How the new year shapes up: The American economy · Labor The world scene . The UN

10 cents NATIONAL the progressive newsweekly



1955-year of decision? It may be for the people of America, and the world.

A STATEMENT FOR DISCUSSION BY PROGRESSIVES

A call for independent political action

THIS IS A CALL—now, as we enter 1955—for a national independent political party on the ballot in the 1956 Presidential elections.

It must be a party of peace, jobs and rights. It must be anti-imperialist, understanding of and friendly to world socialism and itself prepared to consider socialist solutions for our own

country's welfare.

It cannot await or expect mass break-aways from presently organized groups such as the labor movement or the Democratic Party for its impetus. the Democratic Party for its impetus. It must be undertaken now—by those who believe in its inevitability—with the purpose of participating at every level of political argument in the 1956 campaign, and continuing thereafter until its objectives become those of a winning majority of the people.

CAUCUS CALL: We propose that preparations start now for an open caucus of all people and groups so minded, to be held no later than Labor Day week of 1955, at some place central in the country for the greatest convenience of all, with a view to starting the fight for independent ballot status in every state in the Union. No state, regardless of legal barriers, should be given up without a full effort. States where ballot access is no problem must contribute forces and funds where the fight is the hardest.

The arguments for this are compelling: without candidates in the field at all possible levels, access to the poli-tical argument of 1956 can and will be denied on radio, television and in the general public forum. If this access is not obtained, the political argument of 1956 will be conducted between two camps of reaction, and the American

THE YEAR '55

Boom . . . and after? Victor Perlo forecasts.....p. 6

Unity for Labor? Lawrence Emery analyzes..p. 7

How will UN fare? Kumar Goshal observes ... p. 9

The 84th Congress How it will line up p. 5



A STITCH IN TIME?

left-of-center will have been effectively and perhaps finally silenced in the fight against fascism and war.

A PROVEN FAILURE: The proposition that anti-fascist forces can function effectively as non-ballot groups work-ing within the two-party system has fallen flat in the four years since this

stratagem has been employed.

• There is no mass peace movement in the U.S. despite all efforts at regrouping and new forms which have decimated the Progressive Party of 1943.

 Support of "liberals" for their aparent "anti-McCarthy" attitudes has ot won a single commitment in the not won a single commitment in the new Congress against the Smith and McCarran Acts. Instead, even efforts for amnesty for political victims and support for their families have now been declared "subversive" by a Brownell strengthened by the absence of even a scintilla of opposition in the Congress which must vote his appropriations. priations.

 Dozens of Congressmen and several Senators and governors were elected in the last campaign without Left opposition and in most cases with uncritical Left support. Many, such as Harriman in New York, owe their vic-tories directly and unmistakably to the anti-Republican swing of progressive voters; yet not a single voice of those so elected has been raised thus far against the re-Nazification of Germany

and the proposal to arm it with atomic weapons—surely the ghastliest turn of events imaginable in the wake of the world victory over fascism of less than ten years ago.

• If the concept of peaceful co-existence is before the American people existence is before the American people in any guise at all, it rests on the bipartisan condition that any movement by people anywhere to control their own destinies is on its face "Soviet aggression," and provocation enough for military intervention including atomic attack. This was implicit in Adlai Stevenson's beguiling "negotiation" proposal of 1953; as it is in Adm. Radford's latest threats against Adm. Radford's latest threats against the peoples of China and Korea. In our own hemisphere in the last two years intervention has been carried out against the peoples of British Guiana and Guatemala without a single voice of opposition in Congress or among the responsible leadership of the Democratic and Republican parties or the CIO or AFL.

SWEEPING IDEAS: Any concept of co-existence based on "containment" is a fake. The peoples of the world have taken tremendous strides in the past ten years—against colonialism and exploitation, toward self-determination and toward socialism. They will not be contained or set back.

Any enlightened view of peaceful co-existence, therefore, must be based on the comprehension that more acceptable ideas than capitalism are sweep-ing the world and in time coming our way—and must be met with full under-standing. It is not conceivable that in a peaceful competition, exploitation will a peaceful competition, exploitation will win out over economic equality. Hershel D. Meyer puts the proposition squarely in his recent book The Last Illusion:

"The world camp of socialism is offering shrinking world capitalism an orderly retreat—co-existence, peaceful competition, profitable trade relations, and the abolition of wars of aggression as an instrument of foreign policy."

BE PREPARED: Any less forthright view of peaceful co-existence lacks either integrity or full understanding of the course of the world. Hence a political party campaigning for peaceful co-existence must be prepared to understand the reality of socialism and further, not to rule out its application in confronting domestic economic prob-lems as well as world relations.

Obviously this basic view cannot be presented to the public through the Democratic Party (and certainly neek through the party of Dulles, Radford and Nixon) in the foreseeable future. Yet it must be presented and understood in the U.S. if the people of this country and the world are to have before them any workable alternative to fore them any workable alternative to the apocalypse of atomic ruin inherents in the policies of Dulles and Stevenson.

THE READERS SPEAK: The GUAR-DIAN has received many letters from readers all over the country on the future of progressive politics. Most of them are sharply critical of tendencies in the progressive movement toward realignment with the Democratic Party as presently constituted and directed; and critical as well of statements by progressive leadership apparently writing off the Progressive Party as a basis for third party revival for 1956.

We have not printed these letters,



although all have been carefully read and appreciated, because of our comviction that such controversy might generate more heat than light. Two of the letters we excerpt herewith, how-ever, because of their programmatic proposals.

One comes from Minnesota, where the Farmer-Labor movement—which rose to majority position in the state, electing Governors Floyd Olson **and** Elmer Benson and sending Far**mer**-Labor candidates to Congress—eventu-Labor candidates to Congress—eventu-ally coalesced with the Democratic Party and now is part of the anti-labor, anti-farmer Humphrey machine. The Progressive Party came into being in Minnesota in 1948 but has run no can-didates since 1952, when the late Marian Le Sueur ran for Senator on the Hallinan-Bass ticket.

THE ALTERNATIVES: The Minnesota letter argues ably that (1) the PP has nothing to gain by approaching the (Continued on Page 5)



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The jackboots

The jackboots

NEW YORK, N.Y.

Enclosed is part of a letter which I wrote to Secy, of State Dulles about his present rearming of Germany. It took me a few minutes. If all people would write a few words to some of our government officials, our wishes for a peaceful year in 1955 could be so in reality. Text of letter:

"I wish to register my disagreement with the present American attempt to rearm Germany.

"Just 10 years ago, on Christmas eve, the Germans kunnched an attack in Belgium. During the Battle of the Bulge my twin brother was killed. I spent that Christmas in the frozen woods of Belgium, I had a chance to see the Germans first hand. I saw their concentration camps and some of the survivors.

"The Germans had no principles for morals. Then, we considered such acts of, barbarism not human How can we trust them again.

"The Germans had no principles mor morals. Then, we considered such acts of barbarism not human. How can we trust them again with arms and possibly with nuclear weapons?" Bernard Saitzman

Happy to have it

HOLLISTER, IDAHO
I regret that due to the low prices paid to us farmers for beef eattle, poultry and eggs these days, I do not feel able to contribute anything at this time but am very happy to renew my subscription,

Alfred J. Riechers

The gangsters

17 Murray St.,

The gangsters
BROOKLYN, N.Y.
I admire you for your courage
in telling the present political
rulers of the U.S. that they believe in force and violence. I never
thought I would live to see so
many anti-labor laws in this country. And, to top it off, they arrest
people for thinking and believing
in socialism. Why do most of the
leaders of the trade union movement keep quiet? I am just a
rank and filer in the International
Brotherhood of Electrical Workers,
AFL, but I tell everyone I meet
what the gangsters do to the people. Not only the Democratic and

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CITY. ZONE, STATE

SENDER:

6-MONTH SUB —

How crazy can

you get dept.
(Sterdized semantics divn.)

DENVER—Mrs. Elsie Cora Allred won permission from Judge
David Brofman yesterday to
change her name to Allgood.
She told the court her surname
was "distasteful..., and gradnally becoming more so."

—N.Y. World-Telegram,
Nov. 19.

PAVETTE, Ida. (UP) — The School song of the Payette high school has been expurgated of the word "comrade." The student body voted almost unanimously Friday to cleanse the alma mater song of the offending word after they agreed it had become part of Communist mage and was therefore unfit for use by patriotic American youths. As a substitute, "colleagues" was selected.

— Oregon Journal, Dec. II.

One-year free sub to sender of each item published under this heading. Double - header winners: Lewis Thomas Flushing, N. Y.; Georgia Ward, Portland, Ore.

Republican parties are the cause of all the trouble; the phony labor leaders work both ends for the middle. That's why we have not a mational labor party.

What Jesus said

What Jesus said

NEW YORK, N. Y.

Your very good paper is sometimes—too often lately—too narrow in its outlook. Too many littile pieces only the "progressives"
could understand. Jesus said to
them: "It is not the healthy that
need a physician, but the sick,
I am here to summon sinners, not
the righteous."

Anway, happy New Year.

ne righteous."
Anyway, happy New Year.
A Reader

Maeterlinck in Tennessee

Maeterlinck in Tennessee
JONESBORO, TENN.
Maeterlinck says about insects:
"There is something about insects
that does not seem to belong to
the habits, the ethics, the psychology of our globe. One would be
inclined to say that the insect
comes from another planet, more
monstrous, more energetic, more
insene, more atroclous, more infernal than our own."

I wonder if those who are so
anxious to use the H-bomb haven't
caught up with the insects?

When I hear military men arguing the use of the newest mass murder wespons, I wonder desperately how long the people will go on following these "leadens" to destruction?

destruction?

Have we no more intelligence than the troop of processionary caterpillars Maeterlinck once placed on the rim of a large stone vase? They followed their "leader" too, until the circuit was closed; and "during an atrocious week, amidst cold, hunger and unspeakable wearinese, the unhappy troop went its tragic round, without rest, respite or mercy, pursued the pitiless circle until death overtook it."

In Carl Sandburg's The People, Yes, a little girl says, "Someday there will be a war, and nobody will go to it."

National irritant

National irritant

National irritant

SANTA BARBARA, CALIP.

Why is it unpatriotle to criticize our Government honestly? Every citizen has a right to be interested in what the Government is doing because capitalism accumulates unjustly. This monopolistic age has succeeded in irritating the American people. Moreover, the principle of legislation seems to be to protect anyone but the worker.

The Federal Government should control capitalism and create new conditions. Why in heaven's name should we, the people, get electric service, gas, telephone and transportation services from private utilities and pay dividends? The profit system is wrong and the cause of all our trouble.

He's relaxed anyway

He's relaxed anyway

He's relaxed anyway

NEW YORK, N. Y.

As an American citizen, I must
thank Cedric Belfrage for his exertions on behalf of our common
liberties. It must be a very great
temptation to him to relax and be
exported to a land where in many
ways those liberties may be enjoyed with less effort.

George Dilkes

George Dilkes



Most of our employes have joined the Union since we put up these confounded signs!"

Goethe the prophet

SYRACUSE, N.Y.
My own translation of a Goethe verse:

America, you are much better off
Than our poor continent.
You have no ruined castles,
No treasures to lament.
You are not troubled
In Life's pursuit
By useless remembrance
And fruitless disputes.
Use your present with blies
And when your children compose
Then may good fate preserve them
From warrior, robber and mystery
prose.

