect Lefkowitz, Fino and Gilhooley."

Minor parties have had meager access to major news media. On an NBC television program Oct. 15 the Socialist Workers Party's Garza said he would "call for a full discussion of banning nuclear tests" because New York City is a prime target. He criticized the city police for protecting property values rather than people and called for the administering of public schools by parent-teacher groups and teachers unions. Also on the SWP ticket are Fred Halstead for Controller, Sylvia Weinstein for City Council President, and Clarence Franklin for Manhattan Borough President.

SLP CANDIDATE: Eric Hass of the Socialist Labor Party said that his campaign was for political education. He seeks an end to capitalism in the U.S. followed by "socialist reconstruction." Other SLP candidates are, John Emanuel for Council President and Stephen Emery for Controller.

SWP and SLP will share the ninth line on voting machines. In a switch from previous procedure which placed

parties on the machine in the order in which they received nominating petitions, the Board of Elections decided this year to place the ten parties according to the number of signatures on the petitions. The SWP and SLP turned in the lowest number. There are only nine lines on voting machines.

GEROSA AND BATTISTA: City Controller Gerosa was rejected as a running mate by Wagner as "a man of limited ability and less knowledge on the one hand, and with no limit, on the other, to his ambition." He is running on an economy program. He has promised a three per cent saving in the city's expense budget by eliminating duplication, padding and waste.

The candidacy of Vito Battista was in doubt until Oct. 19. On that date the State Court of Appeals ruled him back on the ballot by rejecting a Board of Elections ruling which had removed him because his nominating petitions had not been notarized, as required by Election Law. Battista says that he adheres to the "Goldwater philosophy" and that "20 years of liberalism has destroyed our town."

**REFORM AND BROTHERHOOD:** One question the campaign has raised is: What happened to the reform movement? Reformers who backed Wagner in his primary fight for the Democratic nomination have been largely inactive in the election campaign. On Oct. 5 the **Times** reported that reformers may dissolve their New York Committee for Democratic Voters as a result of a study it is now making to determine if its task of "democratization" of the party has been achieved.

The one aspect of the election which may prove significant is the formation of the Brotherhood party by the New York Central Labor Council, representing one million trade. unionists. It is the first labor party to be formed since the liquidation of the American Labor Party. It has announced its intention to remain permanently on the political scene and it could be the forerunner of a national labor party.

### The Soblen story

(Continued from Page 1) The defense evidence added up to the assertion that the prosecution had suppressed and concealed vital information which could have been used at the trial, had its existence been known, "to prove defendant's innocence."

**KEY WITNESSES:** At Dr. Soblen's month-long trial in the New York court of Federal Judge Herlands, the prosecution produced only two witnesses who gave incriminating evidence against the defendant. These were his younger brother, Jack Soble, and Mrs. Beker, a German-born woman who had worked for Dr. Soblen during World War II as a typist.

The Aug. 28 GUARDIAN article referred to government medical records disclosing that psychiatrists at the U.S. Hospital for Federal Prisoners at Springfield, Mo., had diagnosed Soble as suffering from a brain ailment that made it impossible for him 80% of the time to distinguish between illusion and reality. Testimony about the records was given at the 1958 trial of Harvard professor Mark Zborowski on charges of perjury for testifying that he did not know Jack Soble. Zborowski's conviction was reversed and he is awaiting retrial.

FACTS CONCEALED: In his memorandum of law supporting the new-trial motion, London stated:

"As the government was aware at the time defendant was tried, Jack Soble's true mental condition was such that without proper psychiatric background his testimony could not be properly evaluated by the jury and was, in fact, unworthy of credence. The government had in its possession psychiatric reports and testimony showing that Jack Soble was suffering from a psychotic condition and a progressive organic brain disease and that he was suffering from a memory difficulty as a result of which he might have been filling in gaps in his memory with false information that he believed to be true...

believed to be true.... "Although the government was in possession of the information outlined, it did not advise the court, the jury or the defense of any of it. The defense knew or elicited on cross-examination certain facts relating to Soble's mental state, namely that he had attempted suicide in 1958, had been under observation at Bellevue in 1957, had had a breakdown in 1957 and underwent two series of electro-shock treatments in 1958 and 1959. The defendant and the jury were thus informed that Soble may, at one time, have suffered from mental illness, but the full facts relating to his insanity were withheld. The jury was not sufficiently informed to enable it to give proper weight or consideration to Soble's testimony, and the defendant was unable, because of the evidence withheld, to impugn that testimony.

"It is a settled principle of law...that the government furnish the defendant with substantial exculpatory evidence. The failure to notify a defendant of the existence of evidence that would tend to show his innocence-is tantamount to the suppression of evidence, and requires the reversal of a conviction."

**RULING CITED:** Among the cases cited by London to buttress his argument was the Court of Appeals ruling in the Zborowski case, the only other trial in which Jack Soble testified. Conviction in that trial was reversed because the prosecution had withheld from the defense FBI reports relating to Soble. The portions of the appellate ruling in that case cited by London as affecting the Soblen case were:

were: "The requirement that the government must prove its case beyond a reasonable doubt means, at the very least, that the government itself should not, by any failure to disclose relevant evidence, prevent the defendant from producing evidence which might create the reasonable doubt. Our standards of fair play in Federal criminal proceedings require that the government should present its evidence in its true colors and that it should never be a party to withholding any evidence which materially bears on the credibility of a witness it places on stand."

The portions of the new-trial motion dealing with Hirschfeld and Mrs. Beker resulted from concern over the case and intervention by two eminent university professors who had been wartime OSS officials. They are H. Stuart Hughes, professor of history at Harvard, and Dr. Herbert Marcuse, professor of politics and philosophy at Brandeis.

PRESS ACCOUNT: Both had read the N.Y. Times accounts of the trial testi-

EPHRAIM LONDON JOINS THE DEFENSE FOR DR. SOBLEN There was old evidence concealed, new evidence revealed

mony given by Mrs. Beker that Hirschfeld had given her secret information from the OSS. Summing up Mrs. Beker's testimony the **Times** reported:

"'He said that he gained knowledge that the U.S. Government was working on some important military program and that this would affect the end of the war considerably,' Mrs. Beker testified. Later, she continued, he emphasized 'progress in this secret project'."

"Government spokesmen," the Times story added, "declined to identify Dr. Hirschfeld further."

Outside the court Hughes said he and Marcuse had talked about the case at great length after reading what they knew to be false references to the OSS and the two German emigres, the late Horst Baerensprung and Hirschfeld. After listening to their discussions, Mrs. Marcuse finally said: "If you feel so strongly about this, why don't you do something." As a result, both professors wrote to Judge Herlands.

MARCUSE LETTERS: Marcuse, 63-yearold German-born author of the books Eres and Civilization, Reason and Revolution, Soviet Marxism: A Critical Analysis, and a former official of the Intelligence Research Section of the State Department, began his letter: "My conscience compels me to sub-

"My conscience compels me to submit to Your Honor the following information."

Marcuse said he gathered from the Times' story that the connection between Dr. Soblen and the two German refugees was an important fact at the trial. For that reason, said Marcuse, he wanted to state that he had personally known both men as prominent Social Democrats, and knew both to be intensely anticommunist. Marcuse wrote that he had known Hirschfeld when he had held an important position in the government of the Weimar Republic, and knew that at the present he occupied a responsible post in the government of West Germany.

Moreover, Marcuse wrote, he knew from his own wartime experiences in the OSS that the biographical data section, where Hirschfeld was a part-time consultant, "had no clearance for confidential material."

FAMILY OF LAWYERS: Hughes, who had been a lieutenant-colonel in the OSS during World War II, wrote to the judge "as a citizen much concerned over the case of Robert Soblen."

"While I am not a lawyer myself," he wrote, "I grew up in a family of lawyers (my grandfather was Chief Justice whose responsible employees knew no secrets that would be of value to the enemy. For example, even in my own responsible position, I knew nothing of the development of new weapons."

Hughes) and as a professor of history, I

am deeply interested in matters of jus

Hughes offered these additional com-

ments about the wartime operation of

"It was not brought out at the trial

perhaps more than one-half of

in any way that the OSS was a very large and very miscellaneous organiza-

Stating that Hirschfeld and the late Baerensprung "were not in a highly confidential branch of the organization,"

tice and human rights.'

the OSS:

tion.

Hughes said that, so far as he could gather, the prosecution had failed to present two essential pieces of information:

(1) No one in the OSS who had worked directly with Baerensprung or Hirschfeld had been called to testify as to the nature of their work as consultants in the biographical data section of the OSS. Hughes noted that the only testimony on this point, that given by Otto Charles Doering Jr., wartime assistant director of OSS, who had briefly described, in general terms, the "classified" nature of the OSS's wartime work, "was so general as to be very misleading and . . . clearly implied that all OSS officers possessed important secret information."

(2) Apparently no effort had been made to obtain testimony from Hirschfeld himself, which puzzled Hughes since, as a prominent public figure of West Germany and an associate of Mayor Willy Brandt of West Berlin, there ought not to have been any trouble locating him.

**INFORMATION LATE:** Since the case went to the jury a few days after Mrs. Beker completed her testimony, the information volunteered by the two professors did not reach the court until the trial had been concluded. Hence, even though the information was referred to in court on August 7, when Dr. Soblen was sentenced, Judge Herlands, in sentencing Soblen to life in prison, said he could not take it into account in imposing sentence.

Ten days later, on August 17, Marcuse forwarded to Dr. Soblen's attorneys a communication that had come into his possession as a result of his name having been mentioned in newspaper accounts of the sentencing proceedings.

Addressed "To the Government of the United States of America," it was a copy of an affidavit which had been delivered to the U.S. Mission to Berlin in 1958, sworn to and executed by Dr. Hans E. Hirschfeld.

GERMAN INTERVIEW: The story told by Hirschfeld—no part of which had ever been hinted to the defense before was this:

In October, 1957, a colleague told him that two American journalists wished to meet him and discuss "various groups and individuals in America—German political immigrants in France and the U.S." Hirschfeld consented to the interview and in his affidavit described the circumstances under which he discovered that he himself was a suspect:

"Finally, it was asked whether my friends and I have ever worked for Soviet authorities while we were in New York, or whether we have provided them with material. I promptly denied this ...

As a result of my questions, it turned out that the gentlemen were FBI officials."

Hirschfeld's communication said he subsequently learned that the accusations stemmed from Mrs. Beker, who "claimed having met me regularly in New York and having received material from me."

Hirschféld said that he learned in 1958 through friends in the U.S. that several German emigre wartime residents in New York had been accused of working for Russian agents, but that "with the exception of myself, all the persons mentioned are now deceased."

CONFRONTATION: Several months after his initial interview with the FBI agents, Hirschfeld said: "... this female has been taken from the United States to Germany and I have been confronted with her. I stated immediately that I had never before either seen nor met this female. A few questions which I asked her she answered incorrectly ..." Hirschfeld said the seriousness of the

Hirschfeld said the seriousness of the accusations made him extremely excited, but the FBI officials told him to forget the whole thing. Hirschfeld said he had no such intention. His affidavit closed with the demand that the U.S. State Department give him "the opportunity of clearing up this whole matter as soon as possible."

A second communication from Hirschfeld written on July 14, 1961, said that in October, 1959, two members of the U.S. Justice Department, a "Mr. Victor Woerheide and a Mr. Frank," came to Germany and interviewed him every day for several weeks. These interviews were summed up in and culminated by the preparation of a 50-page record. Hirschfeld was asked whether he would be willing to come to the U.S. and repeat in sworn testimony what he had told the Justice Department officials. He agreed to this and in February, 1960, came to the U.S. for this purpose. Of this he wrote:

"I was brought in contact with the FBI and the District Attorney people. Three FBI agents grilled me three weeks —showing me pictures of people; asking innumerable questions about the people I know, had known or had met. etc. I was again confronted with this female, who stuck to her story and implored me like a missionary to confess my sins and to return to the right road. Finally I was asked to testify and to be cross-examined under oath before a jury. This was done on two occasions in February, 1960, in New York City."

**'UNHAPPY AFFAIR':** Hirschfeld found it disturbing that a year and a half later, at the Soblen trial, "Mrs. Beker's invented tale has been told without any mention of the fact that I delivered testimony under oath to the contrary."

His main reason for writing, Hirschfeld said, was to see what might be done "in this unhappy affair of spy and witch hunting. I don't know why this female or others picked my name—I only know I never did do what she claimed and claimed. I have never met her before."

