

Who wants this war?

An American soldier lights the cigarette of a North Korean soldier as they sit in their jeeps outside the truce conference building at Kaesong. Nearby a group of U.S. newspapermen, some flown fresh out of Washington, screamed like stuck pigs that the war had to go on unless they were present in Kaesong. The remarks of the GIs in Korea on the newspapermen were unprintable but illuminating.

AMERICA'S HORRIFIED ALLIES

U.S. post-Korea war drive hits Europe-Mid East snags

RUCE talks in Kaesong, central Korea, were continuing as the GUAR-DIAN went to press after a storm-in-ateacup about press representation the conference, which inspired thou-sands of columns of fuming type in U.S. newspapers. Some generally buried sidelights on the headline hurricane;

• Gen. Ridgway himself instituted the press ban which applied to both sides. The N.Y. Times said July 5 he even rejected suggestions that an army officer be assigned as press observer.

· The North Koreans and Chinese never "barred" the press, merely took up the U.S. suggestion when it was made—but had no time to reply.

· Among the 20 newsmen the nego tiators tried to bring with them was one from Chiang Kai-shek's agency in Formosa, Japanese newsmen were at the Munsan press camp wearing UN insignia; British correspondents protested, since Japan is not a UN member.

• AP's Jim Becker reported from Munsan that most newsmen believed Aunsan that most newsmen believed ... the issue was handled badly—both by the press and the army... A small but exceedingly vocal group of correspondents has been so consistently demanding the right of the press to enter Kaesong—where they would not have been allowed to sit in on the talks—that the hand of the UN Command was forced. Meanwhile, there was a great deal of criticism here over the harsh tone of Vice Adm, C. Turner Joy's reply to the rather conclitatory message from the Reds which preceded it... The majority tiew was expressed by Hal Foust of the Chicago Tribune, one of the correspondents whom the Reds prevented from going to Kaesong: "It was a hell of a note to stop a peace conference over such petulant trivialities, ... Some more American kids are going to get killed because of it."

GLOOMY DEAN: The North Korean and Chinese agreed to admit the press but not to the talks themselves, which was never asked) and to "neutralize" Kaesong, in the interest of not letting "trifling" issues and "side questions" hold up a truce. Latest reports were that negotiations were "closer to harmany than ever before

North Korean-Chinese terms were cessation of hostilities, withdrawal of both armies 6.21 miles from the 38th Parallel, evacuation of all foreign troops "in the shortest possible time." Washington officials said they would never accept, and were reported "gloomy" over the political implications of a

truce, fearing they would then
... have a much more difficult time
maintaining a solid front against the Comunists (James Reston, N. Y. Times.)

In an apparent effort to offset the gloom, the State Dept. published a two-



weeks-old speech by Secy. Acheson in which he promised:

"We will be hit within the next six onths to a year with a much tougher blow mewhere else,"

"PEACE" IN JAPAN: The State Dept. published the text of the Japanese peace treaty: it gave Japan unlimited rights to rearm and full sovereignty; barred all reparations; absolved militarists and industrialists of war guilt; gave the U.S. (in a supplementary agreement) unlimited right to use Japan as a war base. Soviet demands for a conference of all nations that fought Japan were bluntly rejected as Washington proclaimed a Pacific Pact with Australia and New Zealand (Japan, Philippines and possibly Chia-shek were to be included later. Chiang

U.S. allies were not enthusiastic but, forced to yield, were guarded in com-ment. The N.Y. Times reported Australia worried about revival of Japamilitarism; in Manila "a rising

(Continued on Page 3)

NATIONAL the progressive newsweekly

Vol. 3 No. 39

NEW YORK, N. Y., JULY 18, 1951

Anti-Negro mobs amok in Cicero

N the fall and winter of 1949 Chicago "white supremacists" began resortviolence serious to "Negro infiltration into white neighborhoods." Major spearhead was a "White Circle League" formed by Joseph Beauharnais, who was finally brought to trial and convicted of violating an Illinois law against inflammatory racist publications.

The tense situation quietened somewhat, but the "white supremacy" poison bubbled under the surface of Chicago. It began to boil up again when Mr. and Mrs. Leo Yonik of 3437 S. Emerald St, where they have lived for 15 years, returned from final sessions of the recent Chicago Peace Congress. The Yoniks had been bosts to gress. The Yoniks had been hosts to three out-of-town Negro delegates. A mob met them, threatened then, with death if they didn't leave, broke their windows with rocks, ru'ned their furwindows with rocks, ruined their fur-niture. Next day a larger mob gathered, threatened to burn the house down.

On July 9 a permanent community council was formed by many civic, la-bor, progressive and church groups to bor, progressive and church groups to combat mob outrages. On the 11th came strange news from New York. The American Civil Liberties Union had announced it would seek a U.S. Supreme Court review of the conviction of Beauharnais, as a test of the anti-race-provocation law under which he was found guilty. It was the ACLU's conception of liberty it said that conception of liberty, it said, that Beauharnais should be as free to ex-press his views—which already had led to widespread violence and terror-as anyone else.

THE LAW AT WORK: The day after ACLU's announcement, the results of cherishing such "freedoms" became manifest in an orgy of violence that

for hours was completely out of control.

A Negro bus-driver, Harvey E. Clark Jr., had rented an apartment in the lily-white suburb of Cicero. As he and his wife moved in \$2,700 worth of new furniture last month, police had forcibly removed him and said he could not live there. Clark had filed a \$200,-000 damage suit against the Cicero police and obtained on June 26 a Federal Court order in which police were told

"... to exercise the same diligence in see-ing that these people move in as you did in trying to keep them out."

ACLU had asked the State's Attorney for Cook County and the U.S. District Attorney to investigate.

A PLEASANT PARTY: But on the nights of July 10 and 11 mobs began attacking the apartment house, causing such terror among the occupants that they left hurriedly. As night fell on the 12th, the day the Clarks were proposed to move in a mob estimated supposed to move in, a mob estimated at 3,500 persons, armed with bricks, stones, iron pipes and other weapons, milled around and into the apartment house which it reduced to an almost

total shambles. A New York Post re-

total shambles. A New York Post reporter who was there wrote:
Shouting with manacar giee, the invaders chopped woodwork and plaster. They ripped out bathtubs, sinks, radiators and toilets. They broke down doors, smashed windows and set a dozen fires. The flames gained headway but were kept under control by firemen who were kept under a constant bombardment of bricks and stones and other missiles by those intent on burning the structure to the ground. Cook County Sheriff Rabb said the

Cook County Sheriff Babb said the police "turned their backs on the disturbance," and Illinois Gov. Adla! Stevenson ordered 500 National Guardsmen to Cicero. But while the battle raged the guardsmen remained three hours at Cicero City Hall Jaiting for "necessary papers to be signed and approved." Finally they moved to the battleground at the rate of 100 yards per hour. The rioting was under par-tial control by 2:30 A.M. but mobs were



still howling about the streets at 5:30. Tear gas was used once, to disperse one gang jammed into an alley. Asked why they did not turn their hoses on rioters, firemen said Chief Konovsky would have to give the order and he was not available.