Rainer F. Meyerowitz

Rainer F. Meverowtiz

Speed that future

CHICAGO, ILL.

I wish I could say that I will bring about the release of every person who has been made a political prisoner and restore them to their children. It is what I would like to do and want to do.

But this letting of records for their to their children. It is what it would like to do and want to do. But this jailing of people for their beliefs and ideals continues every day; the courts of our land and the organs of government, are in the hands of people who believe in stiffing all opposition by jailing people who hold different beliefs from those in power. There must be a change of power in our country, so the courts and ether government organs cannot be used for the purpose of robbing people of their liberty and freedom.

Certainly our government and courts cannot continue to follow a policy of making political prisoners out of people for their beliefs and ideals without meeting with opposition from the people in the future.

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Subscribing is cheaper

BRONX, N. T.
Anybody who deem't read the
NATIONAL GUARDIAN should see
a psychiatrist. L. Herman



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JANUARY 10, 1955

"And they shall build houses, and inhabit them; and they shall plant vineyards, and eat the fruit of them. They shall not build, and another inhabit; they shall not plant, and another eut."-ISAIAH 65: 21-22.

Go thou and do likewise

YOU CAN'T BREAK INTO your local paper these days. We hear that often—even as we open the morning mail and find clippings from GUARDIAN readers who have broken in. This week we are reproducing a spiendid letter on the Beifrage Case by John Blawis which was printed in the Denver Post of Jan. 1, 1955. We suggest that you "do a Blawis" on your home-town paper today. The freedom-of-the-press issue involved here strikes dangerously close to home.

Deporting Belfrage

HE evil that men do lives after them. Mc-Carthy is a dead duck, and will not dis-figure the national scene very much longer. But the effects of his inquisition continue with us, not recognized, apparently, by professed opponents of the bad smell from Wisconsin.

A 13-line item in The Post, headed "Red's Deportation Set," says that the government has ordered the deportation of Cedric Belfrage, editor of the "National Guardian."

That is all; evidently in The Post's estimation, this wraps up and disposes of the matter. But if Belfrage is deported, it will be, in addition to a body blow at the freedom of the press in the United States, a signal personal victory for the Appleton anthropoid, and for the policy

with which he is identified by name.

McCarthy rode much higher than at present, on the day in 1953, when Belfrage defied his inquisition one day, and the following day was picked up and confined in Ellis Island. It was clear then that many officials in the executive departments were jumping when Joe gave the orders. That much has perhaps been corrected by now. But where is the vic-tory, when mccarthyism is carried on without McCarthy?

The Post, it seems, opposes not the principle, but only the man. Mccarthyism is OK, just so long as McCarthy is not now connected with it. Let Brownell do it.

DEFINE mccarthyism as a pretended anti-Communism, on false grounds, the true eet of which is not to oppose Communism at all, but to destroy by attrition the liberty of Americans, to force conformity on them and to make them the victims of despotism. Thus defined, the nature and the aim of

mecarthyism are seen to fit like a pair of eans the government's case for the deportation of Belfrage. They hope to deport Belfrage, not because they know or care if he is or was a Communist, but because he edits a paper which opposes what it sees as the government's drive for world domination. The liberty to do this is dangerous, they fear—and you must begin trimming somewhere.
It will be ironic if, when the garbage col-

lector named listory has deposited Joe on the dump, his "ism" is permitted this particular success, in which he can so truly claim to have made the first move. John Blowis.

And don't forget to send a copy of the letter to deferbert Brownell, Dept. of Justice, Washington, D. C.

THE ERA OF COLD WAR "COMPETITIVE CO-EXISTENCE" OPENS

U.S. capital looks abroad to maintain record profits

AFTER nearly ten years of localized wars and global-war preparations, the U.S. is entering what the Wall St. Journal (12/24) called "the competitive co-existence" phase of the cold war." John J. McCloy, Chase Natl. Bank chairman and leading Rockefeller spokesman, told the American Bankers Assn. Oct.

19 that we are

". at the end of one era and the start of a new one, an era when we shall not be preparing for active war but [will] . . keep up very heavy defense expenditures. . ."

The cold war's new phase is marked by headlines about new efforts to increase trade and investment abroad; new Marshall Plans for industrially under-developed countries; economic competition with the socialist world. The real significance of this phase can be understood only against a balance sheet of the cold-war decade, drawn up from the viewpoint of the handful of "economic royalists" (as President Roosevelt called them) who today dominate the economy and government.

BURSTING COFFERS: To these econ-

BURSTING COFFERS: To these economic royalists, private investment-at



"He's carrying the crystal ball for a gain, folks."

home and abroad-is "the key to the home and abroad—is "the key to the nation's destiny"; and as Treasury Secy. Humphrey told the World Bank (9/28), it "is not made for philanthropic reasons but! . . . for profit." World War II, with its then unprecedented profits, left U.S. economic royalists with an enormous accumulation of capital. Under the profit system their need was to invest—that is, use—it in such a way as to get themselves it in such a way as to get themselves the highest possible profit. This need was a key factor behind the cold war.

The great bulk of their amassed capital was invested in the huge miti-ary-expansion program (launched by stages as public opinion was prepared for it)—which cost taxpayers roughly \$200 billion over the cold-war decade. To economic royalists it assured not program are to the cold-war decade. only record-breaking profits (doubled military spending after intervention in Korea, for example, sent corporate profits up 61% between 1949 and 1951, but also a rising rate of profit. By 1950 the profit rate averaged 29% for all manufacturing corporations; it was 16.2% in 1944, 4% in 1939.

IMPORTED GRAVY: Compared with this domestic investment, largely pow-ered by the military program, overseas investment of about \$1.5 billion annu-

He should know

"The real danger that threatens the Western world is not a Russian invasion. The peril is of an economic and social nature. The question is whether we will follow a social policy capable of abolishing that condition of the masses which should already have been banished from our civilization."

Former Premier Edouard Dela-dier in the French Assembly debate on rearming W. Ger-many, Dea 232 1 1 10 1

1/10 of total investment. But the com-parison is no measure of its import-ance, since overseas investment plays a unique role in securing a maximum profit rate for the biggest corporations. For example:

• A third of this direct investment 1946-53 was made by five U.S. oil com-panies (3 Rockefeller, 1 Mellon, 1 Rockpanies (3 Rockefeller, 1 Mellon, 1 Rockefeller-Morgan-Chicago group). Profits on their operations abroad passed the billion-dollar mark in 1952, and today account for ½ of the U.S. oil industry's total earnings. In 1953 Standard Oil of N.J. made a 9.2% rate of profit on its U.S. operations; 26.3% on other Western Hemisphere, and 50.9% on Middle and Far East operations. and Far East operations.

• Since 1949 direct overseas investment in mining has trailed only oil in volume, totaling some \$2 billion by 1953—most of it made by a few giant metal corporations dominated by the Morgans and Rockefellers. In British Africa, where the U.S. investment is chiefly in mining, U.S. companies in 1952 made \$20 million profit on a total investment of \$66 million. This profit rate of almost of \$66 million. This profit rate of almost 331,3% is near the all-time peak domestic rate achieved for all corporations in 1950's 4th quarter.

Overall, perhaps a dozen corporations account for ²/₂ to ³/₄ of U.S. private direct investment overseas. A profit rate of, say, 36%—such as was

doubled, while their profits almost tripled; in W. Europe's dependencies— mainly the Middle East and Africa their investment increased three, prof-its four times. Altogether they increased U.S. direct investments abroad from \$7 billion to \$17 billion in 1953, and today to perhaps \$18½ billion. Yet the result was not all they would

have liked. Their capital has penetrated to every corner of the free world, but its concentration in Latin America and Canada has been growing; more than $\frac{2}{3}$ of the total is now located there. The WSJ (11/15) strongly complained about the "low rate of private investment abroad."

TAPERING OFF: A somewhat new situation today faces U.S. big business, shaped by two facts. First, the military program has expanded about as far as it can without risking military and a second of the second of th program has expanded about as far as it can without risking military explosion or costs which some of the top financial groups are now unwilling to pay—at a time when the strength of the socialist world has imposed a military stalemate. Second, the opportunities for highly profitable investment in the U.S. for the huge amounts of capital amassed from cold-war profits are beginning to dry up. are beginning to dry up.

The rate of profit is beginning to taper off. For all corporations it had, by 1954's 1st quarter, fallen from the 1950 peak back to not much above the 1944 level. One reason is that the 1950 top was achieved by the boom in war orders coupled with lack of controls, orders coupled with lack of controls, immediately following Korea, and could be created only by some big new war move. Another is the present stagnation of the consumer, as well as govern-



a Angeles Daily News "Had another of those nightmarish weekends, Boss. . . Lost my head again and squandered my whole week's earnings for groceries!"

sifying the classic measures by which it tries to offset the profit rate's tendency to offset the profit rate's tendency to fall; speedup, and mergers and acquisitions to insure a firmer base for profitability. Mergers tend to make more capital available for investment or speculation. Drying-up of highly profitable investment opportunities in the U.S. is reflected also in the past year's wave of stock-market speculation.

THE FATAL CONTRADICTON: This situation carries the portent of economic crisis, sooner or later (see Perlo. p. 6: It also compels the economic royalists to look more and more to overseas investment to maintain their

overseas investment to maintain their rate of profit. They have become accustomed to a very high rate in the post-war years; and in the nature of the economic laws under which they operate they will not compromise for the lower rate they could get, for example, from projects useful and needed by the nation.

Hence their increasing desire to Invest abroad, but only on their terms—which guarantee them the highest profits. Hence, too, the overthrow of governments (Iran, Guatemala, E. Pakistan, Egypt) to make way for others more friendly to U.S. capital investment on the royalists' terms. Their large ambitions were indicated by Business Week (10/31/53): a five-fold increase in private direct investment abroad in the next 20 years.

On a short-term basis they might—by using such methods as in Iran and Guatemals.

by using such methods as in Iran and Guatemala—find bigger markets for their capital in this or that part of the world. But their intensifying need to export capital comes at a time when, overall, the difficulties in the way of

overall, the difficulties in the way of doing so are increasing. In this basic contradiction lies one of the main reasons why U.S.—and with it W. European—capitalism can achieve no prolonged stabilization.

The post-war period of stabilization may be drawing to a close. This basic contradiction and its implications for Americans seeking an alternative to the cold war will be discussed in future articles.

1,500,000,000 hungry people

It is difficult to conceive what this extreme poverty, which grinds down the greater part of mankind, really means without observing it at first hand. Poverty inexorably condemns hundreds of millions in Africa, Asia, Latin America and the Near and Middle East to hunger and compels them to live in filthy hovels. Endemic diseases fasten upon such easy prey....

Hunger marches in the van of poverty — not merely occasional hunger due to some exceptional famine, but the daily endemic hunger experienced by more than 1,500 million human beings, more than two-thirds of the human race. The percentage of the world's population which is definitely undernourished has risen from 36.6% before the war to 59.5% today.... In certain of the least favored areas approximately five children in ten die before reaching adolescence....