The information contained in Hirschfeld's communications and the two professors' letters provided the factual basis for this phase of the defense new-trial motion. To this was added sworn affidavits from Soblen's trial lawyers, Joseph Brill and Jacob W. Friedman, his appeal lawyer London, and from the defendant. All stated that:

The testimony of Mrs. Beker relating to Hirschfeld was the only evidence in the case touching upon national defense secrets.
 Prior to Mrs. Beker's appearance as

 Prior to Mrs. Beker's appearance as a government witness July 6 and 7 one week before the trial ended and eight months after the indictment against Dr. Soblen was handed down—the defense had never been given any intima-(Continued on Page 5)

THE TARGETS: SEX, CRIME AND 'COMMUNIST-PLOTS'

### The censors are riding again in Congress pages. The boys gave up cokes during their coke breaks. They rushed over to

**By Lawrence Emery** 

CONGRESSIONAL guardians of other people's morals are on a rampage. Two hearings concerned with limiting what the public might legally hear, see Two and read are in progress. Variety, trade journal of the entertainment industry, notes that "a new surge of pro-censorship advocacy is apparently shaping up in the U.S."

One of the hearings is being conducted by a Senate Juvenile Delinquency Sub-committee under chairmanship of Thomas J. Dodd (D-Conn.) and is attempting to show a direct causal relationship between violence and sex on TV and in the movies and youthful criminality. The other is under auspices of a Post ffice Subcommittee headed by Rep. Kathryn E. Granahan (D-Pa.) and is attempting to show that the distribution of obscene material in this country, including motion pictures from France and Italy, is part of an international communist plot to "undermine the moral fiber of the nation.'

SOME BILLS: While neither probe has captured many headlines yet, the renewed emphasis on repression has inspired a couple of bizarre bills in Congress. Rep. Harris McDowell (D-Del.) proposed to add this to the U.S. Criminal Code: "Whoever broadcasts, by means of radio communications, any matter a predomi-nant characteristic of which is the undue exploitation of crime, horror, or violence shall be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned not more than two years, or both." The same penalties would apply to anyone overplaying "sex" or uttering "ob-scene, indecent, or profane language" on the airwaves. The House passed a bill for the District of Columbia which would penalize anyone who published or offered for sale any printed material "devoted mainly to the publication of scandal, whoring, lechery, assignations, intrigues between men and women, and immoral conduct of persons." Under this even Romeo and Juliet might be banned.

The Senate recently adopted unanimously a bill drafted by Sen. Karl Mundt (R-S.D.) and co-sponsored by 23 other Senators creating a Commission on Noxi-ous and Obscene Materials, including TV programs and motion pictures. Variety has warned that it could be "the forerunner of a Federal censorship of the arts."

CONTRARY VIEW: Dodd during his public hearings announced his belief that crime and violence on TV and in the movies have a "contributing causal rela-tionship" to juvenile delinquency. But Donald E. J. MacNamara, dean of the New York Institute of Criminology and a professor at New York University and one of the country's leading authorities

in the field, wrote Dodd that "while many programs and scripts are admittedly not educational, elevating or even entertain-ing," there is no adequate research to indicate that such programs turn their viewers into criminals. He added:

"Should your committee accept as fact the testimony that crime, sex and vio-lence in moving pictures and television shows lead directly to the commission of immoral, delinquent, criminal acts by the but to introduce legislation deviewers. native signed to censor or control the content of programs and films. And should such legislation be enacted and enforced virtually impossible job), you would find in a few years that there would still be virtually the same amount, or even a little more, of the very same types of delin-quency and criminal acts which the legislation was designed to eliminate or re-duce."

LeRoy Collins, president of the Natl. Assn. of Broadcasters, told the Dodd sub committee that "the weight of sociological opinion does not justify a conclusion sup-porting a causal relationship" between TV crime and violence and "criminal ten-dencies." He added that in a democratic country "improvement of broadcasting is going to have to come through the re-sources and efforts of the broadcasting profession itself and not through govern-mental dictation."

INMATES QUOTED: But James V. Ben-



nett, director of the U.S. Bureau of Prisons, testified that exposure to TV violence "has a deleterious emotional impact on youth and creates the risk of delinquent behavior." He added that at two Federal youth institutions, about one-fourth of the inmates felt that such programs "were in some way responsible for their conflict with the law."

The Dodd hearings got so little atten-tion in the press that Variety wrote early in August: "Congress might as well be in August: "Congress might as well be investigating the weather as television programming... The Dodd hearings... which concerned sex, high adventure and violence in TV programming, can be written off as a dud. Call it, in fact, the Dodd dud. For a man who studied drama at Yale (and roomed with Van Heflin), Sen Thomas J. Dodd directed a (loneroo. Sen. Thomas J. Dodd directed a floperoo . . . The Senators did, however, add to the entertainment of teen-aged Senate

> offices in Radio City, New York. All of their work was done either at the N.Y. Public Library or from books brought to them from the library. She testified that neither she nor Dr.

Hirschfeld, nor anyone else in their of-fice ever received or had access to any kind of secret information.

the Dodd hearings to catch the screening

of some of the TV excerpts of what it is horrible for young people to watch."

In September the Dodd subcommittee went underground, as Variety put it, and has held closed-door secret hearings since. The journal speculated that it must

be "on the scent of some very incendiary matter" and wondered "just what exactly

could the subcommittee have latched

onto of such a hot nature?" No one will

THE PLOT: Rep. Granahan, whom Vari-ety calls "Capitol Hill's leading lady smuthunter," kept her subcommittee's

hot stuff in the open. She apparently got onto the Red plot angle of obscenity in

May, 1959, when Dr. Clyde Taylor, public affairs secretary for the Natl. Assn. of Evangelicals, testified that there were

signs that the communists might be dis-

tributing obscene literature in a deliberate effort "to morally sabotage American youth."

A year later she called as a witness

Charles H. Keating Jr. of Cincinnati, who heads an organization called Citizens for

Decent Literature. To prepare for his ap-pearance he sent an "urgent memoran-dum" to groups around the country asking

them to purchase obscene magazines at their local newsstands and send them to

him along with a covering letter that would "describe the depraved nature of

your community newsstands, i.e., how prevalent, where, etc." The memo ended:

"Think of the effect! Here's a great op-portunity! Don't let me down. ACT NOW!! PLEASE!! PLEASE!! PLEASE!!

You send the goods to me-and I'll tell the CONGRESS for you."

**'HORRIBLE' MOVIE:** By August Rep. Granahan indicated that her subcom-mittee this fall will investigate the im-portation of "lewd" and "filthy" films France and Italy destined for regular

theatrical exhibition in this country. She

concentrated on the film Les Liaisons Dangereuses for special condemnation: "One more horrible example in a long

line of four movies - Liaisons - may be

freed to work its insidious propaganda of

immorality on the American motion pic-

ture public. It is unfortunate—but not unexpected—that the country where this

thing (sic) was produced has lifted its export ban. Social, cultural and moral

standards there differ from ours; in fact,

this difference probably is one of the greatest impediments to the efforts of

statesmen to maintain a strong and uni-

Variety reported on Sept 6: "A staffer

fied front against international comm nism through NATO and other treaty

ties."

know till it surfaces again.

On cross-examination, both prosecutor and judge hammered away at the wit-ness, seeking to establish that, without her knowledge, Hirschfeld might have had access to the information in other OSS offices. Impossible, said Mrs. Hepp-ner. She came to the office in the morning with Hirschfeld, left with him in the evening, worked at his side all day long. "To my memory," she said, "he did not ever leave the office" except for a min-ute or so at a time to go to the lavatory.

SOCIAL DEMOCRATS: The second witness was Charlotte Stone, wife of Shepherd Stone, former assistant Sunday edi-tor of the N.Y. Times, aide to General John McCloy in Occupied Germany, and now a Ford Foundation official. Mrs. Stone, who was supervisor of records in the biographical data unit of OSS, re-called that both Hirschfeld and Baerensprung were Social Democrats of long-

"A girl in a sweater is going by . . . "

working on the upcoming investigation opined it wasn't beyond the bounds of credibility that the Kremlin could be masterminding an effort to undermine our moral structure via promotion of imports of dubious foreign pix. He emphasized this topic was not presently planned for actual hearings, but that the subcommittee investigators will seek evidence of any such subversive campaign when they go to New York this fall for a look at U.S. Customs operations there. SOME CONJECTURE: Two weeks later Variety commented "that students of the perennial pro-and-anti war over film censorship are wondering who may be behind Mrs. Granahan's latest campaign. It is doubted that she has the necessary personal knowledge of content to herself Italian product . . . At the moment it is impossible to assert how serious a threat is Mrs. Granahan's probe. It might well find plenty of echoing editorials and provide city councils with handy argu-ments for setting up hometown censor boards.

Variety also reported: "Travelers returning from abroad reported that filmmakers in France and Italy are genuinely shocked' by stories of an upcoming Con-'shocked' by stories of an upcoming Con-gressional probe to find a link between communism and the alleged 'low moral tone' of film imports. General opinion is that such a probe can only give ammu-nition to the communists by making U.S. lawmakers look foolish—especially when it's generally acknowledged that pix com-ing from communist countries usually are ing from communist countries usually are so highly moral-toned as to be down-right dull."

Even if Variety isn't convinced of the danger to our moral fiber which is agitating Rep. Granahan, we still have the 1959 testimony of Post Office Chief In-spector David Stephens: "Time after time in our investigations of armed rob-bery, extortion, embezzlement and forgery, we learn that those responsible for such crimes were early collectors of ob-scene pictures and films."

standing and intensely anti-Communist. She was positive neither man had access to secret information about weapons of anything else.

"They did not get any information at all," Mrs. Stone testfied. "They were there to give us information." She explained that the sole purpose of the unit was to prepare biographies of Germans who might help the Allied forces con-struct a democratic Germany in the postwar years. "They had absolutely no ac-cess to secret information," she said. While the biographical unit existed, from June, '43, to the end of the war in '45, no one in the unit received information of any kind about weapons, she said. As for other OSS units which may have handled secret work, no one in her unit had badges authorizing them to enter any other OSS office. They had to have special visitor's passes to visit the personnel office.

The new-trial argument ended with the testimony of the two women and Judge Herlands promised a decision within a week. An adverse decision on the new-trial motion would be appealed along with Di. Soblen's appeal from his e inviction.

#### The Soblen story (Continued from Page 4)

tion that she would testify to having re-ceived secret information or any other kind from Hirschfeld or anyone else in

the OSS. • The prosecution's failure to mention Hirschfeld in the indictment or to refer to him in any way in any of its many pre-trial press releases made it impossi-ble for him to be aware of the charg-es to be made against him at the trial and to act to clear his own name.

• The prosecution's refusal to identify Hirschfeld in any way during the trial and its concealment of his whereabouts precluded the possibility of the defense's getting in touch with him and calling Despite the instructions of the court

directing the prosecution to turn over to the defense all of Mrs. Beker's pre-trial statements to the FBI relating to the case, no information relating to Hirsch-feld's denials was furnished to the defendant by the government.

U.S. DENIAL: At the hearing at the new-trial plea, the government lawyers said

papers given to the defense during the trial contained three separate references to Hirschfeld and his denial of Mrs. Beker's accusations.

When shown three different photostats containing references to Hirsch-feld in Mrs. Beker's pre-trial FBI statements, attorney Friedman said: "This is exactly what we were looking for in reading through Mrs. Beker's pre-trial state-ments." Although he conceded that such a reference might have conceivably escaped his notice once, Friedman, a prac-ticing lawyer for 36 years, asserted that he could hardly have missed such vital information in three different places had it been given to him by the prosecution as directed by the court.

NEW WITNESSES: On Oct. 19, at the final legal arguments on the motion, the defense got permission to take brief testimony from two witnesses with whom it been put in touch for the first time the day before.

The first, Mrs. Caroline Carry Hepp-ner, testified that during World War II she had worked side by side with Dr. Hirschfeld as his assistant throughout the entire time he worked in the OSS

#### THE SOVIET DRAFT PROGRAM

# Zilliacus on democracy--East and West concepts

This article by British Labor M. P. Konni Zilliacus, who recently interviewed Soviet Premier Khrushchev (Guardian, Oct. 23), examines some aspects of the Draft Program at the Soviet Communist Party's 22d Congress. Zilliacus discusses the Soviet view of how socialism will spread and, in particular, the differing Western and Soviet concepts of democracy. Guardian readers are invited to comment by letter on the opinions expressed by Zilliacus.

#### By Konni Zilliacus

LONDON THE DRAFT PROGRAM of the Soviet Communist Party, after setting forth a 20-year blueprint of social and eco-nomic progress, asserts that "the fight for democracy is an integral part of the fight for socialism." The program de-votes a good deal of attention to the "withering away of the state" and its re-placement by "organs of social self-government." voluntary cooperation, etc. It also speaks of more autonomy for Soviet republics and making a reality of discussion and free choice within the Communist Party by, among other things, cutting down the re-eligibility of its leaders and officials at every level. The same system is to be applied to organs of government.