"NO EVIDENCE": Nineteen persons, including six guardsmen and four cops, were hospitalized after the battle. Six sheriff's squad cars were wrecked. Sixty rioters were released on \$50 bond each. By Friday the area was cut off by barbed-wire barricades and martial law was in effect.

The mob consisted largely of teen-The mob consisted largely of teenagers who, said the Post, "assaulted civilians, soldiers and police alike."
The attitude of neighbors was indicated in a report by ACLU's Arthur McGiffert Jr., who said that when police forcibly removed Mr. and Mrs. Clark as they moved in their furniture, . . . a crowd of white people gathered in the street and far from manifesting hostility, some even asked what the Clarks had done.

Carrying the report of a "British."

Carrying the report of a "British peers' pub-crawl" on page 1, the N.Y. Times of July 13 ended its page 38 ac-

Times of July 13 ended its page 38 account of the Chicago incident;
Mr. Clark appeared at the U.S. Attorney's office today and requested that the Government take action. However, Asst. U.S. Atty. Lawrence J. Miller told him his office did not at this time have evidence to warrant Federal prosecution.

Life expectancy for U.S. Negroes is about 10 years shorter than for whites. Three Negroes die of tuberculosis for every one white American. — U.S. one whi













Action, Paris every 20 years?

Published weekly by Weekly Guardian Associates. Inc., 17 Murray St. New York 7. N. Y. Telephone WOrth 4-1750.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES: U.S and sions, Canada, Latin Amer ica, Philippine Islands. \$2 a year.
All other countries \$3 a year. First class and air mail rates on request. "ingle copies Sc. Re-entered as second class matter March 17, 1950 at the Post Office at New York, N. Y., under the Act of March 3, 1879.

CEDRIC BELFRAGE

JOHN T. McMANUS General Manager

JAMES ARONSON Executive Editor

EDITORIAL DEPT.: Elmer Bendiner, Lawrence Emery, Tabitha Petran. ART EDITOR: Robert Joyce. ADVERTISING: ISABel Lurie, BUSINESS AND PROMOTION: Leon Summit. SUBSCRIPTION AND CIRCULATION: George Evans. Chicago advertising and circulation: Ruth Miller, 166 W. Washington St., Randolph 6-9270.

Vol. 3. No. 39



JULY 18, 1951



More hell, less flowers

More hell, less flowers
LYONS, NEB.

WOMEN AWAKE!! "If the war
system is to continue, then let us
renounce our religion; call it the
religion of force, and let someone
else take the sacred name of Jesus
Christ and develop a religion which
will be consistent with principles
He enunciated in the New Testament. Organized Christianity must
either stop participating in wars,
or take the Sermon on the Mount
out of the Bible."—Marshal Foch,
Allied Commander, World War I.

To which I say AMEN! American
women should raise more hell—and
fewer flowers. More hell (against
war), and fewer flowers (for soldier' graves). Mrs. Harvey Sydow

Off the poon deck

Off the poop deck

Off the poop ucca.

MANCHESTER, N.H.

I wouldn't want you pooping out in the middle of the summer—so here's my small (my pay is, too) contribution. This dollar is a small price to pay for a year-round antidote to the poison spread throughout this state by the newspapers and the American Legion.

Fran Epstein

\$55,000 justice

\$55,000 justice

LOS ANGELES, CALIF.

It was not until July 3 that I received the wonderful news of the acquittal of four of the Trenton Six. I had to wait for the GUAR-DIAN because the local papers do not think it important that there may be a small measure of justice left in this nation of ours.

But the job is certainly not over. We have to free the two remaining men who are suffering because of an incredible compromise among the jurors.

What a mockery is our usage of the word justice. I once had the naive idea that justice was guaranteed by our Constitution, but justice can hardly be guaranteed to all if it costs \$55,000 to carry the appeal to the courts. Perhaps we should amend our pledge of allegiance to read "... with liberty and justice for all who can pay for it."

Baltimore fights back

Baltimore fights back

BALTIMORE. MD.
Enclosed is \$7 to take care of sub; accept the remaining \$5 as a donation to the cause of keeping this country out of the terrible catastrophes our "leaders" are lead-

Here in Baltimore the Un-American Committee is beginning its terror campaign of smearing everyone with the red taint. Just as you predicted many issues ago, the committee the committee of the c with the red taint. Just as you predicted many issues ago, the committee is calling militant union leaders to testify at its subversive hearings. This act proves that the Communists are not the ones the committee is aiming at but really anyone with the guts to stand up and give battle, politically or otherwise!

wise!

Keep up the good work! They can't stop us anymore than they can stop a tidal wave!

Ben Friedman

A full heart

MORROWVILLE, KANS.

I need a pair of new shoes but I need the GUARDIAN more. Here's \$5. I have so much in my heart and am so disgusted with the warmongers it is impossible to express myself in words.

Ruby (i. Heck

David and Goliath

ARDEN. DEL

ARDEN, DEL.

Whoever wrote the 2-column Korean war anniversary summary (p. 1—June 21) is a master mind. The glant Goliath of today's world crisis is made possible only through the monopoly ownership or control of our press, radio, screen, etc., by the big financial combinations. The "David" of the now rapidly growing peace forces in all nationally organized groups, including labor, churches, social workers, education, farm, and consumers, needs to find the effective instrument for meeting that "Giant" and defeating him.

Edwin S. Potter Warning

Warning
SOUTHERN PINES, N.C.
Will somebody warn Jesus Christ,
the Prince of Peace, against a second coming just now? With the
current PBI drive on, He'd go
straight to jail, Byrd Willson

Morality hits bottom

Morality hits bottom

BOSTON. MASS.

It is fearful fact, but none the less true, that our leadership seems more concerned with killing than with peace. Our indiscriminate bombings of the villages and towns of Korea with napalm bombs and other weapons is a shocking commentary on the low level of morality which now seems to dominate our top thinkers and leaders.

The time has come when men who believe in religious principles must exert every effort to find peaceful alternatives to the tension which exists between East and West.

"Operation Killer," and "meat grinder" tactics must be ended.

Frank M. Buan Jr.

The DuBois indictment

MONTREAL, CAN.

I write to you with sorrow in my heart at the all-embracing crueity and wanton disregard which the American government today is manifesting towards its most creative

REPORT TO READERS FROM A READER

The Guardian is up to us

PALO ALTO, CALIF

Dear Fellow Readers: All of us, I suppose, belong to various groups working for civil lib-erties, racial equality, and the like. We are pretty well drained financially by our contributions to these. Yet we must find money to keep up the GUARDIAN. For the GUARDIAN em-braces all these interests, keeps us informed on their progress, ties them into a program, serves as a rallying point for all our concerns.