—From UN report on setting up a fund for developing backward countries, Aug., 1954.

obtained on U.S. capital in Indonesia in 1953—reveals the lure of investment abroad where cheap labor, raw materi-als and land make for a higher rate than at home.

who AlDED whom? The drive to earn profits of this magnitude lay be-hind the foreign aid program (econ-omic and military) launched in 1946. omic and military) launched in 1946. It has cost taxpayers about \$50 billion. Loans to Britain and France, the Truman Doctrine, Marshall Plan, NATO, etc.—all were designed, among other things, to open W. Europe and its dependencies to U.S. capital. In this aim the program was quite successful for the economic royalists.

Between 1946 and 1953 their direct investment in W. Europe more than



Wall Street Journal How nice, Mr. Prescott! This month I can reach it without standing on a chair."

ment, markets, which has held the production level down.

THE SHORT & THE LONG: For the THE SHORT & THE LONG: For the biggest corporations the profit rate is now rising slightly; their huge recent investment in machinery has the short-term effect of raising it. But on a long-term basis this technological advance (in Nov. 1954 U.S. factories, for example, turned out the same amount of goods as in Nov. 1953 but for example, turned out the same amount of goods as in Nov. 1953 but with 850,000 fewer workers) is responsible for the profit rate's tendency to decline. (That is, profit is derived from living labor, so reduction in the amount of labor required to turn out any given product tends, other things being equal, to decrease the rate of profit.)

to depress the rate of profit.)

Products are, moreover, selling at more and more above their value, owing to the universal prevalence of monopoly prices, and tax laws are being manipulated; so actual realized profits are going up. Big business is also inten-

Anniversary record ready

THE NATIONAL GUARDIAN'S recording of its second annual dinner in New York is now ready for mailing. This year's record has an additional feature: highlights from the Guardian Angels Ball in Los Angeles.

It is a 3314 rpm LP recording with 45 minutes of the highlights of talks by the GUARDIAN's editor Cedric Belfrage, Dr. W. E. B. DuBois, Dr. Cortiss Lamont, Ring Lardner Jr. (one of the Hollywood Ten) and Gloria Agrin (one of Belfrage's attorneys in his deportation case). You will also hear the GUARDIAN's West Coast representative Tiba Willner and music by Doretta Morrow and Ernie Lieberman.

It is, in our opinion, better than last year's and makes a fine focal point for an evening of GUARDIAN friends in your community or for your personal pleasure. It puts into focus some of the sharpest issues of our times.

It's \$2 ppd. write: GUARDIAN RECORDS, 17 Murray St., N. Y.G., 7, 1N. Y.

Deportation finding analyzed: Why was Frank Scully ignored?

By Cedric Belfrage

Possibly the feature of these days which will seem most humiliating to a later and saner generation is the impossibility of offering anything but an abject apology for the offense of having held left-wing opinions 10 or 20 years ago.

—Alan Simpson discussing the Robert Oppenheimer "case," Bulletin of the Atomic Scientists, December, 1954.

N-ATOMICALLY-MINDED as I am, I accept the truth of Dr. Simpson's statement with these trifling amendments: deleting the words "anything but" ithe "im" from "impossibility." Holding left-wing opinions 10 or 20 years—whether or not the opinions were

and the "im" from "impossibility." Ho ago—whether or not the opinions were expressed through membership in a left-wing party—is not an offense if the Constitution has any meaning. Yet it is for this, and nothing else, that I have been found worthy of the order of the Washington boot.

I was "tried" in proceedings which are themselves as illegal as the McCarran and Walter-McCarran laws under which one "guilty" must be deported. The laws, vetoed as unconstitutional by President Truman, are ex-post-facto laws making punishable today thoughts and acts that were wholly innocent at the time, and substituting the opinions of appointed officials for due process as to what is "subversive." The proceedings, conducted by paid employes of the party of the first part, permit the government to fire loaded, incriminatory questions at me for two hours as a form of blackmail to make me a witness against myself; to refuse to identify its witnesses in advance, so that we must cross-examine them "cold"; to intronesses in advance, so that we must cross-examine them "cold"; to introduce fragments, while withholding other parts, of relevant government data; and gaily to deny due process in a dozen other ways.

THIS IS OBSCENITY: If a later and saner generation is not to experience total humiliation, then our duty is to expose these illegalities insofar as this expose these illegalities insofar as this case will help expose them. Our overriding consideration in fighting my deportation is that it is not merely ridiculous, but obscene, to make an "offense" of committing a perfectly legal act, even supposing that I committed it. But as long as these illegal laws are on the books, we must fight the government's "case" against me—which stands self-exposed as a monumental sham—on its own terms.

Basic elements of the "case" were provided by William Kimple, a police spy in the Los Angeles Communist Party, who identified 1937-38 CP membership books of one "George Oakden" and a receipt for one of them signed in a British style of handwriting; and by George Mesnig, FBI handwriting ex-

by George Mesnig, FBI handwriting expert who said the writing was mine.

Kimple claimed no knowledge of "Oakden" or of myelf. As for "Oakden's" British-style handwriting (there were at least several thousand Britons in the Los Appeles are in the Thirin the Los Angeles area in the Thirties), defense expert Elizabeth McCarthy pointed to so many differences between it and exhibits of my writing that she concluded "different people wrote them." Miss McCarthy has testified at an expert ever two decodes for wrote them." Miss McCartny has testified as an expert over two decades for scores of major government agencies, law firms and banks, and never before for the defense in a "communist" case; Mesnig's expertizing has been mainly for the FBI, entirely for government agencies "with one exception."

COMRADE BERKELEY: To testify directly about my activities 16-17 years ago, the government produced one Lars Skattebol, an AP rewrite man who speaks of seeing "Jews and/or Communists" on a picket-line but does "not know what a Fascist is"; and Martin Berkeley, a grade-B scenario writer now enjoying some limelight as a leg-Berkeley, a grade-B scenario writer now enjoying some limelight as a lecturer on the Red Menace for jingoistic clubs. A Communist from 1936 to 1943 or 1944, Berkeley was "named" by one Richard Collins in 1951; he at first "lied" repeatedly in denying his former comrade's charge, but later that year himself became an "informer" (an appellation he now says is "next to the Congressional Medal of Honor") on some 165 persons—not including mysome 165 persons—not including my-self as far as any public records show.

Berkeley said he had just two rea-sons for "knowing" I was a Communist



Interlandi in Des Moines Register ... eleventh year of the Atomic Age -Whew—Didn't think we'd make it."

in 1937-38. First, I was introduced to him as "a trustworthy person"— which he said meant the same thing as a Communist—by actor Lionel Stanhe said meant the same thing as a Communist—by actor Lionel Stander; second, he attended at my home at 1925 Oakden Drive, Hollywood, a "closed party meeting"—some party efficial phoned and told him that was what it was—with "about 12 people present" including the Rev. Claude Williams.

WRONG ADDRESS: The first testimony was exploded by the government itself, since Berkeley said the introduction occurred in the spring of 1937 and Kimple's membership card showed "Oakden" as first joining the CP in October of that year. On the second testimony, we naturally brought Claude Williams from Alabama to describe the Williams from Alabama to describe the actual affair that took place in my home when he visited Hollywood: a typical fund-raising party, open to anyone who might contribute to Williams' work in the South, and attended

liams' work in the South, and attended by 60-75 people.

Williams' memory was almost as poor as Berkeley's on other events of 1937-38, but he easily recalled the address of my home where the party was held since he corresponded with me there for months afterward concerning the biography I then wrote of him. That address was 7777 Firenze Avenue—and in Berkeley's testimony about the in Berkeley's testimony about the 'Oakden Drive' house he said he visit

"Oakden Drive" house he said he visited, he was clearly describing the Firenze Avenue house.

But Berkeley "knew" it was on Oakden Drive; he also "knew" that I was "George Oakden." How did he "know" this? Because Communists "hid their identity" in writing for certain publications; he himself hid his, in New Masses, under the name "Martin Porter"; and once when he saw the "Oakden" name in a "party-controlled" Hollywood publication (of which I was listed as an editor), "remembering" listed as an editor), "remembering" that I lived on Oakden Drive he asked me if I was "Oakden." Berkeley testified that I said I was.

HE FORGOT TO REMEMBER: The HE FORGOT TO REMEMBER: The "George Oakden" mystery deepened when the defense showed that the name appeared just once in this Hollywood publication—in 1940, when I had been living on Firenze for over two years; and when we produced a New Masses for October, 1937, containing an article "by George Oakden and Martin Porter"—and Berkeley disclaimed any knowledge of it of being the "Martin Powledge of it of being the "Martin" knowledge of it, of being the "Martin Porter" in question, or of who this

"Oakden" might be. Finally we produced a December, 1937, New Masses containing a featured article "by Cedric Belfrage

So much for any "hiding of identity" on my part—but the question remained, and began to look as if it called for an ugly answer: Just how—and when—did Berkeley come to "know" anything at all about "Oakden?" His own testimony clearly indicated that the only home of mine he ever visited was on Firenze. Where—and when—did the idea of charging that I was "Oakden" originate—and who put it into whose head?

THE "UNFORTUNATE" PAPER: THE "UNFORTUNATE" PAPER: Berkeley's whole testimony fell apart to such an extent as to be embarrassing; and since Kimple's testimony had no direct link to me, and the hand-writing testimony of the FBI expert was reduced to dubious gossamer by an expert of far superior standing, the hearing officer in writing his decision looked desperately for a piece de resistance—and found it in Skattebol. Skattebol said that when he was 21.

Skattebol said that when he was 21, three weeks after I hired him to babysit and type a manuscript, I told him in the presence of no third party that I was a Communist. He portrayed me as a left-wing firebrand and himself as a mild Social Democrat type.

How did he come to testify against me, whom he had not seen for 16 years; what was his motive? Well, he had seen what was his motive? Well, he had seen some GUARDIANS during the Korean War and my name on the masthead; he had nothing against me "as a person," only that I was the editor of "a paper I regard as unfortunate." He "knew me as a subversive character" 17 years ago but went to tell the FBI about me only when he saw my name in the GUARDIAN in 1951.

THE VANISHING WITNESS: Skattebol's testimony was of such a nature that no mortal man could "prove" its obvious falsity; so we produced Frank Scully—Catholic author-columnist, Hollywood Demcratic Party leader and former head of the California State Dept. of Institutions, with 27,000 men-tally ill persons under his care—to tell whatever he could recall about Skatte-bol whom he knew better than I did in 1937-38. He testified that while "Bel-frage's political attitude was British Labour Party," that of "Lars Scatter-brain" was "wild" and Scully was at that time concerned about his mental

stability.
That Skattebol's "wildness"-That Skattebol's "wildness"—to retain that modest word for it—has survived until now was clear from many aberrations in his testimony; but the hearing officer found a simple way out. In his anxiety to establish his employers' "case," his mind blacked out on the testimony of Scully whom even Skattebol does "not consider subversive." In the decision, Scully and his 31 pages of testimony are simply not menpages of testimony are simply not mentioned, and Skattebol's story is described as "undamaged" by any other.