In the Soviet Union's view, its successes and system will appeal so strongly to the peoples of the rest of the world—begin-ning with the Afro-Asians and Latin Americans and going on to the Western industrial democracies — that they will turn to Communism as the way to overbackwardness and to realize social aims of modern communities.

THE HIGH ROAD: "The experience of the Soviet Union has shown," the pro-gram says, "that the peoples can attain socialism only through social revolution and establishing the dictatorship of the proletariat...: The high road to social-ism has been built. Many peoples will pass along that road. Sooner or later all peoples will take that road."

Because of this conviction that Soviet experience has universal validity and indicates the only road to socialism—a be-lief that goes against not only what Marx said, but also against Lenin's views before the Revolution and the findings of the 20th Congress in 1956—the influence of the 20-Year Program will be indirect rather than direct. For this belief that Soviet and other communist experience indicates the only road to socialism is based on an analysis of modern capitalism and imperialism which, although it contains much incidental truth, is a onecont sided simplification, if not actual caricature and distortion, of the world in which we live.

As long ago as 1956 in a talk with Premier Khrushchev, I got the clear imsion that he regarded the "neutral-of Afro-Asian nations as merely a sion first stage, a kind of infant school after their liberation from colonialism, and thought they were bound sooner or later to find their way to communism. Experi-ence has not justified this view. Except where these nations have been driven to communism by American intervention, as In the case of Vietnam and Korea (and perhaps even China), they have preferred to stay uncommitted, to go in for more and more public ownership and planning in their economies, but to work out their own political institutions and social structures, borrowing from both East and West but going their own national ways.

TWO CONCEPTS: Nor can we Western socialists accept the cavalier dismissal of democratic socialism in the program, or regard the Soviet concepts of democracy, regard the Soviet cheepes of demoting up freedom of speech, etc., as measuring up to our concepts of these things. That is true, even of left-wing Marxist par-tles, such as the Italian Socialist Party headed by Signor Nenni, and is a fortiori, the case with the British Labor Party and for instance the Security Security Security Security and Security S for instance, the Scandinavian Social Democrats.

But these are matters which most peo-

ple, including Russians, are content to leave to the future to decide. It is ulti-mately up to the rulers of the Western world. As I have often said in the House of Commons, if they insist on leaving the Communists with the monopoly of ap-pealing to the three strongest collective passions in the modern world-the desire for national independence, for social jus-tice and for peace-and persist in treating a social challenge as a military threat trying to meet ideas by force, they will indeed hand most of the world over to communism. But they need not do so, and should indeed be stopped by their own peoples from going on with their socially hysterical and politically illiterate policies before it is too late, and we have to choose between diplomatic defeat or war, communism or extinction.

KEY CONDITION: The program is candid on the point:

"This program can be successfully fulfilled provided there is peace. Com-plications in the international situation and the resulting inevitable increase of defense expenditures can hold up the realization of our plans for raising the standards of living of the people ...

"The experience of the Soviet Union has shown that the basic, problem of our day is the problem of war and peace, and our greatest and most ur-gent duty is to prevent a nuclear war ever breaking out .

ever breaking out . . . "Whereas capitalism established its rule with fire and sword, socialism does not need wars to spread its ideals. Its superiority over the old order in or-ganizing society and the state, in econ-omics, in raising the standard of liv-ing and civilization — those are the weapons of socialism."

**PASSION FOR PEACE:** This reflects the vital interests of the state, in a literal sense, as understood by the Soviet leaders. It also reflects the passion of the people. I recently spent five weeks in the Soviet Union and, because I speak Russian, heard innumerable moving expressions of longing for peace and dread of war.

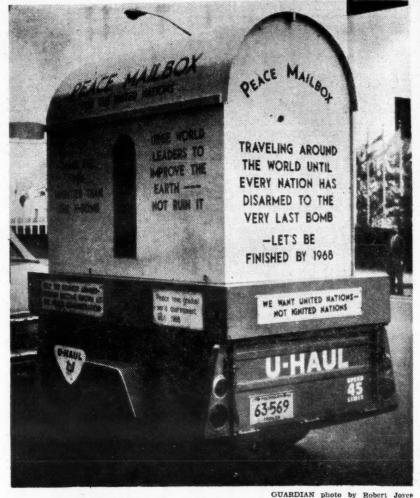
In his broadcast of June 15, Khrushchev observed:

"In my discussions with President Kennedy [in Vienna] it became plain that we had different concepts of the meaning of peaceful coexistence be-tween states. What the President meant amounted to saying that some kind of barrier should be erected against pop-ular movements tending to set up so-cial orders in their countries which were obnoxious to the rulers of the Western

obnoxious to the rulers of the Western world. "If we were to accept that position we should have to conclude agreements im-posing on us the duty to control other states, not to allow any changes in their social order, even if their peoples rose against that order. In short, if the peo-ple in any country wished to change their social and political regime, they would be forbidden to do so. "Naturally this is a completely false conception and we, of course, cannot agree with it. None has the right to op-pose the struggles of peoples to be free. All regimes based on exploitation and cannot last forever; and however cun-ningly these systems of exploitation and oppression may be constructed, the peooppression may be constructed, the peo-ple will in the end defeat their oppressors and fight their way to freedom. Change in social and political life, in the structure of society, is an inevitable process. It does not depend on agreesors i ments between statesmen.

**ANOTHER VIEW: Contrast this with the** remarks of Foreign Secretary Lord Home at the UN General Assembly:

"When one side advertises its inten-tion to destroy the way of life of the



by Robert Joyce Special Delivery to the governments of the world: Disarm!

Roy Jacobsen and a friend rigged a trailer as a "peace mailbox" in San Francisco and drove it to New York. En route they collected 4,438 letters for disarmament. With friends in New York and others he met across the country, Jacobsen hopes to form a national Peace Mailbox Assn. to draw up a disarmament plan and an inter-national code of ethics which will require neither side to change its social system. For information, write to Peace Mailbox, General Delivery, New York 1, N. Y.

other, then you cannot have true col-

other, then you cannot have true col-lective security . . . "The nations ought to be able to com-bine to keep the peace. Why have they failed? Because one-third of the world is dedicated to destroy the way of life of the other third, and because one-third of the world has elevated to the status of dogma the exploitation of civil strife as the means to an end. I did not invent that, Mr. President; it comes straight out of the published docu-ments of the 81 parties in the Moscow Declaration of last year. That is the ments of the 81 parties in the Moscow Declaration of last year. That is the threat to the West—the exploitation of civil strife wherever it is to be found, which is the advertised purpose of the Communist bloc." The declaration of the 81 communist parties last December in feat sold path.

parties last December in fact said noth-ing more than the program of the C.P.S.U., summarized and quoted in the foregoing. It was the West which tried to destroy the Russian Revolution by force of arms, and then encouraged Hitler to arm and attack for the same purpose. Lord Home as Chamberlain's Parliamentary Private Secretary at Bad Godesberg, when Chamberlain delivered Czechoslovakia to Hitler and the world to war as part of his iniquitous and imbecile policy, should out of prudence if not shame keep quiet on these matters.

FEAR AND HATE: There is not much sense left in the capitalist ruling class-only fear and hate and fanaticism, ready to risk atomic annihilation rather than accept the advance of socialism. But on March 6, 1946, when the last war was still so fresh that even rulers of the Western world genuinely wanted peace with the Soviet Union, that organ of the British Establishment, the London Times, condemned Winston Churchill for his speech at Fulton, Mo., the day before, in which he asserted that communism and Western democracy were "irreconcilable opposites, dividing or attempting to di-vide the world between them today." This, said the **Times**, was an assumption of despair which failed to recognize two important points:

"The first is that there are many forms of government intermediate be-

tween Western democracy and com-munism, and some of them may be bet-ter adapted at the present stage of their development to the requirements of Eastern Europe or of the Middle or Far of East

October 30, 1961

"The second is that while Western democracy and communism are in many respects opposite, they have much to learn from one another--commun-ism in the working of political institu-tions and in the establishment of indi-vidual rights, Western democracy in the development of economic and social

development of economic and social planning. "The ideological warfare between Western democracy and communism will not result in an out-and-out vic-tory for either side. The issue will be determined neither by clashes of eloquence nor by clashes of arms, but by the success of the great nations in dealing with the problems of social or-ganization which the war has left be-hind it."

PRESSURE URGED: That view is surely common sense and realism. Neither side seems prepared to take that line today. But if liberals and socialists in the West put enough pressure on their govern-ments to make them take it, there is every reason to believe that the Soviet de will respond. Peace is the ally of democracy and

freedom. The cold war is the fomenter and perpetuator of the evils of the police state everywhere. Peace will lead to more economic planning and public ownership in the West. But it will also liberalize and democratize the political superstruc-tures of the socialist states in the East. Last but not least, the cold war is bound to end sooner or later in nuclear war. Peaceful coexistence is essential to the survival of the human race.

#### All safe in Nebraska

LINCOLN, Neb., Oct. 10 (UPI)-Gov. Frank B. Morrison has signed a bill outlawing the Communist party in Nebraska. The law provides up to twenty years in prison for party members.

-From the New York Times, Oct. 11

NATIONAL GUARDIAN

# **1961 SHOPPING GUIDE**

**GUARDIAN BUYING SERVICE** is honored to announce that David Alfaro Sigueiros, world-famous Mexican artist, who has been imprisoned in Mexico City for the last 15 months, has prepared a holiday greeting card exclusively for readers of the NAcard exclusively for TIONAL GUARDIAN.

"PAZ," reproduced in black and white (right), is a magnificent oil painting show-ing peace striking like lightning out of the dark clouds of war, and a hand holding a single rose to the future. It has been re-produced by the GUARDIAN in all of its vivid, rich colors in a 5"x7", single-fold greeting card, on exquisite, heavy stock. The painting was done in Lecumberri Prison in Mexico City late in September shortly be-fore the artist, who has been jailed under Mexico's notorious "social dissolution law," and who is suffering from hepatitis and fail-"PAZ," reproduced in black and white

and who is suffering from hepatitis and failing sight, collapsed ...

The GUARDIAN is packing eight cards to a box, with white, vellum envelopes. The price is \$2 per box. T.hey will be sold only through GBS, and will be available for deli-very about November 20.

All friends of peace will want this magnificent greeting card.



PAZ, by David Alfaro Siqueiros, a color painting prepared for the GUARDIAN in Lecumberri Prison, Mexico City. color oil

# A MAIL ORDER SERVICE OFFERING CONSUMER TESTED MERCHANDISE GUARDIAN

### A Magnificent Holiday Gift — A Precision Soviet Wristwatch!

O F all the items GBS offers there is none we're prouder of than our Soviet watches. They're beautiful, sturdy and matchless timekeepers, and best of all we're able to bring them to you at a very low price. Our GBS watch repairman, who's had very little to do since we began handling them, declares they're the equivalent of watches selling in the \$75-\$100 range. All have jeweled movements, are waterproof, shockproof and anti-magnetic, and are guaranteed for a full year. Parts for all watches we handle are in the hands of our repair service, so there's no problem about repairs. We have adequate stocks of both the women's Slava and the men's Poljot stem-wind model, but only forty of the Poljot automatics are left, so if you intend to order an automatic you'd better do it now.



**B—Poljot Automatic—**A handsome self-winding model with 22-jewel movement in a stainless steel case, 1 7/16" in diameter. Luminous hands and hour markings, plus all characteristics above. .\$34.50

Plus 10% F.E.T. In N.Y.C., add 3% sales tax.



WOMEN'S SLAVA-A (shown in photo, above, slightly en-larged). Dust-proof, gold-plated case, with a 17-jewel movement and stainless steel back. Runs 34 hours on one winding. Comes without wristband vou can select \$24.95 own. GBS PRICE



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NOTE: Except where indicated all Guardian merchandise is shipped prepaid. Gift items are carefully packaged and ship-ped upon receipt of order.