The program is the thing. In 1948 the GUARDIAN backed a program, a domestic polley that perhaps won the election for the party that borrowed it, a foreign policy that was sane, friendly, Christian, reakstic, directed toward world welfare and peace. It holds to that program, developing it with the times, welcoming adherents by that standard, no other.

It seems to me a special merit of the GUAR-DIAN not to have in any degree adopted anticommunism as a political weapon. Any man surely does right to hold an anti-communist ideology if he has been convinced by study of

principles and facts. But anti-communism as principles and facts. But anti-communism as a slogan, a bludgeon, a blind, is another matter and works harm to our country. It has stifled reasoning, shut out investigation, cultivated hysteria, brutality, espionage, tamecatism, worship of force, permitted intimidation of justice, divided and crippled organized labor, rejected negotiation and brought war. By keeping American attention concentrated on Puesia and communication if has affectively discontinuous and communication of the concentrated on Puesia and communication in the affectively discontinuous concentrated on the conce Russia and communism, it has effectively di-verted our attention from the decline in our national welfare and the menace to representative government at home.

To put a liberal program into force

keep up political action. The GUARDIAN keeps us informed on local activities in a way that binds us together. For the national struggle, it keeps up an organization fluid enough to respond to great occasions as they may arise. For instance, if a liberal party should take a fresh start in liberated labor, the GUARDIAN, I take it, stands ready to lead us into it.

We must save the GUARDIAN.

Alice Hill Byrne

and finest citizens. I speak now of the indictment of Dr. DuBois. Such men make "love" and "brother-hood" and "unity" become real by their life's actions and give courage by their steadfastness to all of us who strain and strive for a world at peace. Annette from Quebec

The united majority

The united majority

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y.

This is no time for philosophical hair-splitting or intellectual gnat-straining. All liberals must unite: labor groups, liberal, religious groups, the arts and sciences, racial groups—on every level. Our duty and our necessity are one. United we are the majority. Dorsey Roth

A cool breez.

HEYBURN, IDAHO
Please find \$2 inclosed in this
letter to help fight the hot foul
air generated in hate.
Charley Miller



Daily Express, London "But Willy darling, it it's bad form to make jokes about Americans, and tactless to ask diplomats where

A word on Werdel

A word on Werdel

LOS ANGELES, CALIF.

The speech in Congress by Bakersfield (Calif.) Rep. Thomas H. Werdel is a lot more important than you made it seem. You failed to emphasize that this is an open plan for "force and violence" and that Werdel's language infers flatly that this plan has been accepted by the Joint Chiefs of Staff. The "11," though presumably convicted for advocating a plan to overthrow the govt. by force, cannot match this now official (tho still pretty secret) plan in the Pentagon.

Compare the full text of the Guderian Plan read into Werdel's speech on April 3 with the original Hopley Plan (f'viil Defense for Nati. Security, Report to the Secy. of Defense by the Office of Civil Defense Planning, available in 1948 from Govt. Printing Office for \$1)—and you will note that the Forrestal-Hopley blueprint shows direct evidence of being influenced by Guderian's views. Werdel's data convinces me he himself doesn't make the connection. But remember that Ickes and even Winchell attacked this "little grey pamphlet" as a "bluenrint for fascism."

I am telling all my resectionary acquaintances to write Werdel for s

I am telling all my reactionary acquaintances to write Werdel for a

full copy of his speech and bone up on all the "secret" documents which the American people have every right to know about. Erma Dutton

Prettiest gals in town

NEW YORK, N. Y.
How about this thought female readers? The GU How about this thought for your female readers? The GUARDIAN can't very well use last year's funds—and wouldn't try using last year's news—but as for us gals, if we're smart, we'll freshen up last year's summer clothes and wear them proudly—after we've sent the money and have thus saved our newspaper.

Helen Levine

Untouched by human . . .

MANCHESTER. VT.
This is written with due appreciation to the Truman foreign

ciation policy:

TAKE MY SALAD . . .

I NEVER TOUCHED IT Out of the warm American heart To Asia and Europe we freely impart

Impart
Freedom and Justice, we guarantee.
Our Nation's honor, our Nation's

cked in cold storage since Roose-velt died.

Marshall F. Dubin

Mare and Harry

NEW ORLEANS, LA.
Glad to see FWR, Santa Barbara,

proposing Marcantonio for President on a Third Party ticket, as he is the one we have thought of right along. Why not Harry Bridges as V.P.? We need more union candidates and workers, Bridges is surely as near the Debs tradition as any man alive today. Would also like to see some women placed as candidates.

E. S. C. R.

Feeble labor

SAN LUIS OBISPO, CALLF.

The country cries for a Karl Liebknecht, but none appears; but better than a hundred Liebknechts
would be a UNIFIED LABOR
MOVEMENT WITH A CLEAR UNDERSTANDING OF ITS HISTORIC
MISSION.

Looks from here as if our feeble
imitation of a militant labor movement is more docide than the German Socialist Party was in 1914,
when they voted for the war budget.

Mac

The price of things

The price of things
CHICAGO, ILL.
Enclosed find my check. It is all I can spare for now. But I will not say it is all I can afford. What we can't "afford" is for this priceless voice to expire. If necessary whittle the GUARDIAN down to postage stamp size and use micro-type—I'll read it with a magnifying glass.

More when I'm able, C.V. Hubbard

Let loose the tiger?

It has long since passed the hour when we of the Civil Rights Congress should have congratulated you and the staff of the GUARDIAN for the magnificent manner in which you handled not only the fight for the lives of the Trenton Six, but of all the recent cases in which the constitutional liberties and human rights of Americans were so greatly jeopardized. I think it must be said very clearly that had it not been for the role that the GUARDIAN played in the fight of the Trenton Six, those six innocent men might all of them now have been dead, instead of four walking again in freedom.

Progressive America is truly facing a momentous hour.

The efforts to stay the retreat of those who have been dismayed by the seeming strength of reaction, and to galvanize into action those who are hesitating, must be intensified

one hundred-fold.

one hundred-fold.

It seems strange to me that at such an hour as this Roger Baldwin or Arthur Garfield Hays could not be implored to call a monster meeting here in the City of New York in defense of the Bill of Rights. Surely if their voices were raised in a plea for unity and for action thousands of men and women could be brought together to prepare for the struggle to halt reaction. In 1932 I was in Germany, and I remember there were men who said, "Let them loose the tiger—he will only prey on those whom we ourselves dislike." Those men are dead today.

I am wondering if it is not possible to point out to these individuals more directly and more sharply that the arrests of men and women like Frederick V. Field, Dr. Alpheus Hunton, Elizabeth Moos, Dr. W. E. B. DuBois and Dashiell Hammett indicate that reaction is entirely bereft of all decency. I believe it has overplayed its hand, and that we cannot in a reasonably short period cry "check-mate"

we cannot in a reasonably short period cry "check-mate" unless men whose voices will be heard far and wide speak out—and that, too, from a public platform.