INDICIA OF WHAT? And so this "hetold-me" testimony of a witness whose mental stability was questioned by a widely known and respected citizen, becomes the clapper with which the government tolls the bell on your



"GOING-GOING-GONE!"

humble servant. Scully is ignored, as though he had never testified at all. And with the "undamaged" Skattebol And with the "undamaged" Skattebol testimony as an umbrella, the word of Berkeley—the self-confessed "liar" and "informer"—is accepted against that of Williams, who has suffered jail, beatings and prosecution for his principles but whose recollection of my address in 1938 is viewed with suspicion by the hearing officer as against Berkeley's breath-taking forgetfulness. Indeed, writes the hearing officer in his Indeed, writes the hearing officer in his decision, "if indeed he (Berkeley) . . . forgot about it, this to me would be greater indicia of his truthfulness. . ." (How much cozier can they make it for a government informer doing his "patriotic duty?")

"patriotic duty?")
In fact, the government itself exposed the essential fraud of the case, although only a corner of the curtain was lifted — by the hearing officer's gingerly treatment of it in his decision — on the "George Oakden" hoax



FRANK SCULLY the facts, no room

perpetrated by Berkeley. A later and saner generation would surely conclude that Berkeley was rehearsed in the "Oakden" story. The government knew I lived on Oakden Drive in 1937 because I told them so when I applied in that year for citizenship, and they checked it in that year's Los Angeles phone book. They tripped over it because after 1937 my phone was unlisted, and it might have been assumed that I continued to live there.

YES, SIR, JOE: In any case they had all this "evidence" in their possession since 1951, but left my subversive person in peaceful circulation until May 15, 1953. That was the morning after my appearance before McCarthy, when Joe publicly ordered the Immigration Service to start deportation proceedings and the little Immigration may ings, and the little Immigration man whom Joe had summoned to his court

whom Joe had summoned to his court replied, in effect: "Y-y-yes, sir."
Did they fail to act for two years because they were afraid the "evidence" was too obviously fraudulent? Who conducted the rehearsals? Hasn't he done rather a poor job? Which part of the case of U.S. vs. "Belfrage, alias Oakden" will a later, saner generation find most humiliating?

(NEXT WEEK: The real "criminal"—the GUARDIAN.)

SEEDS OF DESTRUCTION

by CEDRIC BELFRAGE What Belfrage did in Germany to make

him a target for McCarthy "Excellent literature and history; hu-man experience and suffering. . . Bel-frage's real 'crime' is editing our one radical newspaper." —W.E.B. DuBOIS.

Order TODAY from National Guardian, 17 Murray St., New York 7, N. Y.—\$1.56 ppd.

WASHINGTON

The 84th Congress on peace, labor and social laws

THE 84th CONGRESS will be controlled by Democrats, but the change of label will have little effect on the contents in the way of social legislation or progress toward peace. Not only is the margin of Democratic control slim—49 to 47 in the Senate, 232 to 203 in the House—but as Labor, the big paper of the railroad unions, points out:

"In both the Senate and House, the real control is in the hands of the reactionary kind of Southern Democrats. Any time even a few of them vote with GOP Tories, they can defeat a good measure or put through a bad bill for the people."

Although control changed hands, there was no great shake-up in the composition of Congress. Only 27 House seats were switched, with a net gain for Democrats of 21. In the Senate, seven seats were exchanged for a net Democratic gain of three.

"THE OLD COALITION": Labor, by one AFL union count, gained seven friends in the Senate while losing three; in the House there are 154 members with labor endorsement plus 29 who did not seek it but are considered as having been friendly in the past, for a total of 183. But this does not mean, warned the Signalmen's Journal, that

ournal, that

", labor and social legislation will
have easy sledding., The old
coalition of reactionary Southern
Democrats and Northern Republicans will have a high degree of control, with committee chairmanships
in both Houses passing into the
hands of conservative Democrats in
a number of instances, and with
Dixiecrat enemies of labor in a strategic position to do real damage to,
if not completely block, legislation
supported by labor and liberal
forces." supported forces."

The AFL Labor's League for Political Education has a slightly different set of figures; in the House it lists 176 members as pro-labor against 235 anti-



"Just remember our new year's resolution — Let's make the 84th Congress just like the 83rd,"

labor. In the Senate the figure is 40 pro, 52 anti. Net gains for labor are set at 23 more friends in the House, four more in the Senate.

Unions generally look for little help from the 84th. Labor's Daily summed

"It is unlikely that the Administration will try very hard during the next two years to make good on President Eisenhower's new promise before the 1954 AFL convention to remove the union-busting license from the Taft-Hartley law. Nor is it likely that Congress will devote much time or attention to making the nation's labor law fairer." making fairer."

STATE EFFORT STRESSED: For this reason both the AFL and CIO plan to concentrate much of their energies on state legislatures, 44 of which meet in 1955. Delegates to the recent CIO convention were told:

"Of enormous importance [now] is your state legislation, because the trend in Washington has been to refer to the states more and more responsibility for social welfare."

Top rating in the states will go to efforts to repeal anti-union "right to work" laws in the 17 states where they are on the books, head them off in six or more other states where they are proposed. Hope is all but abandoned for amending that part of the federal T-H law which makes such state laws possible. Efforts will also be made to improve unemployment com-pensation in the states, to get better state labor relations acts, to ban state court injunctions, to change state tax' laws and to improve state minimum wage and workmen's compensation

DIXIE APPEASED: Immediately after the elections, Democratic Party leaders headed by Adlai Stevenson, Sen. Hubert Humphrey and majority leader Sen. Lyndon Johnson, moved to appease the Dixiecrats at the sacrifice of any real fight for civil rights, civil liberties or labor legislation. This was liberties or labor legislation. This was followed by a complete agreement between Eisenhower and Congressional Democratic leaders for bi-partisan defense and foreign policies, which in turn was followed by agreement among Democrats that they won't fight the Administration too hard on domestic issues. The N.Y. Times reported Dec.

"The Senate Democratic hierarchy will proceed only slowly and care-fully in offering counter-proposals to the Eisenhower legislative pro-gram."

Of the 19 committees in the House, nine will be headed by southerners and four more by border-states men. Three chairmanships will be held by easterns, two by midwesterners, one by a Californian.

THE STRAIT-JACKET: Rep. Howard W. Smith (D-Va.), possibly the most reactionary man in Congress, will head the House Rules Committee, which now possesses life-and-death control over all legislation. The committee

Memo to readers

WE LOOK FORWARD to your comments on any or all of the special articles in this New Year issue of the GUAR-DIAN. You of the N.Y. American Labor Party, the Calif. Independent Progressive Party, the Progressive Party nationally and other groups of like purpose are invited to exchange views.

All bouquets are welcome and will be passed around happily as space permits. We urge that any brickbats be aimed directly at us, not at any of our friends or

-THE EDITORS

decides what bills the House will vote on, when it will vote, and under that conditions of debate the vote will be conducted; it can order a gag rule if it likes, and can prevent any bill from getting to the floor. The committee consists of eight Democrats, four Republicans. Smith will be backed by fellow-Dixiecrat William M. Col-mer (Miss.); any time these two side with the four Republicans they can tie up any legislation.

The House Committee on Education The House Committee on Education & Labor will be headed by Graham A. Barden (N.C.), who is bitterly antilabor; the Armed Services Committee by Carl Vinson (Ga.), who is for Universal Military Training.

No New Deal will come out of the

84th Congress.

SEEDS OF DESTRUCTION

by CEDRIC BELFRAGE What Belfrage did in Germany to make him a target for McCarthy

"The impact of drama . . . the force of a documentary . . . the flow and sweep of a fine novel."—BARRIE STAVIS.

Order TODAY from National Guardian, 17 Murray St., New York 7, N. Y.—\$1.59 ppd.

A call for national independent political action

(Continued from page 1)

Democratic-Farmer-Labor Party (DFL); and (2) that any future independent party including the Progressive Party "must adopt a program which cannot subsequently be appropriated by the Republicans or Democrate" crats."
The author suggests two courses:

advocacy of a new social order, with "elimination of private ownership of the means of production and application of science and technology for the betterment of human health"; or (2) "an extremely democratic farmers-andworkers party, without a radical pro-gram but simply with a limited program on which farmers and workers can now

"STRAIGHT DRIVE": From California comes this call for "a new orientation": "What is needed at this time above all else is a political movement that will make a straight drive for the loyalty and passionate devotion of the farm-

ers and city workers and their business and professional neighbors.

"The approach has to be concrete and programmatic...the proposal of specific projects uncompromisingly devoted to the elimination of two sur-pluses on the American scene: the labor surplus and the farm products surplus."

FOR WORKERS & FARMERS: To lar, the program would propose:
"Re-establish and expand your col-

lective bargaining rights. Use your en-larged powers to wrest from the owning and employing group a continuously increasing share of the wealth you produce. Fight for social spending: for education, for the protection of peo-

ple's health, for a vast resource con-servation program that will yield cheap servation program that will yield cheap power for city and country, re-fashion rivers and lakes, multiply recreation and wild life areas, irrigate the waste-lands, clarify our streams, make of earth a safer and kindlier homeland for man. And take the money to do these things by legitimate taxes from the surpluses of the rich."

And to the farmer:

"Price supports, yes! But go further: The need for your products is here; create the market. Move over into the public schools: publicly operated cafe-terias in every school, with milk, eggs, grain products to saturation... De-mand public credit to accomplish it... Get acquainted with the old-time Pop-ulists! Defend family-size farms and open the way for more of them for the open the way for more of them for the city's rejected workers, young and old. Join with the city worker in a vast conservation program. And get the money to do it from the surpluses of

"Such a new party will be inherently anti-imperialist and pro-civil liberties —it will have to defend its economic interests.... Let the liberals fuss around with puny chores: the great people's party that is coming has a real job to do."

WHO'LL DO THE JOB? Every group represented in the great Progressive mobilization of 1948, and many more not then represented, has a program of needs and improvement not now being advanced in the administration of our nation and its states, cities and muni-cipalities. The make-up of each of these groups—youth, foreign-born and national origin, great minorities such as the Negro, Puerto Rican and Mexican peoples, farmers, wage-earners, teach-ers and professionals, small business and craftsmen, the aged and retired— cuts across other groupings such as organized labor or political parties. If entrenched labor and political leader-ship is to be brought face to face with the realities of our time, an indepenthe realities of our time, an indepen-dent people's coalition will have to do the job.



All the elements for this are at hand: only the imagination seems to be lacking. Can we stir this imagination again, as we only began to stir it in 1948? Can we this time resist the allure of lesser evilism and short-term expediency, and stay in the fight to the finish?

THE VISION: Perhaps the death-bed vision of one who fought unswervingly to the utter end, at the age of 77, may have meaning for all of us. It is told in a remarkable new book called Look-ing Forward, a selection of works in progress by some 27 authors, researchprogress by some 27 authors, researchers, artists and others for International Publishers, 381 Fourth Av., New York 16, N.Y. (\$2 cloth; \$1.50 paper). The selection quoted here is from Meridel Le Sueur's contribution, "Inheritance," a chapter from the story of her father and mother and their lifetime in So-cialist, Farmer-Labor and Progressive activities of the Northwest. Of her mother, Marian, who died in January, 1954, at 77, she writes:

"My mother had a vision in her

"She was at a great conclave held in the prairies, and the plains rising to the rockies were covered with singers of every nationality, as the Indiana always used to dream, the roads lead-ing from north, east, south and west, the red, white, black and yellow peoples all meeting under the great sky tree of all meeting under the great sky tree of the plains. At this meeting ander a great canopy the leaders stood.

great canopy the leaders stood.