#### Our Handsome 1962 **Engagement Calendar**

Engagement Calendar H ERE'S a thoughtful little gift-endar of museum masterpieces. 24 pages—two pages for each month —each page facing a handsome four-color reproduction of a great art work. Utrillo, Modigliani, Van Gogh, Matisse, Renoir, Dufy are all in here, with plenty of space to note your daily engagements. 534"x 8", with a glossy, chrome-coat cov-er that resists soil or fingerprints. Buy them to give to friends. \$1 each Six for \$5

#### Map of Africa!

Map of Africa: To keep up with events you need a map of modern Africa, show-ing the sixteen new nations ad-mitted to the U.N. in the past two years. Here's a full color, laminated 50"x33" up-to-date Hammond map, suitable for hanging or framing. Mailed in a sturdy mailing tube. Laws \$3 sturdy mailing tube. ...... Just \$3



For the last time (Above) **PERE NOEL**—Picasso's famous "Father Christmas" on heavy 5"x7" card stock in three col-ors, with Season's Greetings at the bottom. Eight cards and enve-50c

40 Cards (5 boxes)-\$2

### Cards by Siqueiros and Hidalgo! A GBS Exclusive from Mexico

GBS GREETING CARD COUP! Through our Mexico City Scout GBS has acquired 1,000 boxes of extraordinarily beautiful holiday cards by the noted Mexican ar-tist, Rangel Hidalgo, whose UNESCO cards were so popular a few years ago. Our new cards, distinctly Mexican in their highly stylized figures, are printed on medium weight, quality stock with a single fold, without a message inside, making them suitable for your own holiday greeting or for later use as note cards. All cards are  $4\frac{1}{2}$ " x 6" and come packed ten in a box (two of #509, three of #507, four of #508 and one of #501) with envelopes. Printed in Mexico in five colors, with a gold border, they are exquisitely tasteful. For ten cards of one kind only, add 25c for special collating and packaging. \$2 per box of ten.

1,000 boxes only-Order today! Bulk prices on all cards on request

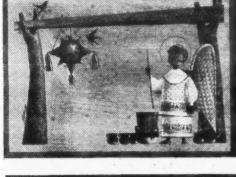
#509 x 6", a set printed 41/2' two to of 10, in five with border, blue colors, gold pale

#507 — 3 a set of same size above, on o blue bac ground wi

ground stars.

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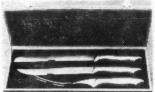


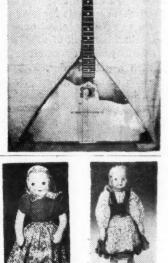
#### For the family that has everything... **A SAMOVAR?** A BALALAIKA?

You don't have to go without tea this winter when the power goes off in a windstorm. Just stoke up your samovar and the tea'll taste better than ever! Our GBS samovars are made in Tula, U.S.S.R., of heavy, nickel-plated brass, and come in both 5 and 7-litre capacities, with polished wood handles. Low GBS prices: 5 litres—\$45; 7 litres— \$55, PLUS SHIPPINC.



3-PIECE CARVING SET Smart mirror-finish stainless steel carving set, with contoured handles, and atractive wooden case. ......Just \$5.95

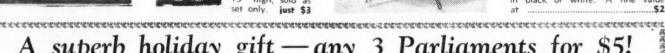




Believe it or not, but there's a big demand in the U.S. for genuine So-viet balalaikas. Ours are high-qual-

viet balalaikas. Ours are high-qual-ity, professional instruments of highly polished hard wood. Seven panels, three strings, with open-type nickel-plated peg box me-chanism. Canvas cover \$3 extra. CBS Price — \$40, plus shipping. (Send in your order and we'll bill you for shipping.)

POLISH SISTER DOLLS sold as high. 13"



A superb holiday gift — any 3 Parliaments for \$5!

**O** UR recent offer of Parliament records at 3 for \$5 was made to clear our shelves for holiday mer-chandise. But the response has been chandise. But the response has been so overwhelming that we've decided to continue it through the holidays. They make a fine and inexpensive gift. Note, in the last column, that six albums are two-record sets, and that when ordering one of them you may order only one other record order only one other record for \$5

PLP 101-DVORAK, SYMPHONY NO. 5 in E MINOR ("New World"), Czechoslovakian Philharonic Orchestra under Talich.

PLP 102 — KHATCHATURIAN, SUITE from the CAYNE BALLET, C.P.O. directed by Chalabala.

PLP 103 - RIMSKY-KORSAKOV. SCHEHERAZADE, C. P. O. under Chalabala.

PLP 104—MOZART: VIOLIN CON-CERTO IN D MAJOR #4, Jiri Novak, violinist, with Czech Philharmonic Orchestra, cond. by Talich. PLUS MOZART: CONCERTO FOR BAS-SOON AND ORCHESTRA, C.P.O. cond, by Ancert.

PLP 105 — BEETHOVEN, SYM PHONY NO. 6 ("Pastoral") C.P.O. under Karel Sejna.

PLP 106-MOUSSORGSKY-RAVEL: PICTURES AT AN EXHIBITION, C.P.O., Pedrotti, cond.

PLP 107-ROSSINI: OPERA OVER-TURES (Barber of Seville, Italiana in Algeri, Semiramide), C.P.O., Sejna, cond.

PLP 108—FAMOUS OVERTURES AND PRELUDES (William Tell, Car-men, Merry Wives of Windsor, etc.), Vienna Symphony and C.P.O. PLP 109—WAGNER: OVERTURES AND PRELUDES (Tristan, Paraifal, Rienzi, Tannhauser), Vienna State Orch., cond by Swarowsky.

PLP 110-DEBUSSY: LA MER, NOCTURNES 1 & 2; C.P.O., gand. by Desormiere.



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PLP 113 — TCHAIKOVSKY: Sym-phony No. 6 ("Pathetique"), C.P.O. under Talich. PLP 114—RAVEL: BOLERO AND RHAPSODIE ESPAGNOL, C.P.O., cond. by Desormiere and Silvestri. PLP 115 — RICHARD STRAUSS: ROSENKAVALIER WALTZES & TIL EULENSPIECEL: Vienna State Orch., Swarowsky, and C.P.O., Swa-rowsky.

rowsky. PLP 117—BEETHOVEN: "MOON-LIGHT" SONATA & APASSIONA-TA SONATA, by Rauch and Van-drovic, pianists, respectively. PLP 118 — DAVID OISTRAKH: PROCRAM of Prokofiev (Love For Three Oranges), Kodaly, Szyman-owksy, Bartok, Suk and Vladigerov. PLP 120 — TCHALKOVSKY, CON-

PLP 120-TCHAIKOVSKY: CON-CERTO NO. 1, with Sviatoslav Rich-ter and the C.P.O. under Ancerl.

PLP 122-PROKOFIEV-SYMPH-ONY No. 7. C.P.O., cond. by Ano-

PLP 124 — LISZT: CONCERTO PATHETIQUE & SPANISH RHAP-SODY, with the Hungarian State Symphony cond, by Vaszy & Lehel. PLP 125—THIS IS HUNGARY. A collection of authentic Folk Songs and Dances.

PLP 126—LISZT: LES PRELUDES Leipzig Cewandhaus Orch., Kon-witschny cond.; and TASSO, Prague Symphony Orch., cond. by Smetacek.

PLP 129 (``TFREO PLPS) —BEE-THOVEN: SYMPHONY NO. 3 Czech Philharmonic under Von

PLP 130 (\*STEREO PLPS)—RIM-SKY-KORSAKOV: SUITES FROM OPERAS LE COC D'OR & KITEZH; Prague Symphony, Smatcek, cond. PLP 131 (\*STEREO PLPS)—BER-LIOZ: SYMPHONY FANTASTIQUE; Czech Philharmy ic with Zecchi. Czech Philharmoric with Zecchi, cond.

PLP 132 (\*STEREO PLPS) - PROK-OFIEV: ROMEO AND JULIET SUITE; Czech Philharmonic under Ancei

PLP 134—CONCERTO NO. 2 in C MINOR, for Fianc and Orchestra, Rachmaninoff; the Leningrad Phil-harmonic Orch., Sanderling, cond. SVIATOSLAV RICHTER, pianist.

PLP 135°—HUNCARIAN RHAP-SODY NO. 2; HUNGARIAN FAN-TASIA FOR PIANO AND ORCH., Franz Liszt; and HUNGARIAN DANCES, Brahms; the Hungarian Radio Symphony under Lehel.

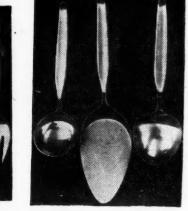
PLP 136-SYMPHONY NO. 5 IN C MINOR: Beethoven; the CPO under Ancerl.

PLP 137 — RUMANIAN RHAP-SODIES 1 & 2, Enesco; EL AMOR BRUJO (Ballet Suite); the CPO under Sylvestri and Meylan, resp.

PLP 139-DVORAK, CELLO CON-CERTO, Rostroprovitch with the Szech Philharmonic Orch. Talich,

PLP 145 — TCHAIKOVSKY: 1812 Overture; Mendelssohn, Midsummer Night's Dream Overture; BRAHMS, Tragic Overture; SMETANA: Bar-tered Bride Overture.

HANDEL: WATER MUSIC (com-Orch. TCHAIKOVSKY SYMPHONY No. 5 Lovro con Matacic, cond. Czech Phil. Orch. PLP 149



### Stainless Steel. Set from Holland!

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#### TWO-RECORD ALBUMS

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PLP 112-2 (Two-record set) TCHAIKOVSKY: SWAN LAKE (Complete); Skvor and Prague Na-tional Theater Orch. PLP

PLP 121-2 — (Two - record set) DVORAK: SLAVONIC DANCES (Complete); C.P.O., Talich cond. "... nobody has achieved the rap-port with this missic that Talich has."-New York Times.

PLP 127-2 (Two - record album) SHOSTAKOVITCH: SYMPHONY NO. 7 (The "Leningrad" Sympho-ny); A powerful performance of a monumental work, with the C.P.O. under Ancerl.

PLP 133\*---HEBRAIC CHANTS FOR THE HOLY DAYS: the Marcel Lo-rand Trio; a de luxe two record set.

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# **CAMERAS!**

HAVE YOU THOUGHT OF BUYING A CAMERA? Or, if you already have one, have you thought of disposing of it and buying one of the new automatic cameras that take all the guesswork out of picture shooting? And if the answer is still no, have you considered an inexpensive automatic camera as a gift for someone? GBS, after careful scrutiny of the market, has settled upon two major makes of cameras in two price ranges: under \$100, and \$300 up. By far our most popular models are the Fujicas, from the little Magic Eye 120 to the superb Model EE. Below are brief descriptions of each camera. Every one is uncondi-tionally endorsed by GBS. If you are interested, you should write for information and a price list right away.

information and a price list right away.

FUJICA

8 mm Motion Picture

Cameras

Cameras MODEL 8T3 — Electric-eye, with "Zoom viewfinder. Just center the needle in the viewfinder picture window and shoot. Three matched FUJINON f/1.9 lenses — normal, wide angle and telephoto—linked to the viewfinder so that you see ex-actly what you're shooting. Four speeds, rachet wind, single frame exposure, and many other features. A magnificent camera with a retail value of \$100.

MODEL SEE — Basically the same camera as the 8T3 except that it is fully automatic (and manual, if you prefer) and offers a three-bladed diaphragm (instead of the usual two) for extra picture sharp-ness. List—\$120.

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NIKON

NIKON "F" Reflex NIKON "F" AUTOMATIC RE-FLEX — 35 mm, 36 exp., 1"x1 1/2"; complete with inter-

1"x1 1/2"; complete with inter-changeable pentaprism eye-level finder; instant return automatic mirror and diaphragm; built-in depth of field preview control; ac-cepts diaphragm and shutter-coupled exposure meter (\$36.50 extra) with 50 mm f/2.0 Auto lens, \$329.50; with 58 mm f/1.4 Auto lens, \$375. ACCESSORIES: Case, lenses from 21 mm to 1000 mm, exposure meter, electric motor drive, flash equipment, filters, lens hoods and caps, copying equipment, etc. Write for full information on all NIKON MODEL SP. (Paneefinder-

NIKON MODEL SP (Rangefinder-coupled): 35 mm, 36 exp., 1"x1 1/2"; built-in Universal Viewfinder provides correct view-ing field for 28 mm, 35 mm, 50 mm, 85 mm, 105 mm, and 135

away. FUJICA 35SE — An exceptional camera, with light meter integrally coupled with a complete range of aperture - shutter speed combina-tions. Speeds up to 1/1000th of a second, plus bulb, automatic paral-lax correction, rear focusing, single-stroke film advance lever, brilliant viewfinder, flash synch, delayed ac-tion timer, rangefinder, etc. With 6-element FUJINON f/1.9 lens, a retail value of \$110; with 5-ele-ment f/2.8 lens, valued at \$90.



FUJICA 35EE AUTOMATIC—all the features of the SE above, but com-pletely automatic! Just focus and shoot—the light meter automatical-ly sets the lens for any light con-dition. Lists at \$120, write for GBS price list. dition. Li price list.