It is a wonderful thing to see your voice reaching into the highways and byways of the country with an honest appraisal of the period in which we live.

WILLIAM L. PATTERSON

National Executive Secretary Civil Rights Congress

Give a Guardian sub today to build the peace paper S2 for 52 weeks. □ \$1 trial, 30 weeks. NAME (Print) ADDRESS & ZONE NUMBER · List additional subs on separate sheet of paper SENDER ADDRESS NATIONAL GUARDIAN 17 Murray St., New York 7, N. Y.

drive hits snags Post-Korea war

(Continued from Page 1)

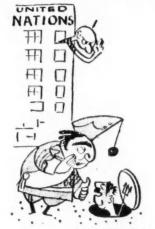
feeling against what is considered as much too conciliatory an agreement" (the Philippines had asked \$8,000,000,000 in reparations); "sour disapproval" in Hong Kong; dissatisfaction in Indonesia and France over the reparations ban; in Britain over failure to limit Japan's competing textile and shipban; in Britain over failure to limit Japan's competing textile and ship-building industries. London saw the provision permitting Japan to decide for itself "which Chinese government should sign" as

. . tantamount to British acceptance of America's original proposal that the Chiang Kal-shek regime be permitted to sign for China. In view of America's paramount position in Japan they believe Japan will not feel free to recognize the Peking regime even if it desired to do so. (N. V. Herald Tribune).

War drive in Europe

The President asked Congress to end the technical state of war with Ger-many in a move to speed West Ger-many's participation as a full Western ally. West Germany demanded as its price return of the Saar (already promised, according to Bonn officials), aboli-tion of the Ruhr Authority, the Occu-pation Statute, the Inter-Allied High Commission.

Amid reports that Franco would reshuffle his tottering dictatorship to try to stave off collapse, eight U.S. senators, members of the Foreign Relations Committee, arrived in Madrid to study Spain's inclusion in the Atlantic Pact (they were also going to Greece and Turkey for the same purpose). Adm. Sherman, Chief of Naval Operations, headed for "military discussions" in Spain. On Monday Britain's Foreign Office warned Washington against



"I'll leave the back door open. Heil!"

making any alliance with Franco. In Milan U.S. un'on leaders got the

2nd World Congress of the rightist Free Trade Union Confdn. to agree to de-mands on the French and Italian governments for help in crushing the left-ist trade union federations in those countries. They demanded the govern-ments withdraw recognition, halt wel-fare payments, end collective bargain-ing rights for these unions.

Congress voted another \$1,000,000,000 for air bases in Europe, Africa, Britain; the Pentagon announced acquisition of seven A-bomb bases in Morocco, and agreement with Saudi Arabia for use of its strategic Dhahran field for five years. A drive to expand the air force from 95 to 150 groups at a cost of \$96,000,000,000 in three years began.

THE FREEDOM THEY WANT: As Washington's "free world defense" drive washington's free world detense drive accelerated, the peoples showed mounting horror of being harnessed to it. Columnist Joseph Alsop, back from Europe and the Middle East, reported U.S. allies suffering "an almost hysterical fear" that "they will be plunged into an unnecessary war." German 'e-armament, he said, "pleases no one." The N. Y. Times News Service said a recent High Commission poll found only
43% of West Germans supporting rearmament even if it included full and

equal Atlantic Pact membership:
The results . . . contrast sharply with recent statements abroad to the effect that
the Germans are shifting toward support

continuations committee was being formed to include all the more than 100 labor organizations (AFL, CIO and independent) that participated the Chicago congress. More than 60 nominations are already in, he re-ported. The aim: to form labor peace groups in every city represented at the congress.

TIME IS RIPE: In San Francisco the executive board of the Intl. Longshoremen's & Warehousemen's Union adoptpeace resolution:

If the American people, and especially organized labor, raise their voices now, in a determined effort to end the Korean war and to move in the direction of the restoration of economic stability in the country, there is every likelihood that at this time such voices will be heard.

In Baltimore the Maryland Committee for Peace opened a postcard campaign to the President, mobilized support among local unionists and clerygymen for the truce efforts in Korea; 27 clergymen promptly respon-ed by sending an Appeal for Peace to the President and to UN Secy. Gen. Lie.

A local mimeographed peace petition circulated through the mails in Wilmington, Del., kicked up a small storm; eritical publicity caused two of five signers to repudiate their signatures. But the weekly Wilmington Suburban News took a stand:

Certainly the desire for peace is uppermost in the minds of millions of Americans, as well as peoples throughout the world, and in our opinion those responsible for the circulation of the letter were working in a good cause, and their work should be commended instead of condemned. . . We hasten to congratulate those responsible for it, if it will move our nation just a little bit toward the peace so many of us want.

LABEL-PROOF: Rita Morgan, a New York City High school teacher and head of her department, faced charges by the schools superintendent for addressing a peace meeting in East Har-lem. She turned out to be an active Quaker with a long record of service here and abroad which won her many

here and abroad which won her have honors. She said:

"I'll walk along with anyone going in my direction... On moral and religious grounds as a Quaker, I believe that there is God in every man—including the Communists. Are we going to shut up because we believe in peace? The Communists believe in peace, too. I feel that people shouldn't shut up in talking about peace just because Communists talk about peace.

This mass hysteria... is dangerous."

It looked like the superintendent would back down.

CURTAIN - CRASHERS: Quakers in London were active, too. Seven of them,



all prominent, planned a mission to Moscow to promote understanding be-tween the peoples of the two countries. Paul Robeson, as delegate to the

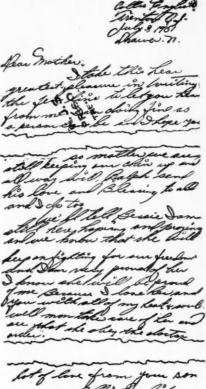
World Peace Council, announced forts would go on to win admission forts would go on to win admission for the full Council to confer with the UN; Jacob Malik, Soviet UN delegate, as president for June of the Security Council had invited the World Council delegates, but the U.S. refused entry. (The Council's world-wide signature campaign for a Big Five peace pact has already swelled to 343,000,000 names). Attorneys for Dr. W. E. B. DuBois and four other former officers of the Peace Information Center were in Paris, to take deposition from heads of the World Peace Council to answer a U.S. indictment for failing to register

of the World Peace Council to answer a U. S. indictment for failing to register as "foreign agents." At home, 220 leading Negro and white citizens in "A Statement to the American People" urged that the indictment be quashed. The annual convention of the Natl.

Assn. for the Advancement of Colored People announced its "unalterable op-

position" to the indictment.

In the far Northwest preparations were on for a second annual rally for peace July 29 at the Peace Arch standing at the U.S.-Canadian border near Blaine, Wash. The arch was erected in 1921; last year more than 3,000 youth from both countries gathered there for an international rally.



alli day 2 Rick Collis English writes

Collis English, who with Ralph Cooper was sentenced to life in prison in the second Trenton Six trial, writes from the prison to his mother, Mrs. Emma English. Above are excerpts from the letter. Efforts to raise money for the

appeal continue.