"The speaker [name withheld, so as not to reveal one of the transcendent details of the vision—J.T.M.] was calling out the names of the people's fighters and they rose and came forward in a great light, from every country of the world. And as they came forward, singing was heard. Then he called out 'America' and the very hills sang and resounded and among the names called, of a great number, the called the names of 'Marian and Arthur Le Sueur, buried in the cornerstone of the future, the seed of our mighty land!' And she said 'It was a great day' as she died. She did not say if she meant the past, the present or the future but I am sure it was all a great day to her.... day to her. . . .
"They left reluctant [Arthur LeSueur

died several years before Marian, at 831 sensing great battles, eager to be in

The great battles remain to ght: will progressive America take the battles again, in 1955? The answer lies with you.

ECONOMY

Handwriting of 1929 is on the wall

By Victor Perlo

R EMERSON P. SCHMIDT, U.S. Chamber of Commerce economist, forecasts slightly higher production, stable high profits and prices, more unemployment, and lower farm income for 1955. These prophecies get the headlines.
But many businessmen predict no gain
in production—a rise in the first half is predicted for 1955.

in production—a rise in the first half, then a decline, ending lower than 1954. If they are right, unemployment will rise fast in the second half. The industrial production index fell

from 137 in July, 1953, to 123 in February, 1954. It stayed there until August, then rose to 129 in November. It is now probably above 130. The decline was partly checked by the boom in Western Europe, which sustained W. S. exports.

TRICKLE AND TORRENT: But the main prop was a series of government measures. Popularly known as "trickledown" schemes, they gave big business a lease on life by raising profits at the expense of the public, especially industrial labor. These were the main

- TAX CUTS: Over \$5 billion in large corporation and high income cuts, and billions in giveaways. All this led to higher dividends, freer spending by the properties, more corporate funds for automation and contractions of struction of runaway plants.
- · EASY CREDIT: This encouraged tock market speculation and speculative building of houses to be sold on 30-year mortgages. The government guarantees the banker against default—but not the buyer against eviction if he loses his job and can't meet heavy monthly payments.
- · ARMAMENTS: Between the first and third quarters of 1954 the military doubled the rate of contract-letting. Aircraft and other arms firms are now getting new orders in excess of current production. This is causing step-ups in procurement of materials and production schedules. Add to the pic-ture (1) government promises of no cuts in next year's military spending; (2) bigger appropriations for new contracts; (3) price-support stockpiling of lead and zinc for "defense"; (4) \$100 million stockpiling for the ailing menchine tool industry.

THE GIANTS WIN: The decline-and the methods used to check itled to lower profits for most small, medium and large firms, and the death through merger of thousands of these. It led to increased power and higher profits for the giants of indusmonth tabulation of 498 leading manufacturing corporations shows a 9% drop in sales, but a 4% rise in profits. Profits of General Motors, profits. Profits of General Motors, General Electric and Westinghouse rose 20% or more, aircraft firms 50%. Westinghouse

On the other side, farm income fell 6% in 1954, and a further 3-5% fall

Labor was hit from all sides by big business in 1954 and the attack con-tinues. The aim: higher profits through use of less and cheaper labor. The methods: (1) rapid automation of in-dustry; (2) speeding up of workers under pressure of surrounding unem-ployment; (3) use of mergers to close down less efficient plants; (4) transfer of production—with government help

have been produced. Barring a new war boom, car output will fall sharply strike or no strike-carrying down with it steel, coal, and other industries.

RED LIGHT: Danger signs for the longer-run:

- · The decline in capital investment the underlying foundation of heavy industrial activity. Business spending for plant and equipment fell 6% in 1954, much more in industry. Plans call for a further drop in 1955.
- · The failure to liquidate excessive stocks of goods and to lower prices in

Sleet

The principals in the main exhibition were Antonino Rocca . . and Hans Schmidt, a horrid Nazi villain. . "In the beginning of his career Schmidt attracted attention by giving the Nazi salute, turning his back on the American flag, and sitting down during "The Star-Spangled Banner," Mr. Mayer said. "Recently he has cut that stuff, because it no longer provokes sufficient animosity. There has been a change in the international climate."

From an article about wrestling in the U.S., by A. J. Liebling, New Yorker mugazine, Nov. 13, 1954

the first response to labor's demands jobs through much-needed peace-construction. But at best it will a year before it gets started, and the big "economy" guns will attempt to demolish it.



MOST OF US ARE OLD ENOUGH TO RECALL THIS SCENE WITH SHUDDERS line in the Great Depression. It may be back unless sanity returns first

to low-wage, high-efficiency Southern plants.

THE BLACK DOTS: Here are some

Fortune (10/54) estimated that productivity in industry rose at an annual rate of 9% during the first 9 months of 1954.

Industrial production in November, 1954, equalled November, 1953, but production worker employment was off 900,000, payrolls off 4½%, official unemployment up 1,200,000.

General Electric, in announcing its 11th Southern runaway shop (N. Y. Times, 12/18/54) predicted that in a few years it will employ in the Southeast 13,500 employes with a \$30 million payroll. This is an average of \$2,222 per employe, including the high salaried; it is less than half the average \$4.731 earned by GF employes in age \$4,731 earned by GE employes in

The Labor Dept.'s map is dotted with black throughout the industrial heart of the country, indicating areas of serious unemployment. In Novem-ber, 1954, it classified 48 major and 97 minor areas as having "substantial" or "very substantial" labor surpluses, as compared with 18 major and 24 minor areas in 1953. Unemployment is not only more widespread, but it hurts more than in recent years. Real depression, 1930 style, is here for a million workers who exhausted their jobless insurance rights in 1954.

MILE A MINUTE: Thus the measures described above checked the production decline and started the rise. duction decline and started the rise. The auto industry is speeding the rise today and shaping the pattern for 1955. Ford, GM and Chrysler started early on 1955 models and have been turning them out as fast as possible—without regard to markets. Why? To win the race for priority and survival and to nile up cars before union vival and to pile up cars before union contracts expire beginning June 1.

The auto race has carried steel pro duction up from 65% of capacity to over 80%. By June three-fourths of

Stocks of goods fell only 5% and have already started to rise. Monopoly prices are about where they were in 1953; some have been raised.

• Growing competition in world markets, especially from the Dullesengineered revivals of Zaibatsu Japan and Krupp-I. G. Farben W. Germany.

· Mushrooming speculation. Stock market transactions have doubled and prices of industrial shares have passed 1929 peaks. They are still lower than in 1929, when account is taken of the devalued dollar and increased profits: but another year of rise at the 1954 pace will make Wall Street as vulnerable as in September, 1929. The mortgaged housing boom is still more menacing. Home mortgage debts have tripled since 1945. They increased during the third quarter of 1954 at fantastic rate—equivalent to \$14 billion per year.

THE HARVEST: Whereas in 1953-54 there was a drop in production but no financial crisis, conditions are ripen-ing for another production drop with financial crash—in short, an all-around economic crisis (this might not be the decline in the second half of 1955). The National City Bank Monthly Let-ter (12/54) warns of repeating the "New Era" experiences of 1900 and the 1920's when we

"... suffered the consequences of uncontrolled over-optimism and excessive greed. Indulging grand hopes of perennial boom, we have placed an unbearably heavy mortgage on the future and then seen that mortgage foreclosed."

While issuing optimistic statements, the Administration is taking steps to try to delay a crash, at least until after the next elections. Whether it will use more credit and profit infla-tion gimmicks (with all their dangers) remains to be seen. Beyond that, it can turn to solid peaceful construction and trade encouragement, or try to salvage the situation with war.

THE RECORD: Eisenhower's \$25 bil-lion 10-year road building program is

one swallow maketh not Besides, one swallow maketh not summer. This is the Administration that has scuttled low-cost Federal housing and FEPC; slashed farm price supports; curtailed flood control and public power; rejected Federal aid to education and health insurance, and tried to hold back the rising tide of East-West trade. And it talks of the "strategic" value of the roads! Besides.

GERMANY THE KEY: The dominant influences in Washington are still pressing hard for a warlike program economically as well as diplomatically. Witness the announced intention to maintain fully military spending and introduce universal military training—despite the acknowledged relaxation of tensions in 1954.

The big war-boom ace-in-the-hole for 1955-56 is the projected rearmament of West Germany. U.S. big business hopes to profit (1) by taking over foreign markets abandoned by Gerforeign markets abandoned by German firms turning to arms production; (2) by selling coal, oil, copper, scrap iron to fuel the Ruhr's arms factories; (3) by selling billions of dollars' worth of new atomic weapons to W. Germany and other Atlantic Pact "partners."

Until they recognize the need to fight this menace, working people will not be able to win jobs through peaceful construction and trade, farm price

ful construction and trade, farm price supports or improved labor legislation. The consequences of German rearmament are great. This is the most important lesson we must learn in the shortest possible time.

SEEDS OF DESTRUCTION

by CEDRIC BELFRAGE

What Belfrage did in Germany to make him a target for McCarthy "Valuable and engrossing." - HOWARD FAST.

Order TODAY from National Guardian, 17 Murray St., New York 7, N.Y.—\$1.50 ppd.

The CIO's view

To set the country on the road to mass purchasing power and full employment the CIO's economic publication Outlook poses this program:

1) Gains in wages and working conditions and a guaranteed annual wage.

2) Taxes designed to strengthen consumer purchasing.

sumer purchasing.3) Two million new housing starts

Improved social security

A national health program.
Improved unemployment compen-

An increase in the minimum wage to \$1.25 an hour.

8) Improved agricultural support

9) Government aid to small business.
10) Special assistance to chronically distressed areas.
11) Expanded government aid for public services.

LABOR

One Federation

AT THE RECENT 16th constitutional convention of the CIO in Los Angeles many a delegate freely predicted it would be the last of its kind ever held: unity with the AFL was in the sir. The next convention seemed likely to be a special one to ratify a merger of the two. For the first time since the CIO came into existence in 1936 the convention got a greeting from the AFL; pres. George Meany wired:

T know you share our gratification

IFL; pres. George Meany wired:

I know you share our gratification over the successful operation of the no-raiding agreement between our two organizations. It has served to reduce strife in the labor movement and promote greater good will among affiliated unions which have become parties to it. . I sincerely believe that the time is now ripe for action toward thel goal [of organic unity]. It is my earnest wish that we can have a meeting of the full Unity Committee as soon as possible following your convention. . ."

ONE BIG UNION: The Unity Committee last met in Washington on Oct. 15 when it issued this statement:

when it issued this statement:

"It is the unanimous decision of this joint committee of the AFL and CIO to create a single trade union center in America through the process of merger, which will preserve the integrity of each affiliated national and international union."

Last week it announced that the joint committee will meet again in Washington on Jan. 4. Both sides were on record as hopeful that a full merger would be achieved before the end of

would be achieved before the end of 1955. Last October the AFL News-Re-porter set that goal; during the CIO convention CIO leaders were reported

as confident that it is

"... entirely possible that a first draft of a merger formula will be ready for the AFL's executive council when it meets in Miami Beach in February."