AUTOMATIC "35"—A fine camera for the young photographer or "Sunday shooter" who wants good pictures without having to become an expert. Fully automatic electric eye couroled to diaphragm at 1/40th and 1/250 of a second preset shut-ter speeds. FUIINON 38 mm f/3.4 lens. Takes all 35 mm bGw or color film from ASA 10 to 200. Flash synchronization built in. List price -\$39.95.

Magic Eye 120-\$19.95; write for data

RAMANES - CERTERANGARAKANANGEREN CETERATANGANGANGA mm lenses without accessory find-ers; focusing and framing for nor-mal and telephoto lenses with life-size (1 to 1) bright frame range-viewfinder with automatic parallax compensation; 13 shutter speeds from 1 to 1000, plus Time and Bulb, electronic flash at 1/60th, etc. Camera with 50 mm f/2.0 lens, \$329.50; with f/1.4 lens, \$375. etc. lens, \$375.

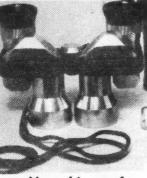


NIKKOREX NIKKOREX 35 mm Single Lens Reflex: 50 mm f/2.5 lens, built-in coupled light meter, with meter pointer visible in finder, automatic diaphragm and instant-return -mir-ror, single-stroke advance lever, shutter speeds to 1/500, plus TGB \$119.50

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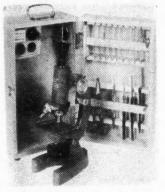
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#### A New, Superior 1200x Microscope

**1200x Microscope B-191**—An excellent, new 1200-power microscope is an ideal holi-day gift for child or parent. The new 191 is a 4-turret unit with 9 power adjustments (100-power, 2-3-4-5-6-7-8-1000 and 1200), 2 eye-pieces (10x and 15x), with mirror and illumination. Comes packed in hardwood box with 6-piece dis-secting kit and slides. A real value at \_\_\_\_\_\_\$18.95 \$18.95



HAMMOND 18" INFLATABLE SLOBE—Printed in 9 colors with clear vinyl finish. Shipped flat. At-tractive wrought iron stand adjust-able for wall mcunting or table top. Nearly 5' in circumference with clear type. (List \$16.50). PLUS 9½"x12½" 312-page World At-las (\$7.50 value) with gold-em-bossed, simulated leather cover. A \$24 Value Beth for \$16.50

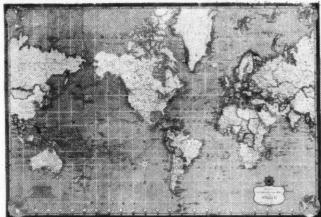


"Power" Mixer Closeout!

What better way to get the little ones to drink their chocolate milk or orange juice than by letting them whip it with their own power mixer? This has been one of our most pop-ular items—a battery driven mixer that can't hurt you even if you put your finger in the spokes. 9" over-all. It really works! (It's really a cocktail stirrer and mother can use it for eggs, gravies, etc., as well) it for eggs, gravies, etc. c., as well! JUST \$1.25



CLARENCE C



HAMMOND CLASSIC WORLD MAP—Largest ever printed on a single sheet, a full 52"x76". In full color with latitude and longitude lines in white. Time zones, mileage scale, etc. Shipped in tube for flat mounting or framing. Up-to-date, with all new nations \$7.50 ERECERCIES CAREACTERCE CAREACTERCE CAREACTERCE CAREACTERCE

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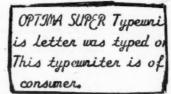
FROM LOW-PRICED AZTEC "600s" (illustrated) to the deluxe OPTIMA and AZTEC "800s". GBS carries a complete line of portable East German typewrit-ers. All machines carry five-year warranties on parts and service dealers are spread throughout the country. Feature for feature, dollar for dollar, we think these machines are far superior to other models in their price range -and GBS saves you as much as \$55 over retail prices (the AZTEC "800" is currently selling in New York stores for \$135). The AZTEC "600," "700" and "800" have key-set tabulation. 88-character keyboards with block type keys, finger-tip mar-sin set, touch control. half spac-ing, and many other features, such as spring steel keys which will not go out of line. All machines are available in a wide range of solid colors and two-color combinations.

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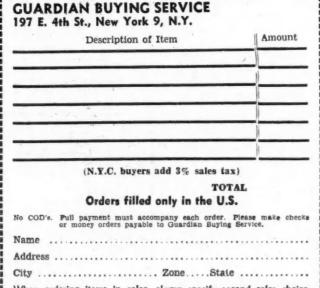
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2.

### BUREAUCRACY IS THREATENING THE HISTADRUT AND KIBBUTZIM

# Trends in Israel menace socialist tradition

#### By Kumar Goshal

THE STATE OF ISRAEL is an established fact today. To the Zionist, it is the fulfillment of the dream of a Jewish homeland. To the non-Zionist sympathizer, the establishment of the state is a logical outcome of the fact that Palestine was the only place where the Jews could go to escape persecution from the Nazis. Those Israelis who had hoped for binational Arab-Jewish state realize that the wheels cannot be turned back: they now work for equality and harmony between the Jews and Arabs in Israel and for friendly cooperation between Israel and its neighbors.

Increasing stability has contributed to Israel's growth, but has brought new prob lems. In the wake of industrialization and greater prosperity, an urban culture, careerism and the lure of desk jobs seem to be threatening the values cherished by the pioneers and still esteemed outside of the cities. Capitalist tendencies are encroaching, though the dominant Mapai Party pays lip service to democratic socialism. Now that the state is stronger, there is talk of dealing with hostile Arab neighbors from "a position of strength."

THE PIONEERS: All this is affecting the kibbutzim (collective settlements) and the Histadrut (Israeli labor federation), which most progressive Israelis regard as the twin pillars of socialism and democracy in Israel. Both organizations came into being long before the state of Israel was born. Both, in fact, were indispensa-ble to the fulfillment of the dream of a Jewish homeland.

Fifty years ago 12 young men and wom en went to the Jordan Valley and established the first kibbutz, Degania. Today there are 230 kibbutzim, with 85,000 people. About a third of these, with a third of the Kibbutz population, is affiliated



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- DETROIT—Sun., Nov. 26, Jewish Music Center, 14864 Schae-fer H'way. 7:30 p.m. WATCH THE GUARDIAN FOR OTHER DATES AND PLACES



**ISRAELI FARMERS ARE PROUD OF THEIR COOPERATIVE PRODUCT** But city life is a magnet for some of the youth

with Mapai. Another third, with a slightlarger population, is affiliated with the

left-socialist Mapam Party. The kibbutz was in the fullest sense a pioneering organization. It brought urbanized young Jews from the West close to the land, put intellectuals to working with their hands. It was and remains a voluntary effort by idealists to build from the ground up a Jewish homeland on the foundations of self-labor, cooperation, mutual aid, equality, democracy and social justice.

All labor in the kibbutzim is equal. No money circulates in the kibbutzim. Each member contributes his own skill and receives from the community what he needs. To free both parents for fruitful labor, children are taken care of by kibbutz members trained for the role. In some kibbutzim, in deference to the wishes of mothers, children live with thehir parents until the age of 3 or 4.

INDUSTRY, TOO: Registered as a co operative, the kibbutz buys and sells through a cooperative organization to which all kibbutzim belong. Agricultural at first, many today combine agriculture with industry, producing canned food, plastic goods, plywood, motor scooters, agricultural tools and machinery. Living conditions vary according to the

income of the kibbutz. Life in the new ones is still austere; but in the older ones it is comfortable enough. Mishmar Haemek, one of several kibbutzim I vis-ited, has lovely homes and apartments surrounded by lawns and flowers; efficient schools, an excellent library and an imaginatively designed outdoor theater with a small auditorium on one side and a larger one on the other.

Those who found the kibbutz life too restrictive organized the moshav, in which members of each family live together in their own home, own their own land, but buy farm equipment and market produce cooperatively. There are 322 moshavim with a population of about 100,000. Generally speaking, during the last decade older immigrants have formed moshavim, while young men and women have been more attracted by kibbutzim.

HISTADRUT ROLE: The Histadrut was founded in 1920, with 4,433 members. Today its activities involve 630,000 men and women who, together with their families, total 1,500,000 persons-70% of Is-rael's population. Before the state of Israel was established, it performed many of the functions of the state; today 75% of the ministers in the government are members of the Histadrut. Some of the ablest leaders of the Histadrut and its many enterprises are products of the kibbutzim

At present, the kibbutzim, the mosha-

vim and the Histadrut make a significant contribution to Israel's economy. They constitute 70% of Israel's agriculture, 22% of its industry, 85% of its motor transportation, 45% of its construction and public works. More than a fourth of those gainfully employed work in Histadrut projects. The Histadrut carries on overseas trade and has even contracted for projects in less-developed lands. After a lengthy struggle, led by the minority Mapam members, the Histadrut ranks have been opened to Arab

Complications however, have been developing lately for the kibbutzim and moshavim and the Histadrut, The glamor and comforts of city life have been attracting some young people away from the relatively Spartan life in the collectives and cooperatives. The kibbutzim and moshavim are having financial difficulties. Two-thirds of their investment needs are covered by Jewish Agency and government loans, and they are compelled to seek loans at interest rates as high as 25% annually. City schools no longer extoll the ideals of the kibbutz: students study for professional careers. The Administration is tending to relegate the kibbutzim, with their socialist principles, to a secondary position.

SHIFT IN WORK: Under Manai domination, an entrenched bureaucracy is threatening to stifle further initiative in the Histadrut, trying to halt the His-tadrut's expansion of cooperative econ-Many newcomers from Europe omy. including the socialist countries — are veering to the professions and services, leaving manual labor to the immigrants from Asia and Africa.

I discussed Israel's problems with many educators, progressive leaders in kib-butzim and the Histadrut, Mapam leaders, progressive Arab leaders and Dr. Moishe Sneh of the Maki (Communist) Party.

Mapam leaders said their kibbutz goal was to eliminate the gap between city and country life. This meant raising the kibbutz standard of living to include the cultural and social benefits available to city dwellers. Some kibbutzim, such as Mishmar Haemek, have reached this

The Mapam leaders expressed awareness that maintenance and spreading of the socialist ideals of the kibbutzim and the Histadrut called for an unceasing political struggle to achieve democracy and equal rights for Jews and Arabs at home and a policy of neutralism in the East-West conflict.

ARAB VIEWPOINT: Arab leader Abdul Aziz Zuabi, Deputy Mayor of Nazareth and a Mapam supporter, said equal rights

for the Israeli Arabs was the key to peace between Israel and its Arab neighbors. The "position of strength" policy, he said, was senseless because, although Israel was militarily stronger than its Arab neighbors today, the numerically superior Arabs were bound to grow stronger some day. A policy based on the theory that the Arabs would indefinitely remain feudal and divided was utterly irrational, he said.

Dr. Sneh expressed belief that negotia-Dr. Sneh expressed benef that negota-tions for peace with Israel's Arab neigh-bors would not be too long delayed. He said the policy of Premier David Ben-Gurion and his diehard followers was rapidly reaching a dead end. The Premier once pinned his hopes on British coop eration, but that adventure misfired. Dr. Sneh said. Since then, he said, Ben-Gurion has been cultivating France; but once peace with Algeria is achieved, Dr. Sneh added, France will seek the Arab market and lean toward the Arab countries. The U.S., he commented, has already shifted its emphasis from Israel to the Arabs. Thus the wheel is turning, Dr. Sneh said, leaving Ben-Gurion hardly any alternative to negotiations with the Arab countries, and a compromise on the Arab refugees—such as agreeing to allow a specified number, perhaps 100,000, to return to Israel.

THE COALITION: Of the two parties striving for a socialist Israel, the Com-munists increased their vote from 27,-374 in 1959 to 42,111 in last August's general election, and Mapam from 69,-468 to 75,654; but Mapai, despite its setback, garnered more than three times their combined votes. Mapam leaders concede that the four-party front they have formed to negotiate with Mapai for a coalition government is not based on ideological affinity; 'it is only a oneshot arrangement undertaken to guarantee minimum democratic rights and to restràin one-man rule under Mapai domination. The Communist party supports Mapam proposals in the parliament for ne same tactical purpose. Reuben Arzi, political secretary of Mathe

pam, told me he has been conferring with ich left socialists abroad as Italy's Pietro Nenni in an attempt to evolve a "third way to socialism" for Israel. This path, he said, would be Israel's own and would avoid both the anti-Sovietism of the right-wing socialists and any imitation of the Soviet or Chinese methods.

#### Negro museum will open in Chicago with art show

HE EBONY MUSEUM of Negro His-tory and Art, 3806 S. Michigan Ave., Chicago, will be inaugurated on Sunday, Oct. 29, with an exhibition of water colors showing the arts and crafts of Southern plantations from the Index of Amer Open house will be held can Design. from 1 to 6 p.m.