EDUCATION

Educators do some healthy deploring

AN educational discourse by Farle Cocke Jr., American Legion national commander who last April awarded the Legion's Medal of Merit to dictator Franco of Spain, highlighted the 89th annual convention of the Natl. Educa-tion Assn. in San Francisco. Five thousand delegates came to discuss educa-tional problems and heard Cocke urge NEA to join the campaign for universal military training, which Congress had adopted "in principle" with "the real battle yet to come." Cocke also told the educators that "communism in America must be made a crime."

Hysteria and economic pressure could Hysteria and economic pressure could not squelch some courageous voices at the convention. Said Dr. Willard B. Spaulding, dean of Illinois University's School of Education:

"It is amazing to find that many outspoken advocates of rugged individualism support legislation requiring loyalty oaths. They are apparently unaware that such oaths are directly opposed to the Individual freedom which they advocate...": Martin Essex.

freedom which they advocate..."

"IT'S GETTING SO ...": Martin Essex, schools Supt. in Lakewood, O., said:

"The American curriculum is in grave danger of becoming a hollow shell because the teacher and the school board are assuming voluntary censorship to the point that whatever might offend someone, no matter how true it is, is kept out of the classroom. It's getting so that if we feel something is going to be controversial, we jerk it out of the curriculum."

The Classroom Teachers' Dept., largest of NEA's 21 units, adopted a resolu-

est of NEA's 21 units, adopted a resolu-

est Of NEA'S 21 units, adopted a resolu-tion declaring:

The Dept, reaffirms its faith in the demo-eratic process and deplores the enactment of discriminatory legislation eensor-sbip of texts, periodicals and conduct of courses. . . We again proclaim our devo-tion to the cause of academic freedom of instruction.

The classroom teachers also deplored any restrictions on their rights to "participate fully in political campaigns." Another resolution to the full

paigns. Another resolution to the lon-convention asserted that teachers should give the truth of war's ... cost in human life, ideas, and material wealth; its persistence in the history of all nations, the danger of its recurrence, and the need for continuous international cooperation to secure and maintain a peace-ful world.



ANTI-U.S. DEMONSTRATION Iranians show Sam the way out

of rearmament. ... Only a minute portion of the German people know the exact ex-tent of the rearmament planned by the government and the allies.

Richard Wilson, Minneapolis Star Washington correspondent, reported that the most experienced military

... recognize we may have to fight alone against Russia..., that all the help, mili-tary and economic, which we have given to England and France may be lost.

In the U.S. bastion of Greece, where strikers are threatened with death and strikers are threatened with death and imprisonment, 100,000 civil servants remained on strike for a 50% wage raise despite demands and pleas of U.S. Ambassador Peurifoy. Tobacco and railroad workers voted strike action—food prices have soared 15 to 115% in the past year, and even the Conservative press refers to "starving employees." Under Washington pressure the Greek cabinet was being almost daily re-shuffled in an apparently vain effort to meet the politico-economic crisis.

The Arab cauldron

In the Middle East the N.Y. Times reported Arabs increasingly resentful of Western interference. Two opposi-tion parties in Iraq called for "strict neutrality" between East and West; partisans of peace were "making un-expected headway" in Bagdad. The Egyptian government was forced to ban anti-imperialist demonstrations July 11, anniversary of the British bombardment of Alexandria. In the Sudan Britain proclaimed a state of emergency to half widesyneed strikes Western interference. Two opposi-

emergency to halt widespread strikes.
In Iran, a huge popular demonstration shouting against the U.S. and imperialism greeted President Truman's emissary Averell Harriman. The U.S. agreement with Iran that Hariman should mediate also angered the British, who fear U.S. designs on Iranian oil British Ambassadas Sis Francis British Ambassador Sir Francis Shepherd, "irritated and flushed" (N. Y. Herald Tribune), told a press con-

"What's the use of Harriman flying here?
... We are not inviting mediation in this matter,"

PEACE

APC leaders map post-Chicago drive

WHILE peace groups everywhere WHILE peace groups everywhere were writing and wiring the President to do all possible to assure success of cease-fire talks in Korea, leaders of the American Peace Crusade from 30 states met in Chicago for follow-up plans to their June Peace Congress. In the works: 1,000,000 messages to the President urging not only peace in the Far East but Big Power negotiations on all world problems; 100,000 peace meetings and talks throughout the U.S.; a series of delegations to UN and U. S. officials.

Marcel Scherer, coordinator of the

Marcel Scherer, coordinator of the Labor Conference for Peace, said 2

ECONOMY

Congress lifts the profit lid, puts vast squeeze on the people

By Tabitha Petran

(Most Americans — certainly most GUARDIAN readers—work with hand or brain for small salaries; having neither time nor energy to read the business pages and journals, they get their education in economics from the price-tags in stores where they must buy. As one of the services the GUAR-DIAN regularly offers its readers DIAN regularly offers its readers, Tabitha Petran covers economic develop-ments and the business press with an expert eye, boils down into simple form the realities of the war-geared U.S. economy which places a daily tighter squeeze on the man and woman in the street. Below Miss Petran digests and analyzes the economic picture as it looked last week, as truce talks got under way in Korea. Ed.)

WHILE Wall St. brooded about what it called the "Malik depression," the Administration moved to rush through Congress its mobilization pro to rush gram: its Defense Production Act (DPA), its \$10,000,000,000 tax rise, its requests for \$8,500,000,000 in foreign requests for \$8,500,000,000 in loreign military aid and \$59,000,000,000 for arms in fiscal 1952. Seeking to whip up enthusiasm were General Electric's Charles E. Wilson, who as mobil zation tsar suggested the Soviet truce proposal was a plot to wreck U.S. proposal was a plot to wreck U.S. mobilization, and Textile Workers Emil Rieve, who as head of CIO's Economic Policy Committee said: "Soviet Ambassador Malik's truce was timed deliberately to weaken the act [DPA]."

Their fears seemed groundless. Capitol Hill, as well as the White House, appeared in complete agreement with the N. Y. World-Telegram business editor who called a return to peacetime economy "unthinkable." Behind a smokescreen of "national defense" and "fighting inflation," Congressmen of both parties joined with lobbyists, corporation officials in and out of Communication of the control of the contro poration officials in and out of Government. Administration bureaucrats, to gouge more profits out of the people's living standards.



Drawing by Fred Wright

Defense Production Act

The 1950 DPA, which expired June 30. froze wages, "controlled" prices by guaranteeing increases and more prof-"controlled" its. Every DPA regulation was designed to maintain profit margins. Last spring to maintain profit margins. Last spring the President demanded DPA's extension without substantial change. Dur-ing a one-month extension voted by Congress the Senate wrote a new draft. congress the senate wrote a new draft, scrapping authority to rollback prices, and insuring (said Administration officials) a \$1-a-day increase in living costs of the average family.