NOBODY AGAINST: The CIO convention itself was unanimous in a standing vote for a merger "based on the principles of free democratic unionism." Some speakers stressed the problems to be overcome in such a merger and extra corne of the obvious difficult and cited some of the obvious difficul-ties, but none spoke against it. CIO president Walter Reuther pledged that he would insist on four basic principles as a condition of unity:

A strict no-raiding formula;
 The principle of industrial organization to be applied in unorganized fields;

· A strong anti-racketeering clause: • Elimination of racial discrimination in all unions.

Joseph Curran, president of the Natl. Maritime Union, considered by some as opposed to a merger, took the floor to emphasize his support but added:

"There are some dangers of demoralization. There are some dangers that there are some people who would like to see the CIO begin to disintegrate. The CIO goes into these unity meetings as . . a powerful, self-sustained labor organization . . and is not begging its way anywhere."

NOT MUCH SPARKLE: But in the merger talks the AFL has the strongest bargaining power; its 10,000,000 mem-bers compare with some 4,000,000 for the CIO. Most delegates to the CIO yearned for the old fighting spirit of the Thirties which has long been lack-ing. The CIO has shown little, if any, growth in the past eight years. Said David J. McDonald of the Steelworkers:

"When this [unity] comes into being, there will be another renaissance in labor as there was a renaissance in 1936 when the CIO came into being." McDonald, most powerful and bitter rival to Reuther in the CIO, is the chief advocate of a swift merger. In the past he has used the threat of withdrawal of his big union to force action.

THE ROAD AHEAD: But even with AFL-CIO agreement on details, there will be difficulties in the way of final

unity. Curran took pains to spell these out at the CIO convention:

"The subcommittee must bring back their program to the executive committee, and the executive board of the CIO, and then, if that is acceptable, to a special convention

God rest ye merry . . .

God rest ye merry

"Operation Snowball," a disaster test and a Christmas present of service to the towns of Fairfield County from their Civil Defense organizations, is being planned for [christmas Evel. Convoys of fire fighters; bulldozers, rescue teams, Red Cross units, radiological monitoring squads, mobile food canteens, military and police units are expected to arrive at an undisclosed "Aid Check Point."... Their purpose is to bring support to a bomb-stricken area. Twenty towns will be informed Friday evening . . . of the location of the bombed area and of the name of their emergency meeting place.

—Norwalk (Conn.) Hour, Dec. 15.



THE DRIVE FOR UNITY IS NOT A NEW THING Print of a 19th century Labor Day parade in Chicago



A PICKET-LINE SCENE AT THE SQUARE D STRIKE Politics was forgotten

which may be called by the CIO for further discussion by the representatives of CIO unions from all over the country. And even then the CIO has been, is and will be, a voluntary federation. It compels no organization to stay in it. . . Even then with the program brought in, each union must decide for itself whether or not it will affiliate with that great unified organization. So there are many steps. There is quite a road to go in this unity situation."

THE MINERS' VIEW: A merged AFL and CIO will not unify the entire labor movement; there will still be indepen-dents like the United Mine Workers, the railroad brotherhoods, the unions expelled from the CIO in 1950 and others. The United Mine Workers Journal is caustic about the current talks:

thers. The United Mine Workers Journal is caustic about the current talks:

"We see by the papers that the chiefs of the AFL and the CIO are gathering for their umpteenth powwow on the subject of labor unity. The UMWA and other powerful unaffiliated unions as usual were not invited. The chief medicine men and smokers of the peace pipe will be George Meany and Walter Reuther. Both have said they will give up their jobs to foster unity. However, we have a few random thoughts on what the 'new look in American labor' might well be and thought 'Sliding Scale' Walter would like to be advised. Here are our predictions:

"I. Mr. Meany will be full-time, paid president of the new 'House of Labor'; namely, the AFL.

"2. Mr. Meany will be full-time paid chairman of a new department within the AFL to be called the Committee for Industrial Organization. This will be announced with great fanfare as the brainchild of Messrs. Meany and Reuther and will be referred to by the public as the CIO. (Seems to us we heard that name someplace before).

"3. "Sliding Scale' Walter will be full-time, paid president of the United Auto Workers—at least until the next UAW convention.

"And that's all from us at this time!"

NOTHER UNITY: But labor unity

ANOTHER UNITY: But labor unity works on several levels. The recent Square D strike in Detroit showed that the spirit of the Thirties is not dead; when an attempt was made to break the strike by force, members of the UAW, the AFL and other unions poured onto the picket line to defend members.

onto the picket line to defend members of a union CIO had expelled—and won.

Orville Larson, intl. vice-president of the Mine, Mill & Smelter Workers Union, also expelled from the CIO, wrote about this kind of unity in a recent issue of his union's persecution. recent issue of his union's paper:

"The way some newspapers report it, you'd think all there is to this labor unity is for a few union big shots to pose for pictures, have a few drinks together, and then work out deals on who gets what jobs. That isn't what unity means to workers. Unity, to a worker, means getting together with other workers so as to be able to present a stronger front to the bosses. It means working and fighting together for a better dealfor higher wages and better conditions, for more effective political action, and for an end to Taft-Hartley and Brownell-Butler."

BOSSES, INC .: Pointing to the mono-

poly control in the non-ferrous metals industry, he writes that "workers... have to unite with all other workers in the industry to be able to counter the united strategy of the corporations":

"This is the ABC of modern unionism. This also gives us an easy yardstick by which we can measure any proposal for labor unity. Our yardstick is simply this—will this or that proposal bring more or less workers together in joint action for their common interests?"

He points out that his union is domesticed to unity the points out that his union is domestically and the proposal bring more or less workers together in joint action for their common interests?"

He points out that his union is dominant in the industry and sets the bargaining pattern every year, but that there are several thousand non-ferrous workers divided among isolated locals of some 20 international unions whose interests lie in bargaining together:

"If Steelworkers [CIO] and Mine-"If Steelworkers | CIO | and Mine-Mill locals in Kennecott, for example, had bargained together for a common program we think that not only the Steelworkers' strike but possibly even Mine-Mill's shorter strike might have been avoided and the final settlement, for all Kennecott workers, could have been better. . . To all inon-ferrous workers | we say—regardless of where you pay your dues or who your leaders may be, let's work together on getting a better deal for all the workers in this industry."

THE GOAL: Through this kind of unity Larson foresees achievement of eventual goal of one union in the

"We don't insist that the only way for that to happen is by all other workers joining Mine-Mill. We do insist, though, that whatever way is followed, it be one in which all workers in the industry, without qualification, determine their own leadership, their own affiliation and their own policies."

Dollars for blood

As Iran's Shah and Queen were spending their days in a New York hospital, recovering from their nights spent in theaters and night clubs, the London New Statesman's editor wrote (12/11):

"I hope the protests sent recently to Teheran by Francois Mauriac, George Duhamel and other distinguished French liberals, will have some effect in curbing the reign of terror... the Shah and his Premier, Gen. Zahedi, are pursuing in Iran. About 10,000 people... are now in prison on political charges, including 700 army officers, of whom 21 have been executed... after secret trials.... Hussein Fatemi (former Foreign Minister) was executed for 'treason' by a firing squad.... According to current reports... Karimpur Shiraki, editor of a pro-Mossadegh newspaper... was murdered in his cell by having paraffin poured over his body and lit... The evidence suggests that the purge has been extended... to all the progressive elements—inteflectuals, trade union leaders, and students...
"By a grim coincidence, each of the two instalments of dollar aid so far remitted to Iran was paid on the day following a batch of executions."

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SPECTATOR.



Tolstoy the hard way

N SPITE of haughty claims to exceptionalism, the Snow Whites of the Seven Lively Arts—like the rest of us—have punched the 1955 time-clock. Already they are hunched over the assembly line at Cultural Products Unlimited, that gigantic plant where ideological chaos is stamped out, slapped together, packaged and fed to the waiting trucks aged and fed to the waiting trucks.

aged and fed to the waiting trucks.

As in cars and construction, 1955's first half (let's not disturb the veil of mystery economists have hung aroun' the second will witness a boom in the culture business. Records, TV, books, the theater, music will garner staggering grosses.

Soft spots may appear, but pay no attention. People in the arts are notorlously superstitious.

TODD READS BOOK: In all colors and stepped-up stereophonic power, movies will push the M models (Mayhem, Mur-der, Musicals and Mad Russians, with Manliness and Manure for lovers of the outdoors) harder than ever. The trend continues toward production safaris to where better local co-operation is assured. Producer Mike Todd. for example, who comes to Tol-stoy the hard way — via the girlie-show route—projects War and Peace featuring 70,000 sol-diers supplied by the Yugoslav

N. Y. Herald Tribuno "Our budget doesn't balance for the same reason as the government's defense government.



spending."

government.

The American spirit of competition characterizes the battle over this proposed epic: first to announce War and Peace was David O. Selznick, climaxing a 15-year quest for a book passing in gross tonnage his dearest obsession Gome With the Wind. Selznick was quoted recently:

"I too have been contacted by the Yugoslav governat... Mike Todd is quite a showman, and I don't questhis quaint boast that he's read the book." ment

THEY LOVE IT: In countries around the world reeling under the impact of American generosity—which includes movies as well as bomb-bases, bastards and horror comics—the outlook for local movie makers continues gray. In W. Germany producers would like to make their own pictures, please, but the free-enterprise spirit decrees a hike in the number of Hollywood confections they must import and play in their best houses. But according to the N.Y. Times' man in Bonn, German film critics agree that German producers lack the know-how, anyhow: they feel "most German films have no story to tell and nothing to say. With meager means, the German film industry tends to produce a routine product."

If a subsidized Adenauer can't get the people to weep over his stories, what chance has a poor movie producer suffocated by Hollywood imports? Besides, doesn't the ordinary foreigner love American movies? Returning slightly irritated from Europe last month, Arthur Loew, president of Loew's International, pointed out that complaints about violence and brutality in American movies

American movies

"... originate at cocktail parties. It's the work of people commonly known as snobs. It's a popular pastime to rap something and American films seem to be the target. The man in the street finds nothing wrong with our pictures."

MAKE IT HUMAN: This can be squared with the general concession that movies are a continuation of politics by other means. Any day now the C.I.A. will prove that those "Dulles, Go Home" messages written on walls all over Europe are really the work of snobbish American tourists who couldn't get into the Folies Bergere.

What complicates the situation is that Dulles has come out in favor of sending films to the Soviet Union. This at a time when the All-Union Congress of Soviet Wrters is dedicating its first efforts to motion pictures which "speak for peace, the great friendship of nations, and the happiness of mankind."

Two hundred million people with roubles to spend on en-tertainment make a market with possibilities. Perhaps Orson Wells hadn't read Dulles' proposal when he said last week:

"I would like to do a simple, human, undramatic film about the end of the world."

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UNITED NATIONS

China, colonial freedom, Bomb major topics on 1955 agenda

By Kumar Goshal

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y.
N THE world prospects for
1955 as seen from here, from a perspective of the achieve-ments of the ninth General Assembly ended last month, patches of light at top coldwar levels showed over a somber background; the Assembly's dismal record on the colonial issue. Opening on the hopeful note of the 60 nations' unanimous decision to set up unanimous decision to set up an atoms-for-peace committee and reactivate the disarma-ment committee, the Assembly closed with the powers again bitterly divided on colonial freedom and UN membership for China. These issues—the latter now distorted by the issue of the jailed U.S. fliers, which Secy.-Gen. Hammar-skjold is in Peking to discuss —seem destined to plague the Assembly in 1955.