The permanent collection of the museum will house books by and about the American Negro, contemporary paintings, African art, historical relics, and audiovisual materials.

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#### ATTOMAL CHARDIN 12 NATIONAL GUARDIAN

### The French mess (Continued from Fage 1)

hundreds and thousands back to Algeria -will backfire in at least three direc-tions, and will benefit only the FLN.

• Nothing cements the unity of persecuted group as much as brutal and arbitrary measures of this kind. The reaction of an Algerian businessman, in-terviewed by a non-government radio station the day of the first demonstrations, was typical: "I have engaged in no po-litical activity in the past, but when I see what is happening tonight, I can-not but give my support to the FLN."

• The repatriated Algerians, who cannot all be kept locked up for long, are natural conscripts for the National Liberation Army.

• The 400,000 Algerians living and working in France support almost one-fourth of the population back home with their paychecks. All those who suffer financial hardship as a result of Paris ex-pulsion measures will almost automatically be brought into the FLN fold too.

DE GAULLE'S STRATEGY: President de Gaulle, ever since last summer's flare-up of OAS activities, has been credited with the tactic of playing the OAS (the Algeria ultras and the putschists) and the FLN against each other, seeking to impress on the FLN that in the event of a break with France, it would have to face the OAS killers alone. This plan, if it ever existed, has been outdistanced by the latest events. The FLN had al-ready privately stated it is not afraid of handling the OAS in Algeria. It has proved this week also that it is not afraid to face OAS counter-demonstrations in France. For the Algerian independence marches in Paris, if they continue, will soon provoke just such reactions in e, and bring the country as a whole closer to Algeria's pre-civil war fever.

Three years of de Gaulle's Machiavellian wait-and-let-stew tactics-tactics he has raised to a doubtful political art-have hemmed the peace negotiations into a vicious circle of violence which today rings Algeria. Even if, by a miracle, a peace treaty were to be signed tomor-row, it is hard to see how a bloody clash between the two communities can be avoided in Algeria. The question now is



FACES IN A POLICE VAN REFLECT FRANCE'S STATE OF HATRED AND TERROR The roundup of thousands of Moslems in Paris brought the French-Algerian situation to a critical stage

whether this clash will not spill over into France.

THE OAS: As the Paris administration continues to treat the OAS putschists with fatherly indulgence, as token ar-rests are followed by acquittals and token prison terms, OAS headquarters is busy preparing its next action. The reliable, unsensational Le Monde on Oct. 20 described the coming OAS putsch with too much detail for the story to be mere conjecture

The OAS, now that its primitive fascist elements such as Joseph Ortiz and Pierre Lagaillarde are immobilized in Franco Spain, is directed by the prudent politician Raoul Salan. To Salan, the new putsch, in order to succeed (according to Le Monde) must not aim at conquering France, an objective beyond its means, but content itself with taking Algiers and Oran, then proclaiming the "Algiers-Oran-French-Republic." It It would count on the support of the army and the local population, and the friend-ly neutrality of the draftees by promising peace through a de facto partition. The general idea then would be to get de Gaulle to acquiesce, or retire to Colom-bey-les-deux-Eglises. Apparently, a number of responsible political figures, even among the Socialist Party, have warmly encouraged the project.

The point raised by Le Monde is one this correspondent has often stressed in the GUARDIAN: Is the government "at last willing to rely more on what remains of the republican forces who are willing to defend the law of the Republic?'

DOMESTIC OPPOSITION: Internal discontent has penetrated most walks of life, from poorly paid workers and civil servants to over-taxed shop owners and underprivileged farmers. It finds a con-fused echo in Parliament.

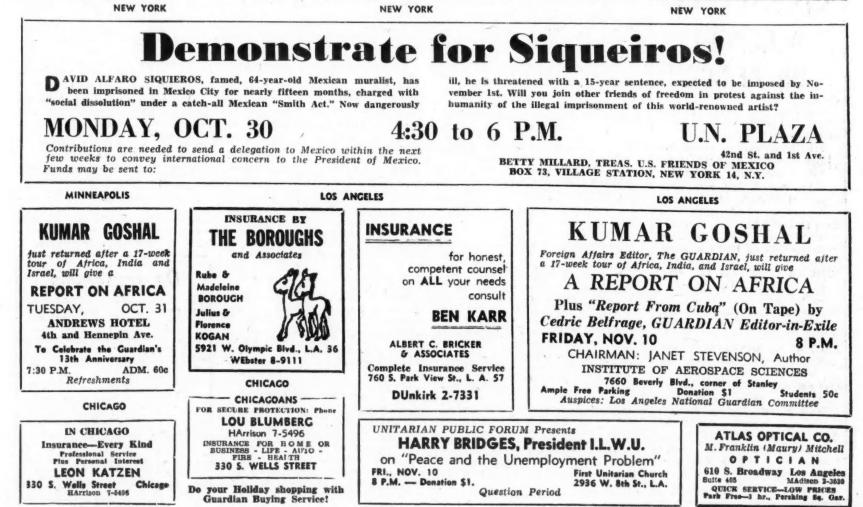
Parliamentary opposition has been growing and has shown increasing fits of bad humor since the summer: but at the first tests of strength, it dwindled to a few pious motions. The Chamber of Deputies, under the new Constitution it voted into existence by an overwhelming ma-jority a few years ago, has no power to translate its hostility into anything but ineffectual speeches and impotent votes. But in a series of party congresses in late September and October, the various left and center-left parties were sup-posed to unveil their true feelings and intentions.

If any one really hoped for a renewal of the parliamentary concept and prac-tice, he could only have been disappointed. The same old party machines turned the same old way, oiled with the same old empty phrases.

ON THE LEFT: As for the "regrouping ON THE LEFT: As for the "regrouping of the left," the day's slogan in all left-wing party headquarters, it is being paid the same sort of lip service as in pre-de Gaulle times. The Communist Party along with the small SP left-wing splinter PSU, of which Mendés-France is the spokesman—is the only one to propose left-wing unity without strings. Once again, the CP's numerical strength and the ardor of its militants play against it. The Radicals and MRP, and especially the SP (having forgotten nothing and learned nothing since 1958) will have nothing in common with the CP. At a recent SP-PSU discussion, SP leader Mollet declared he would link up with the CP "only if the ultras take power." Unity, if the SP leaders have their way, will come true again only in the concentration camps.

The only real hope for left-wing unity seems, once again, to be up to the rank and file.

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## BOOKS Of Matthews and Cuba

HERBERT L. MATTHEWS is one of modern journalism's embattled figures. A vetmost the New eran of 39 years on York Times, he served as a correspondent in Europe and Afri-ca, withstood the brickbats for his coverage of the war in Abyssinia (on the Italian side) and the Spanish Civil War (on the Loyalist side). He came back from the wars to become a member of the editorial board of the -which means he sits in Times on editorial page discussions and writes all editorials on Latin American affairs. He also does special assignment reporting on occasion in the Caribbean nations and in Latin America.

One of these special assigntook him into Cuba ments which he knows and loves; and a very special set of circumstances led him in February, 1957, to a secret rendezvous in the Sierra Maestra with a young revolutionary named Fidel Cas-tro, generally accepted as dead, came back to life and to who the world with a still-reverberating explosion when Matthews' interview with him was publish-ed in the **Times** on Feb. 25, 1957.

The interview set off shock waves also in the direction of the interviewer and it made Matthews, according to the Christian Science Monitor, "the most con-troversial figure to have come out of Cuba besides Fidel Cas-How this came about is the tro." tale Matthews tells in his seventh book, The Cuban Story."

HIS IS a curious book-dis-Τ jointed, defensive and ag-essive in turn, interspersed gressive with galloping quotes from the classics and with a once-over-lightly history of U. S. rela-tions with Latin America. Yet at the same time it con-tains some remarkable journalism, including the famous Cas-tro interview in full, pertinent comments on American exploitation of our good neighbors, some neat jabs at American diplo-mats and diplomacy, and a much-needed boot in the pants of American journalism.

This book says almost more about Herbert Matthews than it does about Fidel Castro; it might well be called "The Mat-thews Story," with a subtitle. 'My Life With the New York Times.

I would recommend this book if only to counter the spiteful review of it in Matthews' own paper, written by Charles Poore, whose major intellectual equipment seems to be a precocious sneer. But it has much more to recommend it. When Matthews records his talks and travels with Castro, the book is first-hand reporting at its best. There emerges a picture of Cuba and the Cuban people written with



Miller in the Des Mo world prestige is very high -and dry

love; there is sorrow for their torment and their torture, exasperation with some of their ways. and cheers for their aspirations. No question that Matthews admired Fidel and felt about him as a proud but worried father might feel about a brilliant, courageous, headstrong son.

When Matthews lets fly at our former ambassadors, sent, as Sir Henry Wotton put it a few hunyears ago, to lie abroad their commonwealth, he's dred

good reading. He calls former Ambassador Arthur Gardner a liar, and suggests that Ambas-sador Earl E. T. Smith was an untutored political payoff. (What he omits is that Smith is an in-timate of President Kennedy who had Kennedy's ear on Cuba What does that make Jack?)

BUT WHEN MATTHEWS rec-**B** ords his conclusions about Castro, based on second-hand reports from many of the same news sources he condemns, he emerges as something of a split personality. Castro, he says. personality. Castro, he never was a Communist--certainly not before 1960-and he doubts he is today. But he has moved so far into the Russian-Chinese orbit that he'll just have to be destroyed. It's our fault that he's that way, but it's his own fault too. But if he is destroyed, it won't make any difference because his impa Cuba, and on Latin America, is permanent. We have got to change our policies toward Cuba and Latin America or other Latin nations will follow Cuba. But we won't change.

The sensitive, humanistic, magnetic Fidel that Matthews knew in person becomes at a distance and in time a ruthless dictator (no proof). The "pleasant" Raul Castro becomes a red bully boy (who may not be red after all). And the ideals of the Revolution have been sacrificed for personal power (a conclusion which runs head on into Matthews' own picture of the remarkable benefits for the people produced by an incorruptible leadership).

If this sounds confusing, I am sorry, but that's the way it came out for me.

This is not to suggest that Matthews is dishonest. Far from it: his earnest attempt to put things down as he sees them is painfully apparent. And his ap-praisal of his colleagues on the coverage of Cuba is too sharp to lay him open to the charge of currying favor with them. He knows and says, as did Walter

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Millis before him, that "much of this so-called news was colcted in Havana bars and hotel lobbies." He says:

"We have been seeing an intricate mechanism of news coverage and editorial opinion operating to create and heighten tensions and antagonisms between Cuba and the United States and. at the same time, building up a hostile public opion.

U.S. press reports, he says. were completely lacking in understanding, and it is only understanding that gives the right to criticize: "American coverage was, instead, distorted, unfair, ill-informed and intensely emotional.

WAS THIS by directive? No. ways Matthews: "By reas-onable and practical standards we do have a free press, and it was not hostile to Cuba because it was paid or ordered to be." If this is so, then it goes to the heart of the matter. In a sea of journalistic conformity, Matthews' lonely figure is like beacon of understanding. But there is a further point of understanding for Matthews to achieve if his personality is to heal its own breach, and I believe it is this:

The tragedy of American journalism is that the journal-ists have done what they have done—and continue to do in Cu-ba and elsewhere — without di-rective. They have, with rare exceptions, adopted as a personal and professional code the premise that the Cold War Establishment is God, and therefore good, and that all opposition to it is anti-Christ. In this framework, journalistic integrity, of which Matthews speaks with intense feeling, becomes a mocking cliche.

-James Aronson

\*THE CUBAN STORY, by Her-bert L. Matthews. George Braziller, Inc., 215 Park Ave. South, N.Y. 3, N.Y. 318 pp. \$4.50.

BOOKS AND PUBLICATIONS

What next, America?

"Let's industrialize the entire world.

### Cuban publishers in exile object, but not objectively

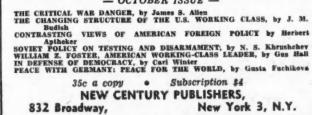
A T-THE FIRST ASSEMBLY in 11 years of the Inter-American Press Assn. in New York, six exiled Cuban publishers submitted a resolution criticizing Herbert L. Matthews. The resolution submit-ted Oct. 17, said Matthews "has been praising Fidel Castro with unbreakable persistence" and had just published a book in which he "reproduces and reiterates all the infamies that international co munism hurls against the Cuban newspapers for the purpose of jus-

tifying their seizure by the Red government." That morning the New York Times in an editorial suggested that IAPA had found itself "driven from journalism into politics as it did its best to bring about the downfall of the Castro Govern-ment . . ." The editorial presumably was written by Matthews.