Last week the House, besieged by lobbyists, voted still more profit-gouging amendments. It banned livestock slaughtering quotas (a weapon against the black market), imports of goods that compete with U.S. farm products, that compete with U.S. farm products, use of subsidies to hold down food prices, curbed power to prohibit hoarding. Altogether big business lobbyists prepared 100 or more amendments to raise prices. Of one amendment introduced by Rep. Lucas, which would aboiish the present Wage

Stabilization Board, board chairman Taylor said it would end the right to

Labor

The United Labor Policy Committee (AFL, CIO, railroad brotherhoods) which walked out of the mobilization setup but returned two months ago because, it said, of its confidence in the new control bills—issued emergency appeals to unionists for pressure on Congressmen. After a meeting with the President, ULPC told a closed con-ference of 170 House members it would defy wage controls unless an effective price-control bill were passed. (Mean-while Harry Bridges' ILWU followed John L. Lewis' Miners in calling for abolition of all "price-wage controls.")

Response to ULPC's appeal was meagre; its bargaining power on Capiwas tol Hill was practically gone. In the Senate fight it mustered only 25 votes for continuing rollbacks—an all-time low. Factors in its failure were:

• Its policy of identifying price control with the war program, which has undermined the entire fight for genuine controls:

• Its support for the President's control program—in fact, a dressed-up wage freeze;

• Its continued backing of an Administration which has repeatedly kicked labor in the teeth.

This month the Senate Labor Committee issued a report on the Adminis-tration's handling of the railroad workers' demands. Signed by seven Demo-cratic senators, it depicted the President as a ruthless enemy of labor who has used the full power of government and courts against legitimate worker demands. The President's Atty. Gen. McGrath last week asked Congress to tighten up the anti-Communist provisions of the Taft-Hartley Law.

THE LOST DOLLAR: While labor is above the Jan., 1950 level, prices have the tup 25%. The new revised cost-of living index of the Bureau of Labor Statistics, worse than the old one, showed a rise in that period of $9\frac{1}{2}$ %. The gross inaccuracies of the BLS index were exposed at House subcommittee hearings by United Electrical Workers (GUARDIAN, May 2), but last week the committee shut up shop without taking up these basic questions.

Labor's real earnings meanwhile were falling. The latest BLS monthly report of spendable average weekly earnings showed a drop of almost \$1 from Dec showed a drop of almost \$1 from Dec., 1950, to March, 1951—in 1938 dollars from \$33.77 to \$32.37 a week for workers with three dependents. Yet the Journal of Commerce (July 12) estimated an overall labor productivity increase of 5% from May, 1950 to May, 1951, adding: "In civilian manufacturing, increases of 10% and more must have been fairly common over the past ar." Productivity increases are due speed-up and installation of laborsaving machinery.

Arms and Taxes

Washington correspondents ported that the Administration, as in the 1948 Taft-Hartley fight, was put-ting up a sham battle for price con-trols: at first compromising with the Dixiecrat-GOP coalition, then collapsing. At the end of last week the President said he had done all he could. dent said he had done all he could. But he was using every weapon at his command, including patronage, to insure passage of the full tax and arms program. The Wall Street Journal, reporting that "truce or not" the arms and tax program would go through, said the Senate would scrap the so-called 'soak-the-rich" provisions of the House tax bill and would add excise (sales) taxes to balance its cuts on (sales) taxes to balance its cuts on House-approved tightening of corporation taxes

A plea for lifting the tax load on lower incomes, made by United Elec-



Wall Street Journal

"Two pounds of steak. Would you like it gift-wrapped?

trical Workers, was ignored. UE testimony before the Senate Finance Committee showed the falsity of the Administration theory that inflation is caused by too much money in the pockets of consumers. They just don't have it. Using government statistics, UE showed that one in three U.S. famlies gets less than \$2,000 a year, 53% less than \$3,000, while \$3,700 is the necessary minimum for a decent standard of living. A worker with three dependents earning \$65 a week, or \$3,300 a year (more than the \$64 average wage in manufacturing, est-paid), now pays \$720 in federal, state and local taxes. He will pay \$750 if the House bill is passed, \$788 if the Truman program is adopted.

"Malik depression"

The Journal of Commerce reported July 10: "Drive to Keep Defense Pro-gram at Full Blast Brings Market Rally." A survey published the same day found "many industrialists" prepared to accept price controls if only the defense program is kept "at or close to levels mapped by the Administration." Although the Monthly Letter of the National City Bank insisted business. ness would welcome peace so it could return to "its natural function of increasing the flow of goods to consumers and raising the standard of living," government and business figures showed consumer's priced out of the market.

The Dept. of Commerce reported business inventories (stocks on hand) reached the record level in May of \$69,700,000,000. Commented the Journal of Commen reached the record level in May of \$69,700,000,000. Commented the Journal of Commerce: "Industry continued to grind out goods faster than the public would buy them. "The pile-up was in products ranging from cars to hardware and clothing.

The Wall St. Journal (July 7) said: "Retail trade will soon look super sick in comparison with year-ago volume. It added (July 12) that retailers were

Carmakers have somehow managed to ob-tain enough materials to keep their sched-ules at what could be called pretty high levels, Real reason was seen in declining

rushing to unload heavy inventories, with generally indifferent results.

AUTOS: With some 600,000 new cars stacked unpurchased in showrooms and

3,500,000 used cars in lots, about 100,-000 auto workers were laid off or un-

employed in Detroit. Auto companies

blamed the 35% cutback in steel; but the automotive editor of the Detroit

News commented:

sales which have run consistently below a year ago for the past three months.

FIVE IN A FIX: Production cutbacks, 3- and 4-day work weeks, wide-scale layoffs were also common in textiles. The Wall St. Journal called this "one lavoffs the sickest summers that textile

makers have known in years," adding:
The illness has been brought on by the
inability of the buying public to keep absorbing the huge flow of cloth from U.S.
weaving plants.

One big wool weaver reported civilian business "non-existent." He added, according to the Journal: "If it weren't for government orders, we'd be in a terrible fix."

The Journal of Commerce reported a "none too favorable" outlook for the "none too favorable" outlook for the shoe business, which has been kept going with military orders. Military business, it said, would now be cutback. In rubber circles, it said, the principal concern is "the prospect of burdensome surpluses." A cotton surplus was also in sight. European buying of wheat and cotton was expected to be cut by the necessity to buy coal from the U. S., to keep arms factories going.

THE PROP AND THE PEACE: One of the biggest props under the post-war boom has been business expen-diture for new plant and equipment, which reached a new high in 1951's second quarter — 48% above 1950's second quarter and \$5.000,000,000 above 1951's first — or an annual rate of \$25,680,000,000. The DPA tax amortization provision, which allows business huge write-offs for expenditures for de-fense plants, headed it to new highs. Tax write-offs have been permitted for everything, however remote from defense: cardboard, lumber, nylon, woolen cloth. Also, according to stabilizer Eric Johnston, 40 to 50% of the arms budget has gone to plant building and expansion. The result has been a big increase in U.S. industrial ca-(39% overall above 1946, and pacity 105% above 1939), intensifying the contradiction between industry's capacity to produce and consumers' to pay.