Once again the Assembly shied from any concrete steps in favor of colonial Africans and Asians held "in trust" by Western powers. S. Africa con-tinued to refuse to deal peaceably with race-discrimination problems involving Indians and Pakistanis as well as and Pakistanis as well as Africans; the Assembly passed a mild resolution asking it to "reconsider." The Asian-Arab bloc fought hard for the rights of S. W. Africa's Herrero tribe, now gobbled up by jimcrow S. Africa in defiance of previous UN and Intl. Court of Justice rulings. Herrero spokesman Rev. Michael Scott wandered again through the corridors Rev. Michael Scott wandered again through the corridors like the conscience of UN; but the colonial powers forced through a resolution calling for yet another ruling by the Intl. Court.

"IT IS NOT EASY": While French Morocco and Tunisia seethed with discontent, the colonial powers again managed to get both questions tabled. As the U.S. eloquently urged members to trust France's promise of eventual self - government, Premier Mendes-France pledged the French Assembly "his govern-ment would oppose independence for Tunisia or other territories of French N. Africa" (N.Y. Times, 12/11).

Heated debates developed over the British colony Cyprus and the Netherlands' W. New Guinea. The colonial powers



Lancaster, Daily Express, London Til bet Mr. Nutting had to promise to take a lot of tickets
for the Friends of Formosa
party before Mr. Dulles agreed
to help Eden's Cyprus Fund."



Greensboro (N. C.) Daily News "You sure this'll keep the Reds in the dark?"

persuaded the Assembly to postpone discussion of a Greek postpone discussion of a Greek resolution for a plebiscite in predominantly Greek Cyprus, where demonstrations for union with Greece were violently suppressed. Britain announced enlargement of its naval and air bases on the strategically located island. strategically-located island.

A resolution by Indonesia, which claims W. New Guinea as part of its territory, for negotiations about it with the Netherlands produced the un-Netherlands produced the unusual spectacle of the Assembly reversing its own Political Committee's decision approving the resolution. Intense Dutch lobbying to switch six abstaining or "yes" votes in the committee succeeded with tacit U.S. support. Australia, which rules E. New Guinea, bluntly supported continued Dutch rule over W. New Guinea on grounds of strategic necessity for S.E. Asia's "defense against communism." India's Krishna Menon retorted that such islands have too long been regarded "as blockhouses to guard trade routes." Commenting bitterly on this "reality of power politics in the world today." Indonesia's "reality of power politics in the world today," Indonesia's Dr. Tjondronegoro said:

"It is not easy to fight for freedom against colonialism, even in this august body. [The Assembly may have stopped the resolution but it will not stop the cause of freedom of the people of W. Irian (New

SOME DECISIONS: During its

closing days the Assembly also:

• Approved payment of
\$179,420 indemnity to 11 former American employes of UN;

• Left in abeyance any con-

crete solution of the Israeli-Arab conflict;

• Over strong opposition from the U.S. and other capi-talist nations, approved set-ting up a committee to report on principles involved in creat-ing an international fund to support "non-profit" construc-tion projects in under-devel-

oped countries:

• Deplored the continued presence of Chiang Kal-shek's troops in Burma, recommendtheir disarmament and in-

ternment;
• Resolved to meet in San Francisco June 20-26 to com-memorate UN's tenth anniversary in the city of its birth.

THE STEAMROLLER: At Montevideo, Uruguay, where the UN Educational, Scientific & Cultural Organization was simultaneously holding its annual conference, the U.S. forced through greater powers for UNESCO director Dr. Luther Evans. On Dec. 10—Human Rights Day in the UN calendar—Evans announced immediate suspension of David Leff and six other American employes in Paris who last July declined to answer U.S. loyalty board questions. (From Paris the "profoundly shocked" UNESCO staff assn. cabled a strong protest to Evans.) The U.S. also demanded and got a reduction in its own and an increase in the U.S.S.R.'s con-tribution to the UNESCO budget. NYT correspondent Ed-ward A. Morrow reported (12/12) from Montevideo:

. Strong murmurs of dis-'steamrollering tactics' as the U.S. point of view prevailed... Some delegates argued that since contributions were based on national income the based on national income the Western powers did not believe their own statements on the plight of Soviet economy. . . . The thinly veiled hints that the U.S. would consider withdrawing from UNESCO if its share of the budget were not reduced aroused resentment reduced aroused resentment [and the feeling] that the U. S. was bluffing and the bluff should have been called."

GROWING URGENCY: the opposition of such Asian members as India and Burma and of the socialist nations, the Assembly approved a resolution empowering Hammar-skjold to negotiate with Pek-ing the release of the U.S. fliers jailed on spy charges fliers jailed on spy charges. Replying to Hammarskjold's cable. Chinese Premier Chou En-lai invited him for a discussion, while insisting the issue was an internal one.

Underscoring the growing urgency of the colonial and China recognition issues, the Premiers of India, Pakistan, Indonesia, Burma and Ceylon meeting in Indonesia set plans for an April conference of 30 Asian and African nations representing over half the world's population. Invitations went to China (the inviting nations to China (the inviting nations do not recognize Formosa) and do not recognize Formosa) and to Afghanistan, Cambodia, the Central African Fedn., Egypt, Ethiopia, Gold Coast, Iran, Iraq, Japan, Jordan, Laos, Lebanon, Liberia, Libya, Nepal, the Philippines, Saudi Arabia, Sudan, Syria, Thailand, Turkey, N. and S. Vietnam and Yemen. Asked why S. Africa was not invited, Ceylon's Kotelawala said: "We can't go there, so why the hell should we invite them here?"

Noting the recent debates on colonial issues, the Premiers

colonial issues, the Premiers set these items on the agenda:

"Social, economic and cultural problems and rela-tions of the countries repre-sented";

• "Problems affecting na tional sovereignty and o racialism and colonialism";

• Requesting "all concerned to bring about a cessation of ... nuclear and thermonuc-lear explosions for experi-mental purposes, which threaten not only their coun-

Redder than the rose a San Antonio mystery

PORT ARTHUR, TEXAS
According to newspapers, Atty. Gen. Brownell's listing
of a "San Antonio Guardian Club" as subversive has caused
a lot of confusion in the Alamo City.

First, a lot of pice lodge when the

First, a lot of nice ladies who had never done anything further to the left than trying to grow a more beautiful red rose, bombarded a local radio station with protests of indignation. They thought the announcer had said "Garden Club."

Second, the San Antonio address listed as headquarters of the alleged subversive club proved to be occupied by a construction company official who said he had never heard

construction company official who said he had never heard of a GUARDIAN club—although he had lived at the address since early June of last year. So far, a bona fide Guardian Club has not been located in San Antonio.

As a GUARDIAN reader, I sincerely wish that the San Antonio Guardian Club—if there was one—had been more effective so that the San Antonio GUARDIAN boosters could have more richly deserved the honor of having had the live-wire GUARDIAN sub-producing club apparently credited to them by Brownell's mis-informers.

credited to them by Brownell's mis-informers.

God help America if this "straining at a gnat" action by the Attorney General represents the best thinking of

the present Republican administration.

The Republican administration learned nothing from the recent action of the Senate in censuring Senator McCarthy. It appears that Brownell is seeking to wrap the cloak of McCarthyism around himself and, as long as he is Attorney General, McCarthyism will not be dead in the U.S.

tries but the world";

• Surveying "of physical resources, particularly of the mineral and subsoil wells of each country, [to facilitate]

a planned approach [to] the economic development of itheir] countries, which is so urgently necessary for the happiness of their peoples."



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MARGRIT ADLER, editor German American, will speak on "German Rearmament: War or Peace," Thurs., Jan. 13, 839 p.m. Green-wich Village Club, ACP, 28 Green-wich AV, Adm. free.

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NEW YORK

Harriman offers his program; Dewey kicks schools as he goes

WHILE an estimated 500,000 persons made noise in Times Square during 1955's first minutes, a handful of people prayed all night for peace at the Broadway Temple-Washington Heights Meth-odist Church, 4111 Broadway. Similar New Year vigils were

held in Methodist churches in San Antonio, Ashland, Ky., Memphis, Washington, Mins-ter City, Mass., Phoenix, Ariz., Holden, Mo., Springfield, Ore., Holden, Mo., Springfield, Ore., and Chicago. Churches in other cities took up the vigil the next night in chain-letter. fashion. Throughout the country churches were assigned dates so that not a day would go by in 1955 without prayers for peace. The Methodist Church planned programs on peace, disarmament and the UN to supplement the prayers.

EXECUTIVE SUITE: Aside from peace vigils the new year came in with the customary high-priced hoopla, a staggering traffic toll and considerable political jockeying. At midnight, Dec. 31, the lights in the Execution Marketing Marketing. in the Executive Mansion at Albany went out. When they went on again 30 seconds later Thomas E. Dewey was only a lawyer and Averell Harriman

as governor of New York.
On hand for the swearingin ceremony and supper were Democrats who reflected the new governor's national interests and aspirations. These included Margaret Truman, two FDR speech writers and advisers, playwright Robert Sherwood and Samuel Rosenman, Adiai Stevenson's press secy. William Blair, and for-mer Secy. for Air Thomas K.

Finletter. Lesser Democrats thronged Albany and 1,200 of them were admitted to the Assembly chamber New Year's Day for the Inaugural.

THE PROBLEMS: In it Gov. Harriman cited these prob-lems: unemployment; the economic pinch on the farms; inadequate schooling: juvenile delinquency; "the continued prevalence of slums"; the fact

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BIG JIM AND THE GUV'NOR

Gov. and Mrs. Averell Harriman greet Democratic boss and former Postmaster General James A. Farley at a reception in the Execu-tive Mansion following delivery of Harriman's Inaugural.

that one out of every seven N.Y. families with a father still at work has an income under \$2,000; the continued conflict between N.Y. City and Albany.

For solutions he resorted to ritual phrases of m gurals. He promised inaugurals. "bold, adventurous adminis-tration" that would not "re-ject the tried and true"; that would face up to the duty "to prepare the youth of today for the world of tomorrow."

Harriman appointed Kings County asst. district atty. Julius Helfand as chairman of the State Athletic Commission, and Angela Parisi, retiring chairman of the Democratic State Committee as chairman of the Workmen's

NEXT WEEK: An analysis of Goy, Harriman's message, and the legislative proposals of the American Labor Party.

Compensation Board. Parisi, the second woman named by Harriman to high office, revealed a taste for political rough and tumble. Informed that her appointment did not have the approval of her assembly district leader, she said it was "be-cause I supported Harriman for the nomination before and at the state convention. . . long as they're going to fight dirty, let's all fight dirty."

SCHOOL JOB: Dewey was busy up to the last. He ap-pointed a 21-member delegation to represent the state at the White House Conference on Education next fall; it was expected that choice would be left to Harriman. Teachers left to Harriman. Teachers Union legislative representa-tive Rose Russell noted that the Dewey choices did not include a single representative of the public school system nor a Negro—despite the fact that desegregation would be high on the conference's agenda. Parochial schools and private universities are rep-

Miss Russell said the delega-

tion seemed "chosen for the express purpose of bringing the weight of N.Y. State to bear against federal aid to public education."