On Oct. 18 Matthews addressed the assembly and criticized the IAPA for its "obsession" with Cuba. He said that he and the New York Times opposed Castro, but that neither he nor the Times was the issue. The real issue, he said, was "whether an individual has the right to hold and express in his writings ideas that differ from yours, whether a newspaper has the right to express editorially opin-ions that differ from a majority of the IAPA."

The exiled publishers' resolution was not acted upon. But the assembly unanimously indorsed a report by its Freedom of the Press Committee charging "a conspiracy directed by the government of Cuba to subvert and lead to the seizure of the press of the Americas by the Communists." The report was based on purported official Cu-ban documents brought to light in Buenos Aires. The day before the IAPA assembly indorsed the committee report, the Argentine government denounced the documents as fraudulent.

provide abundance to all peoples .... beyond the scale enjoyed by the richest ... 96 easy-to-read just returned after a 17-week tour of Africa, India and Israel, give a pages." - John T. McManus, Manager, NA-TIONAL GUARDIAN. SUMMIT PRESS, P. O. BOX 5047 **REPORT ON** San Francisco 1, California Please send me ..... copies of The Key to Peace and Plenty, by Elsa Peters Morse, at the discount price of \$1. I am en-NORTHSIDE — SATUR-DAY, Oct. 28, 8:30 p.m., 930 Maple Av., Evanston. closing \$ NAME ..... ADDRESS ..... SOCIALIST WORKERS POLITICAL AFFAIRS - OCTOBER ISSUE -MEDINA, P.R. Dir., 26th of July Movement WILLIAM A. PRICE, Coord., 1958 Ind.-Soc. Campaign JEAN RUBINSTEIN, Founding Mem-ber, Am. Labor Party And the Socialist Workers Mayoralty ticket



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### **U.S.** in Vietnam

(Continued from Page 1) standable if these men wanted to make an expedition to "liberate the South." But they don't. In late 1960 the Lao Dong Party (Workers Communist) of Vietnam passed a resolution on the mat-ter. This party includes both North and South, the northern delegates being reg-ularly elected, while the southern delegates are holdovers from elections before 1954, who came from the South but are now in the North.

The resolution, adopted unanimously, said the "liberation of South Vietnam" must be done by the people living there, while the task of North Vietnam was to build a sound economic base for the prosperity of the entire country, to share with the South when the South frees itself.

One of these Southerners said to me: "The North must not send armed aid to the South, for this would break the Geneva Agreement, by which we hold inter-national recognition of Vietnam as a unified, sovereign nation; and also be-cause it would widen war in Southeast Asia, which we must not do." He added: Southerners are good fighters. They can best Ngo without outside aid."

THE U.S. ROLE: "But it is hard," he said, that in all the years when we fought French imperialism, the decent people of France never knew about it, and now that we fight American imperialism, the decent Americans are not allowed to know.

The struggle against Ngo is conducted by the South Vietnam National Liberation Front, which has its own flag, publishing houses and many periodicals. The flag resembles that of North Vietnam with some difference; the North Vietnam flag has a gold star on a red field, while that of the Liberation Front has a gold star on a field horizontally divided, red above and blue below.

This flag flies over 32 "liberated areas" in South Vietnam, the greatest part of the countryside. It flies over mass meet-ings of 20,000 people in the Liberation Front. In the "liberated areas" the peasants elect their own governments, refuse to receive Ngo's appointees or to pay

taxes to Ngo. Ngo sends governors to provincial capitals and county chiefs to county towns: they remain in their posts only as long as they have plenty of armed support. The Liberation Press says that 90% to 96% of the villages have been "liberated" from Ngo, and that 10,000 civil servants and 50,000 of Ngo's troops have "come over to the people.'

LABOR CAMPS: In 1959 Ngo, with U.S. advisers, made a plan to break up the

"liberated areas" by armed force and deport the peasants to "resettlement areas," often placed near the many U.S. bases and strategic highways, to serve as labor power. These places were sur-rounded by barbed wire and guarded by rounded by barbed wire and guardee by troops. When the peasants fought the deportations, Ngo launched operations against large areas in which regular troops, commandos, artillery and planes were used, the U.S. supplying the planes,

went to the resettlement center May 21,

1961, to demand compensation for their land and buildings. Ngo's police fired on them, killing five and wounding 22. Then residents of 64 villages turned out in a mammoth demonstration demanding that Ngo resign and that the Americans get out of Vietnam.

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The first armed seizure by the peasants of a provincial capital was reported Sept. 26, 1961, by the Liberation Press, from which I quote. In Phuoc Vinh, 50 miles northeast of Saigon, the provincial governor, Major Nguyen, was a "notorious butcher" who not only made "raids" against villages but was credited with "more than 100 killings by his own hand."

Sept. 18, "the people's self-defense forces" entered the city and "annihilated" the 1,700 commandoes there. Those killed included the governor, the vice gov-ernor, and the security police chief. The peasants freed 33 persons. They took "all weapons and military equipment, includ-ing "several tons of U.S. ammunition." This, of course, is already war, a war

which Ngo and his American backers are losing. The British journal, the Econemist, May 7, 1961, said the Vietnamese peasants had so successfully fought the resettlement camps that the original plan of the U.S. advisers for 115 settle-ments had been cut to 85, of which only 42 were built. Of these 42, the peasants destroyed 28.

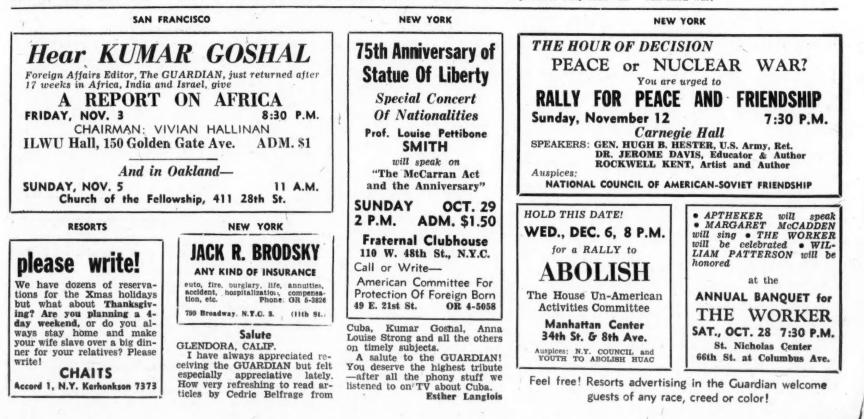
Walter Lippmann wrote in May, 1961: "Ngo still holds the cities, but has all but lost control of the countryside." He explained: "Our man is extremely unpopular, being both reactionary and corrupt."

SPECIAL PLAN: Despite this situation, Vice President Lyndon Johnson rushed to Saigon last May and agreed to increase military aid to Ngo almost without limit. Senator Henry Jackson (Dem-Wash.) declared May 14 that the U.S. "must pay whatever price is necessary to hold South Vietnam." A "special plan," said to have Vietnam." A "special plan," said to have been seen and approved by President Kennedy, involved almost doubling the armed forces, drafting all educated men between 25 and 35 for training as offic-ers. Newsweek revealed Aug. 14 that the Pentagon would send "some of its latest, meet mendarical weapone". Time measuring most wonderful weapons." Time magazine said Aug. 4 that "the Americans still said Aug. 4 that "the Americans still think the agrovilles a good idea and agree to finance the construction of 115 more of them in 1962." "Agrovilles" are resettlement camps fought by the peasants.

Meanwhile, under U.S. advice, Ngo's egime has started war provocations regime against North Vietnam by land, sea and air. Time, Aug. 4, boasted of the new U.S.-trained commandos being sent via Laos for guerrilla raids against North Vietnam villages. On Aug. 5 Hanoi officially protested to the International Control Commission in Saigon that 30 Ngo patrol boats were invading North Vietnam's wa-ters, stealing fishing boats. And on July 2, a U.S. mode South Will 2, a U.S.-made South Vietnam plane in-truded 250 miles into North Vietnam, where it was brought down. Captured documents and statements of survivors indicated the plane carried commandos and secret agents trained by the U.S. advisers for guerrilla war in North Vietnam, on a plan made by the U.S. Military ham, on a plan made by the U.S. Military Aid Group in Saigon. These are the "guerrilla tactics" for which the Ken-nedy regime has shown enthusiasm. So far Hanoi had made no armed retaliation.

This is the way America "lost" China. This is the way Harriman is losing Laos, and Kennedy is losing South Vietnam. Unless the American people fight such policies, they may find themselves in a full-sized war.

the bombs and the napalm. The Liberation Front says 2000 such operations were carried out by Ngo against rural areas in 1960. Two examples will show the peasants' reaction, A resettlement center was being built on a plateau in an area of national minorities. The land seized for it by Ngo forces had been distributed to local people years ago during the resistance to France; they had tilled it and erected buildings on it. Groups from five villages





GOVERNOR KILLED: In darkness early

### CALENDAR

#### CHICAGO

EUSSIAN MOVIES EVERY WEEK! Fri. & Sat., 8 p.m. Sun., 3 p.m. Russian Arts Club 2952 North Ave, Oct. 27-29: THE INSPECTOR GENERAL Nov. 3-5: CHILDHOOD OF MAXIM GORKY (remainder of autobiography Nov. 17-19 & Dec. 1-3).

BILL OF RIGHTS SUPPER-Sun., Nov. 12, 5:30 p.m. at 800 8. Halsted St.; Guest speakers: Anne Braden, Burton White, Calif. student leader. Sponsor: Chi. Com-mittee to Defend the Bill of Rights, Reservations \$250 per plate. Call: DE 2-7142 or write 188 W. Madison, Rm. 811, Chicago 2, Ill.

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ANNIVERSARY DINNER FRIDAY, NOV. 10

In New York

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Los Angeles Public Meeting on THE WORLD CONFLICT BETWEEN CAPITALISM & SOCIALISM 44 years after the Russian Revolution The New Khrushohev Program Speakers: Milton Aivin, Socialist Work-ers Party and Bennett Tangen, Young Socialist Alliance. Sat. Nov. 11, 8:15 pm. Forum Hall, 1702 E. 4 St. Phone; AN 9-4953. Auspices: Los Angeles Locals — Bocialist Workers Party, Young Socialist Alliance.

LONG BEACH

The Long Beach Current Events Forum presents: DB. MAX SCHOEN, D.D.S. "Voluntary Health Insurance" Fri., Nov. 3, 8:15 p.m. Machinists Hall, 728-D Elm Ave. Ed Diebler, Chairman.

NO. CALIFORNIA

MAUD RUSSELL Annual Speaking Tour Northern Calif. area Nov. 7th to Dec. 3rd. Write: Russell, care of Thompson, 363 Lester St., Oakland, Calif. Phone: GL 1-7745.

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#### PHILADELPHIA

SUN., OCT. 29-CUBAN FILMS April Invasion; Housing Revolution; July 26 Movement Commentators. 2 SHOW-INGS: 3 p.m. & 7:30 p.m. Don. \$1, Stu-dents 75c. Question Period. Militant La-bor Forum, 1303 W. Girard Av.

"WORLD PEACE AND CUBA" Dave Dellinger, editor of Liberation and author of "America's Last Plantation" Adeiphia Hotel, Fri., Oct. 27-8 p.m. 13 & Chestnut Sts. - Don. \$1. Spons.: FPCC, P.O. Box 7971, Fhil. 1, Fa. and

NEW YORK

75th ANNIVERSARY OF STATUE OF LIBERTY, Speciai Concert of National-ities, Sun., Oct. 29, 2 p.m., Fraternal Clubhouse, 110 W. 48 st. Participating: Lithuanian Singing Society, Ukrainian Leontovich Chorus, Dnipro Folk Dancers. Prof. Louise Petilbone Smith will speak on the McCarran Act and the 75th An-niversary of the Statue of Liberty. Spon-sor: Amer. Comm. Prot. of For. Born.

### HOLD THE DATE-DEC. 6 Rally to Abolish HUAC-See ad, Page 14

ELECTION RALLY-Hear the Socialist Workers Party candidates: Richard Gar-za for Mayor. Also guest speakers: Julia Medina, Jean Rubinstein, William A. Price. Fri., Oct. 27, 8:30 p.m. Rotel Al-bert, 11 Et. & Univ. Place. Cont. \$1.

DISARMAMENT--What is the Prospect? Speaker: IRVING BEININ. of the Con-ference of Greater N.X. Peace Groups. Tues., Oct. 31, 8 p.m., 67 2nd Av. (en-trance on E. 4 St.) Sponsor: E.P.I.C. Cont. 25c.