Business is worried that a Korean truce would bring a decline in these expenditures. A Wall St. Journal survey found "a wide divergence of op nion sweeping industry"; some businessmen were going ahead with plant ex-



pansion but others were already holdpansion but others were already hold-ing back. It found some consumer goods businesses already cutting ex-pansion plans because of the slump in retail sales. Others said high inven-tories, government materials allocations and high taxes would force cuts.

In this uncertain situation the Journal of Commerce complained that government was not being sufficiently specific and reassuring about defense spending. "The rate of defense spending," it said, 'would make the difference between a relatively stable economy and a 'boom and bust' cycle."

Use old GUARDIANS to win new subscribers. Mail them to your friends. A simple, open-end wrapper and a 1c stamp will do the job.

How crazy can you get dept.

(The GUARDIAN solicits short pressitems from any part of the U.S. suitable for publication under this heading. A gift sub. for yourself or a friend will be awarded for each item published. Mark envelope: "CRAZY DEPT.")

A web system would be used by underground Communists syste-matically to kill civilian defense officials and workers during a Soviet air raid. Small groups of Reds in an organized network would — by vari-ous spider-like ruses — entice a civilian defense warden into an open position where he could be garrotted with the "cheese-cutter," knifed, shot or run down by a vehicle. In the last month underground Communists have been instructed in the use of this system.

N. Y. Herald Tribune, July 16

"WE'VE SUFFERED SO MUCH NOW WE'LL NEVER GIVE IN"

New Mexico Empire Zinc strike holds solid in 9th month

THE Silver City mining district of New Mexico is the home of Billy the Kid and the giant mining corporations which extract fortunes in copper, lead and zinc—Kennicott, American Smelting & Refining, U.S. Smelting & Refining, Illinois Zinc, New Jersey Zinc.

Most workers in the district are Mexican-Americans; most are poor and live in decrepit housing on the hot, dry, dusty land. For years they have been treated as second-class citizens: the area is still known as the "meanest for discrimination in New Mexico"—a reputation built by the mining corpora-

Silver City district is also the home of the Amalgamated Local 890, Intl. Union of Mine, Mill & Smelter Workers—1,400-strong, militant, and just about the only thing in the area not dominated by the corporations. Local 890 has led the fight to end discrimination against Mexican-Americans and for december union contracts. decent union contracts. They have been successful at all the companies except New Jersey Zinc, which operates the Empire Zinc Division at Hanover, N.M.

WHAT THE UNION ASKED: Last fall the E-Z what the UNION ASRED: Last fall the E-Z miners, tired of working under conditions everywhere else obsolete, asked for a contract similar to those at the other mines. Among the demands: 8-hour day, paid vacations, pay for all time underground, health insurance, sick benefits, one rate of pay for a given job. (N. J. Zinc cleared \$10.024,294 in profits in 1950).

The company said "No." Not only that but, international representative Clint Jencks said: "They even claim unions have no right to raise such questions." A dozen meetings brought no results.

On Oct. 17, 1950, the workers at E-Z walked out. The strike involved more than 90 families and about 500 people. Strike leader Ernesto Velasquez, a young veteran with four dependents, said:

"If Empire Zinc thinks its workers have nothing to say about their working conditions, they'll wait a helt of a long time to have us produce their ore."

N. J. Zinc is a tough outfit: it has broken every strike challenge to its theory that "we know what is best for our workers." It can get tough in other warters too. For example, during World War II it restricted production of zinc in the U.S. while helping zinc output in Germany. Special Asst. Atty. Gen. Allen Dobey said N. J. Zinc "made a vital and substantial contribution to the German war machine".

THE ATTACK BEGINS: Last winter E-Z's strike-busting apparatus went into operation. Strikers were provoked into fights, arrested, framed on charges pulled out of a hat. Personal letters and bribes went out to entice them back to work. There were attempts to starve out families. Full-page ads misrepresented the workers' demands, got laughs from the workers who were addressed in them as "Mister." A striker commented:

"They don't call you mister when you're down in the hole breakin' your back."

The line held solid. Nobody ate well, but nobody starved. Mine-Mill members at other mines assessed themselves \$1 a month to help out E-Z families. The AFL and the Railroad Brotherhood in the area pitched in. Food, clothing and cash came but it cost \$4,000 a month to pay for the bare necessities.

In spite of all provocation, the picketing was peaceful. Business and professional people of Bayara, Santa Rita, Hurley, Silver City and Hanover were sympathetic. Nothing went in or out of Empire "except the birds and the breeze."

THE WOMEN: Despite the old Spanish-Catholic traditions in the border-strip area, there was a revolutionary change among the strikers' womenfolk: more and more women became involved in the strike. They went on radio programs, drew up leaf-

How E-Z pays off

THIS is the story of John Fletcher, retired E-Z hoistman, who worked for the firm 34 years and never had anything to do with the union. When he retired he asked E-Z how much pension was coming to him and was told \$64 a month. At El Paso the Social Security field office told him Uncle Sam would pay him \$38 a month. That came to \$102, so Fletcher thought he'd try to make a go of it. a go of it.

When E-Z heard Fletcher was getting \$38 social When E-Z heard Fletcher was getting \$38 social security, they subtracted that from his \$64 and sent him a monthly check for \$22. His total pension thus was \$60 a month. Fletcher took this for three years until the Social Security was upped recently. His U.S. check was increased \$24.50, making his total monthly pension \$84.50. When E-Z heard about this, they cut retcher's pension without notice from \$22 to \$5 a month. without notice from \$22 to \$5 a month.

For 33 years' service.

lets, wrote letters to the papers, formed groups to visit and pep up discouraged wives, gave parties, cooked food for the strikers, took care of one another's kids. Said Daria Chavez, president of the Hanover Auxiliary:

"Yes, we're all a little worn down. Sometimes it seems like it will never end. But this strike has done so much for us. I didn't know enough. Now look! You couldn't drag him in to work—or any of the other men—until they win. We know the company hopes they can starve us out... but they won't. We're going to get our just demands."

The company was just as determined that they would not. On June 3 it brought its "labor relations" would not. On June 3 it brought its "labor relations" man from New York with a special strike-breaking formula. A conference was called in the office of E-Z's attorney, Joseph Woodburry, at which Sheriff L. K. Goforth and Dist. Atty. Tom Foy were present with other company officials. E-Z handed Goforth a check for \$1,000, which he placed in his personal bank account, to pay salaries for 24 special deputies who would, in effect, be paid company gunmen. (He freed. They went right back on the line and no scabs

went through.

The union had brought charges against the com-

the timon had brought charges against the company for refusing to bargain, and on June 22 NLRB hearings opened in the Grant County Courthouse.