Dewey's last official act was to remove Harold G. Garno, soie state CIO representative on the Unemployment Insur-ance Advisory Council. (The state CIO went solidly Demo-cratic.) With Garno also went Harold C. Hanover, secy-treas, of the State Federation of Labor; but the federation will continue to be represented on the council. Dewey replaced the two with Herbert Brand of the AFL Intl. Seafarer's Union and Francis G. Barrett of AFL Typographical Union

MIKE GOLD SPEAKS

First Guardian Forum on arms for Germany

HE FIRST Guardian Forum of the 1955 season will be held Jan. 28 on the hottest topic of the new year: "The Re-armament of Western Ger-many." It will be at Adelphi Hall, 74 Fifth Av. (13th St.),

The speakers will be Cedric Belfrage, GUARDIAN editor, whose newest book Seeds of Destruction provides a dramatic backdrop for today's events in Germany; Tabitha Petran, GUARDIAN world affairs editor, whose appearance fairs editor, whose appearance at last year's forums met with such success; and Mike Gold, the beloved writer, who is now a contributor to the GUARDI-AN's Spectator column. Kumar Goshal, GUARDIAN associate editor, will be chairman.

The Guardian Forum's polis to allow plenty of time and opportunity for questions from the floor; that's why the speakers are limited to two oc

So for a lively, informative evening set aside Friday evening, Jan. 28. Admission is \$1 at the door.

WHY ELECTRICITY COSTS SO MUCH

The power barons move in on Niagara

By Elmer Bendiner NEW YORK STATE's "water barons" are about to move in on North America's greatest source of hydro-electric power, Niagara Falls. If a deal now in the works goes through, they will stand like toll-gate keepwin stand like ton-gate keep-ers on the power lines, using Niagara's gigantic energies while maintaining the present exorbitant cost of electricity to New Yorkers or even boosting

The give-away has been The give-away has been in the making for years. In 1953 the House passed the Miller Bill which would have yielded Niagara power directly to the state's five big utility companies. The wote was 182 Republicans and 80 Democrats for the give-away; 18 Republicans and 101 Democrats against it. Rep. Roosevelt Jr. and Sen. Lehman (both N.Y.) led the fight for Federal development of Niagara's power along TVA of Niagara's power along TVA

BEDTIME FOR JUNIOR: Thomas E. Dewey, then New York's governor, held out for state control, a device familiar to every veteran of the fight for public power. It would lead in the end, these veterans warned, to a quiet give-away at the state capitol, and the utility companies would take over as surely as if they were handed the platter directly handed the platter directly from Washington.

When the bill reached the Senate last year Roosevelt Jr. and Lehman broke ranks and came out for state control, seeking only to modify Dewey's scheme by writing into the measure provisions giving "preference" to municipalities and co-operatives over private

and co-operatives over private companies when the state sold the power facilities. Dewey commented at the time that Roosevelt was "attempting to erawl in bed with me."

Signing of the St. Lawrence Seaway paet in effect gave Dewey what he wanted, took the issue out of Congress and the public eye, made possible an Albany give-away ef public property more scandalous lic property more scandalous than Dixon-Yates. Last March

Guardian

THURS., JAN. 27

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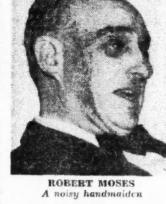
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Night



Dewey brought to Albany caustic, rough-riding Robert Moses and installed him as chairman of the state power authority.

"MAVERICK" MOSES: parks commissioner and city construction co-ordinator, Moses has stormed in and out of committees, acting like a maverick but hewing to a line that has been generally well received by big real estate and big business. He had served Dewey well since the 1944 campaign when, in full-page ads in a war year, he wrote angry anti-Roosevelt diatribes.

anti-Roosevelt diatribes.

When the Niagara deal was still before Congress, Moses warned the GOP: "No political party or administration will long survive in our state if, after the long struggle to keep what belongs to us, they yield to the pressure of misrepresentations of private power interests." He denounced the five state utility companies—Conterests." He denounced the five state utility companies—Con-olidated Edison, Central Hud-son Gas & Electric, N.Y.S. Electric & Gas, Niagara Mo-hawk Power and Rochester Gas & Electric—and said; "The & Electric—and said: "The history of private exploitation of the Niagara frontier in N. Y. State is one of outrageous ef-frontery that was finally

WE STARTED OUR 36th YEAR WITH A BANG!

Our thanks to the many friends who told us they had an enjoyable time at our New Year's Eve Party. And our apologies to those families who did not get proper accommoda-tions because we were crowded.

tions because we were crowded.
We are now working hard to redecevate the entire 2nd floor (formerly the Dormitery). Some rooms are finished now, all will have different teds, closets, new paint, etc., by the spring.
We are very proud to announce that for the coming season our kitchen will be under the able direction of Al Moss (remember his apple ples?). He has many new surprises planned to improve our cuisine.
Don't delay your reservations for

our suisine.

Don't delay your reservations for our next gala event. On the weekend of Jan. 29-30 we will selebrate the lat birthdiay of the MRA. Jeaturing a concert on Sat. night and a Latin-American fiesta and luncheon on Sunday. Only \$6 for the weekend. Watch for further details.

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opinion."

ALCOA has a side deal under

Last November Moses quietly offered for sale \$335 million worth of power authority bonds through a group of investment houses headed by Dillon, Read & Co. The prospectus issued to investors detailed the steal.

STRICTLY PRIVATE: The State Power Authority will develop two power projects as a start: a \$300 million one at Massena, N.Y. (already under way) and another \$350 million one along the Niagara River.
The power is to be sold at the "bus-bar," a technical term for the source of the power.

Moses' predecessor as Power Authority chairman, John E. Burton, gave the show away when he said: "Eus-bar sales, when he said: "Bus-bar sales, physically and economically, can only be made to one company — Niagara-Mohawk." Transmission of this power to the consumer is to be made only over "existing lines." These are all privately owned, mainly by Niagara-Mohawk and the Aluminum Corp. of America. There will be no public power lines to give New Yorkers the benefit of the power at their doorstep or to power at their doorstep or to serve as a yardstick by which private lines could be forced to lower rates. Moses envisions no TVA for New Yorkers.

Niagara-Mohawk and other private utility companies will have to extend their own faci-lities, passing on the costs to the municipalities to whom they will sell Niagara's power. In the end the utility bills for the house-owner, the manufacturer will rise. the small

GOOD FOR EDISON: York City seems unlikely to benefit at all from Niagara. Existing lines do not run down to the city. It will remain at the mercy of Con Edison which, with its much more expensive steam generating plants, main-

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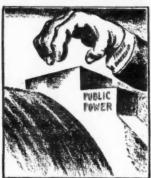
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the Moses plan by which it may get its power at a heavy dis-count. ALCOA has a plant along the St. Lawrence, though the state has disputed its title claiming ALCOA is a "squat-



Pitzpatrick, St. Louis Post Dispatch HIGH VOLTAGE ISSUE

When dams raise the St. Lawrence level, ALCOA's plant will be unusable. As compensation it will get its share of Niagara power at perhaps 1/4 the price other companies pay.

Niagara was almost forgotten in the campaign except for one brief flurry in the N.Y. Post which brought expressions of shock from candidate Harri-man. After his election Harriman made no further objection and indicated he would keep Moses in office.

THE PUBLIC BE . . .: Moses has often indicated his impatience with statutes that get in his way. The Public Authori-

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tles Law is unmistakably in his way. It rules that "... in the development of hydro-electric power . . . the project shall be considered primarily as for the benefit of the people of the state as a whole . . . sale to and use by industry shall be a secondary purpose" endary purpose

It also provides for public hearings on all proposed contracts on 30 days' notice, during which time the full text of the proposed contract shall be available to the public. (The scheme has so for been least scheme has so far been kept tightly under wraps, revealed only indirectly through Moses' prospectus to investors.) After the public hearing the authority must submit proposed contracts to the Governor who has 60 days to approve or disap-

Last week Power Authority spokesmen told the GUARDIAN no hearings had yet been scheduled. Despite the law's plain language, it seemed New Yorkers would have to scream if they were to avoid going over the Falls in a barrel.

EXHIBITION RUMANIAN PHOTOGRAPHY

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DEATH SENTENCE UPHELD

Court splits 4-3 on verdict for 3 Puerto Rican youths

BY a 4-3 decision last week the N.Y. State Court of Appeals upheld the conviction of three Puerto Rican youths, sentenced to die for the murder of an 85-year-old woman. The sharply split decision left hope for either further appeal to the U.S. Supreme Court or for a commutation of sentence by Gov. Harriman.

If these steps fail, the state will execute Estrada Correa, 17: Henry Matthews, 17 and Pedro Antonio Rios, 22. In the first week of their trial last March Puerto Rican

nationalists shocked the nation by opening fire on Congressmen in the House of Representatives. Throughout the trial newspaper headlines told of mass roundups of Puerto Ricans, making unbiased judg-ment by the jury of 12 busi-nessmen difficult if not impossible.

PRESSURES: Each defendant and many of the state's wit-nesses charged the police with third-degree methods. One de-fendant was held incommuni-cado 42 hours before arraignment, another eight hours without food. Many of the state's witnesses who told of personal confession by one or another defendant were plainly susceptible to police pres-

The GUARDIAN pointed out loopholes in the state's story of the crime, committed in June, 1953. It traced the backgrounds of poverty of two of the three underprivileged New Yorkers. Estrada Correa spoke little English.

One key prosecution witness retracted his testimony on which the state relied, then when summoned before the court without counsel, retracted his retraction. All three were offered a chance to save themselves from the chair by pleading guilty to a lesser crime. But, although informed by their lawyers that they might face death, each maintained his investment. tained his innocence through-

out the trial and the months since then in Sing Sing's death house.

TRIAL ERRORS: The jury included no Negro and no Puerto Rican. Last May a similar jury convicted a Mexican-American, Pete Hernandez, in Texas and the decision was overruled by the U.S. Supreme Court. Chief Justice Earl Warren, in writing sustice Earl Warren, in Writing the court's unanimous decision, said: "The exclusion of otherwise eligible persons from jury service solely because of their ancestry or national origin is discrimination prohibited by the 14th Amendment."

In addition to these points defense lawyers argued in their appeal that Judge Jonah J. Goldstein had committed a number of reversible errors, into the jury in which he said that if one defendant was found guilty the others had to considered accomplices.

Though the Appeals Court handed down no written opinion, it was disclosed that the ion, it was disclosed that the minority emphasized in its dissent the judge's charge. Last week defense lawyers were conferring on the next step. They can apply for a rehearing before the Appeals Court, ask the Governor to commute the sentence or to stay execution pending an appeal to the U.S. Supreme Court. The Appeals Supreme Court. The Appeals Court as yet has set no date of execution.

Throughout the city Puerto Rican organizations were mob-ilizing to rally public opinion behind an appeal to Gov. Har-riman should all else fail.

"In Splendid Error"

"IN SPLENDID ERROR," William Branch's drama on the life of Frederick Douglass, reopened Jan. 4 for an additional four rest. The property of the control of t four-week run at the Green-wich Mews Theater, 141 W. 13th St. Edward Hudson replaces Howard Wierum in the original cast, which stars William Mar-shall as Douglass,



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