BURNING ISSUES FILM COMMITTEE presents JOHN HUSTON'S "Tressure of the Sierts Madre" with Humphrey Bog-art, Walter Huston, etc., written by B. Traven: Also: Pablo Picasco's "Guer-nica," narrated by Eva LeGallienne. Sun., Oct. 29, 7 p.m., at 67 2nd Ave. Cont. 75c.

McCARRAN ACT & DEMOCRACY Meaning of Attempt to Outlaw the Communist Party Hear: Benjamin J. Davis, Nat'l Sec'y of C.P. On: Sun., Nov. 5, at 8 p.m. At: Parkway Plaza, 1110 Eastern Park-way, Brookiyn Ausp: Crown Heights Forum Cont. 508

Listings in the Calendar and Classified section are available at 50c a line (five words) : min-imum charge \$2 per insertion. Copy deadline Monday before publication. Please send payment with copy. Address: Classified. National Guardian, 197 East 4th St., New York 9, N.Y.

VACATION IN ISRAEL Sun., Oct. 29, 8 p.m. Color film, travel tips, music, refreshments, 230 W. 16th Sc., Apt. 1-A. DA 8-6154, afternoons. Contribution \$1.

WORLD BOOKS SATURDAY FORUM Presents—Prof. Barrows Dunham, noted Philosopher, Author, Educator. Topic: THE ARTIST IN SOCIETY Sat., Oct. 28 2 p.m. at WORLD BOOKS, 747 Broadway (nr. 8 st.) students: 50c

METROPOLITAN FRAT. CLUB MEETS Frl., Nov. 3, 8:30 p.m. "GERMANY-1961"

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PUBLICATIONS

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### WATIONAL CUARDIAN 15



ULTRA CONSERVATIVE Rep. James B. Utt (R-Calif.) showed up at a Republican Women's Club meeting this month waving an Italian-made box he found in a San Diego gift store. The box was designed with an eagle beneath a pennant decorated with a star. "This," Utt said, "is a very clever way to advance the idea that the communist sickle is hovering over the American eagle." Noted art historian Erwin C. Christensen later pointed out that the design is a copy of one by John Bellamy, a 19th Century woodcarver who made designs for the U.S. Navy. He also showed that the Italian design was similar to one on the text book, A History of Free People. Utt finally backed down. "It may be a completely American design," he said, "but in the light of things, I thought it was propaganda."... At the opening of Clairol's new hair coloring research laboratory. Lawrence Gelb, chairman of the board, said: "In the not-too-distant future, it should be possible for a woman to change her hair color many times a day. She will be able to to change her hair color many times a day. She will be able to have it done as easily and effortlessly as changing into a new costume." . . Agencies we never knew we had: An obituary for Gerald F. P. Dooher said that he was "program executive in the Office of Private Cooperation of the United States Information Agency's Private Enterprise Division"

T. GOV. WARREN P. KNOWLES, who presides over the Wis-**L** consin Senate, noted these choice remarks at the last session: Sen. Norman Sussman: "The bankers' pockets are bulging with the sweat of the honest workingmen." Sen. Casimir Kendziorski: "This is a bill for accountants, figure-

- heads and whatnots." Sen. Gerald D. Lorge: "That was a blow between the belt."
- Sen. Richard J. Zaborski: "My constitutent wrote in an angry tone of voice, and she was justified."
  Sen. William F. Trinke: "This is enough to make your head stand
  - on end."
  - 'That's a horse of a different feather.

"That's a horse of a different feather." "I will defend anyone's right to agree with me." "I'm neither a man nor a mouse." "That's one of the best maiden speeches he's made all year." Sen. Raymond C. Bice: "When we get to that bridge, we'll jump." -Robert E. Light

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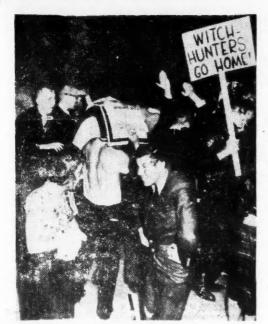
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FRANK DONNER'S INDICTMENT

### heUn-Americans even one bookseller has been in-

lenge.

OF THE UN-AMERICANSthe exhaustively document-ed denunciation of the House Committee on Un-American Activities by lawyer Frank Donner, former general counsel to the CIO—playwright - politico Gore Vidal (The Best Man, Visit to a Gore Small Planet) wrote for the N.Y. Herald Tribune syndicate:

". . . anyone who reads it will agree with Harry Truman that 'the most un-American thing in America is the House Un-Amer-ican Activities Committee'."

And in Donner's book (p. 244) Dr. John A. McKay, president of Princeton Theological Seminary and moderator of the Presbyterian Church in the U.S., calls HUAC "the 20th Century Amer-ican version of the 16th Century Spanish Inquisition."

Thanks to The Un-Americans. 60c paperback published this immer by Ballantine Books, Rummer 101 Fifth Ave., N.Y. 3, N.Y., a far vaster number of the U.S. citizenry than ever before have the material in print and in hand to judge the foregoing and other stern judgments of HUAC. Of a first printing of 153,000, only a few hundred copies remain in the hands of the publisher. This despite frenzied attacks by broadcaster Fulton Lewis Jr., Hearst's Jack Lotto and other HUAC proponents which resulted in cancellations from bookshops in Cincinnati, Columbus, Oklahoma City, Omaha and Washington, D.C. Of the Fulton Lewis attack the St. Louis Post-Dispatch said:

"By ignoring the subject matter and casting aspersions on individuals, he plays the nasty game of guilt by association. And it is a setback for freedom if

NEWSPAPER

timidated by such an oblique attack.

XAMINATION of HUAC's 2° <sup>2</sup> record since its founding under Martin Dies in 1938, by a lawyer of Donner's diligence, necessarily meant searching the record to the bottom of the heap -the biggest heap in the history of congressional committees: more than 50,000 pages of re-ports and immeasurable stacks of news reports concerning the people and activities investigated with HUAC's more than 5,000 subpenas, another record. Yet HUAC, which is supposed to have a legislative purpose for existence, has in its time produced less legislation than any oth-Congressional Committee. er And during its 16 years (since 1945) as a standing rather than temporary committee, the only legislative fruit of its work has been the Internal Security Act of 1950 and that was enacted as a Senate bill, the McCarran Act, the constitutionality of which is now approaching wholesale chal-

Thus the facts assembled by Donner make amply clear that HUAC's whole purpose from the start has been exposure and in-timidation, with assertion of legislative purpose simply a mask for these activities. What HUAC seeks to expose and intimidate appears in a compilation (p. 21) of its standards over the years. Included are social change, of course; racial equal-ity, planned economy, collectivpublic or communal ownism ership; and elsewhere it appears that you are un-American if you revising the King James favor

### information for any groups fighting for HUAC's abolition. —John T. McManus BOOKS UN-AMERICANS HATE IT! While reviewers hail THE UN-AMERICANS, AMERICANS, R-7 Walter, on the floor of Congress, called it "scurrilous... an outstanding forensic effort that will long remain un-matched in the left-wing catalogue of criminal that of bel dis credit Activities friends kr THE UN HUAC your page with First O. Box 355 Ohio I. Gojack. Col 16. for \$..... s 1 for 1 copy 5 for 7 copie

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version of the Bible.

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There was

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San Francis co demon-

**Un-American** 

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Activities

Committee.

ONNER by no means makes light of the Committee, although his writing style is tinged with wry humor (for exis ample, p. 246, of the HUAC stoolprofessional witness with a pigeon Joseph Kornfeder, memory sensitively attuned to the prosecutive needs of each particular case.") His 44 pages on the San Francisco hearings which produced the film Operation Abolition are must reading for any community faced with combating the film. Though Donner does not make the state-ment, his arraignment of the facts of the hearings make a prima facie case for the accusa-tion that HUAC staged the hearings and provoked the vio-lence which occurred as material for the ensuing film.

In his San Francisco coverage may be found, also, the full circumstances of the suicide of scientist William K. Sherwood on the eve of a Committee appearance, and the statement of his wife which the Committee refused to let her make, containing the poignant questions:

"Is it a crime for a young man in his 20's to dream of a bright new world? Must the children of our country leave their idealism in the cradle so that their future careers will not be blighted by the Un-American Activities Committee?

**T**OLD IN absorbing details also are stories of HUAC's attacks on the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee, ending in the imprisonment of Carl Braden and Frank Wilkinson for their Abolition activities and the contempt citation of ECLC chairman Harvey O'Connor for refusing to honor a HUAC sum-mons; its attack on religious freedom, on the Fund for the Republic for sponsoring a study of blacklisting and other of-fenses to HUAC standards, and the role of important elements in press, radio and TV in broad-casting HUAC's forays against liberals and progressives. Chap-ters 12 and 14 on the techniques and aims of HUAC's "exposure formula" contain especially vital information

the SPECTATOR-The Parondis in Milan

UCHINO VISCONTI'S film, Rocco and His Brothers, at the Pix and Beekman theaters in New York, is a conscious attempt to direct the naturalistic bent of the Italian neo-realists toward what the director believes to be a Marxist point of view. He has stated his position most explicitly in an article published in the January, 1961, issue of the British monthly Films and Filming. There he at-tributes his grasp of the problems of the south of Italy, the place of origin of the characters of **Rocco**, to the writings of the Marxist, Antonio Gramsci, who died in a Mussolini prison. He elaborates: "Gramsci not only convinced me of the acuteness of his historical and political analysis but also explained to me the character of Southern Italy as a great social rupture and as a market for a colonialist type of exploitation by the ruling classes of the North. I saw in the work of Gramsci, the founder of the Italian Communist Party, something that was not to be found in other studies of the South's The indication of a realistic, practical solution problems an alliance between the workers of the North and the peasants of the South, in order to break up the power of the agricultural and capi-talist bloc."

IEWERS OF VISCONTI'S FILM may find it hard to associate V this surprisingly "ideological" statement with the passionate doings within the Parondi family, which came to Milan because life had become insupportable in its Calabrian village. The Parondisi

**RENATO SALVATORI AND ADLAIN DELON AS BROTHERS** The country boys, in a train, gaped at Milan's lights

ebullient arrival in the big city: the mother Rosaria's quarrel with her prospective in-laws, compounded of maternal jealousy and what she considers a violation of the unwritten laws of hospitality; the quick adjustment to the welfare-housing solution of their homeless state; wonder and delight at snow; the matter-of-fact acceptance of unskilled labor as the peasant's lot—all such supporting elements of the plot are handled with cinematic brilliance, but also the care for salient detail of the European realist tradition. also with

However, the central situation-Simone's and Rocco's introduction to the boxing world, Simone's seduction by the prostitute Na-dia, and Nadia's growing love for the gentler Rocco-culminates in crimes which must be related to age-old regional sexual taboos if they are not to appear like the free-wheeling acts of brutality fash-ionable in the average commercial film. Simone's rape of Nadia in the presence of the helpless Rocco, followed by the beating of Rocco and the subsequent murder of Nadia, are not only results of Sim-one's corruption and deterioration. They are also grotesque attempts to apply the morals and taboos of another time and place to the environment of a modern metropolis.

**S** UCH AT LEAST is the judgment of a younger brother, Ciro, who faces the rage of Rosaria and his family's ostracism be-cause he will not defend the guilty Simone, despite his love for him. His break with the Southern peasant values follows straight upon a scene of mythic frenzy inspired by the discovery of Simone's plight. In the mother's eyes, it is as though Simone's blood were upon Ciro. That is why the reconciliation between Ciro and Rosaria, conveyed by the "messenger," his little brother Luca, carries such weight. It is no accident that Ciro, the only one of the brothers without illu-sions, should have become a factory worker in a large auto plant. Visconti's intention is clear: To show the impossibility of preserv-ing the old ways of life and to denote the class basis of Ciro's conscience. Only Ciro can tell Luca that the return to the beloved homeland in the South must be earned by mer's creating in its fields and villages the conditions of their happiness, and putting an end to the causes of their suffering.

If our attention is diverted from this meaning, the fault is Vis-conti's. While the choice of Katina Paxinou as Rosaria and Renato Salvatori as Simone is excellent casting, Annie Giradot's Nadia overemphasizes her transformation through her contact with Rocco; her playing is a trifle too sophisticated, as is the curious if intriguing scene in which, abandoned by Rocco, she runs from him in distraction, watched by tourists on the roof of the Milan cathedral. Most incongruous, though, is Alain Delon's Rocco, an over-sensitized performance which touches of Dostoevskian self-abnegation and psychological elements quite foreign to Visconti's expressed purpose. -Charles Humboldt

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