The government attorney listed nine counts against the company, charging deliberate violation of the law in their attempt to smash the union. The company attorney made no reply. Not one reporter from press or radio was present, although the picket line violence had made page 1 all over the state. Discontinuous control of the state of the picket line violence had made page 1 all over the state. line violence had made page 1 all over the state. Distrist Judge Marshall gave the company 10 days to reply.

THEY DIDN'T BUDGE: That same week Local 890 received a wire from Cyrus Ching, director of the U.S. Mediation Service, asking for a special meeting to try to settle the strike. The union agreed immediately and a meeting was scheduled in El Paso for July 5. But on July 4, Judge Marshall released a letter which in effect told E-Z it need not enter



E-Z DOES IT - THE HARD WAY

A brave armed deputy sheriff struggles with two women on the line

was able to corral only 17.

SCARCE SCABS: On June 11, E-Z announced it would reopen its mines. But scabs were hard to find and only four former employes showed up. Some high school students were recruited. A picket line was circling the road leading to the strikebound property. Goforth pulled Jencks out of the line and told him to halt the line. Jencks refused and was arrested.

"Shall we pick up the rest of them?" a deputy asked. Goforth nodded and the deputies arrested 11 men, a 50-year-old woman and a 5-year-old child. They were charged with obstructing a public road. Replacements filled the line immediately.

Replacements filled the line immediately.

A federal judge granted E-Z an injunction to keep the road open, without a hearing, in violation of New Mexico law. The strikers held a meeting from 9 p.m. to 2:30 a.m. While the men talked, the women acted. Noting that the injunction applied only to "members of the union," they picked up the signs and got on the line. They sent the remaining men off the line, elected captains, sent recruiting agents out for more women, set up four-hour shifts around the clock—and virtually took over the strike.

MASS ARRESTS: On June 16 the mass arrests started. The sheriff and his deputies picked up 40 women and their children and was forced to hire a bus to take them to jail and to two hotels when the jail got too them to jail and to two hotels when the jail got too full. But as fast as the arrested women went off (100 were taken in all) others poured down from the hills. The deput es moved in with tear gas and roughed up the women. The pickets moved up the hill long enough to let the tear gas disperse and then reformed to block the way to the scabs. "No los dejan!" they shouted. ("Don't let them!").

Many children were taken to jail. One baby was forced to go without milk for 12 hours. Charges of unlawful assembly were placed against the pickets. "No charges were brought against 17 children," reported the Albuquerque (N.M.) Journal with a straight face. One g'rl of 15 complained:

"I told them they could go ahead and charge me if they wanted to, I fought the cops just as bard as any of the others. Why, I bit one of them and spit in another's eye."

NO TAKERS: The sheriff offered to let anyone free who would promise not to picket again, but no one took the offer. "We'll stay here together or go free together," the women said. Finally after a telephone call from the Governor's office, the women were

negotiations in good faith because it could count on a permanent injunction against the strikers, their famil'es and their friends. This action was taken five days in advance of the time (July 9) that the judge had set for filing of briefs.

The conciliation meeting was held but recessed after two days. Orville Larson, Mine-Mill v.ce-presi-

ent, said:

"The union entered the negotiation in a sincere attempt to end the long strike. It is obvious, however, that N.J. Zinc has no intention of seeking a peaceful solution... The position of the company has not changed one iota in a year.... It is regrettable that N.J. Zinc prefers to conduct their negotiations through the medium of injunctions, scabs and gunmen rather than across the bargaining table.... The strike cannot be broken."

The international union asked the federal government to call all parties in the strike to Washing-

the international union asked the lederal government to call all parties in the strike to Washingto "to prevent tragic consequences" (a few days ago a child was knocked down by a strikebreaker's car). Sens. Murray (D-Mont.) and Humphrey (D-Minn.) were asked to open an investigation in Hanover where, the union charged, law enforcement agencies had completely addicated their duties. had completely abdicated their dut'es.

THE BIG ISSUE: Last week it became clear that far more was at stake than the fate of a few hundred E-Z strikers. In Denver, representatives of 80,000 non-ferrous metal workers called on major corporations in the industry to "end the stalling and get down to genuine bargaining" on 1951 contracts. For two months the corporations have refused to bargain seriously, although most contracts expired June 30. If the E-Z strike is broken, it will open the door to union busting in the entire industry. If the E-Z strike is won, the corporations will be forced to bargain in good faith. bargain in good faith.

Meanwhile, in Hanover the struggle goes on. The business people of Central, N.M., and the City Council of Bayard have petitioned the company to negotiate a settlement. The union lines are holding. In the face of hardship and hungry bellies and deputies' clubs, the strikers and their families are determined to win. Mrs. Braulia Velasquez spoke for them all when she told Virginia Jencks in jail:

"They can machine-gun us if they want to. We've suffered so much now that we'll never give in."

Checks, food and clothing for the E-Z strikers may be sent to Simon Molina, Local 890, Mine-Mill, Box 98, Bayard, N.M.

THE LAW Communists' bail revoked despite Judge Hand's ruling

Excessive bail shall not be required . . . Article VIII of the Bill of Rights of the U.S. Constitution.

AST June 22 U.S. Atty. Irving H. Saypol argued in the U.S. Circuit Court of Appeals that bai' offered by the Civil Rights Congress for 17 Communist leaders arrested on June 20 under the Smith Act should not be accepted. Said Judge Frank. cepted. Said Judge Frank:

"I don't think it is any of our concern or yours who puts up the money." Said Judge Learned Hand:

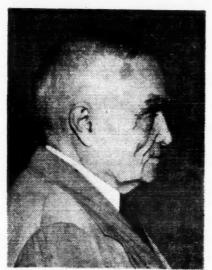
"If they come to you with a negotiable instrument, you have to accept it. It makes no difference even if it was stolen." CRC bail of \$171,000 for 15 of the defendants was finally accepted; bail for the other two came from private sour-ces. On July 2 four of 11 Communist leaders earlier convicted under the Smith Act failed to surrender to start serving their sentences. Their bail of \$80,000 was forfeited and Saypol saw another opening to attack the CRC

3 GO TO JAIL: Judge Sylvester Ryan instituted a week-long probe of bail fund trustees, demanding the surrender of contributors' lists and all books and records. Trustee Frederick V. Field and records. Trustee Frederick V. Field refused on the ground of self-incrimination; he was sent to jail for 90 days without bail, spent three days there before the Circuit Court of Appeals ordered temporary bail of \$10,000. He had to put up cash. Trustee Dashiell Hammett, popular mystery story writ-er, and Dr. W. Alphaeus Hunton of the Council on African Affairs both got six months for criminal contempt of court for similarly refusing to answer. Last week the Appellate Court fixed \$10,000 bail for them.

(On Saturday Hammett's secretary offered \$10,000 in cash to U.S. Commissioner Edward M. McDonald, but when Asst. U.S. Atty. Roy M. Cohn insisted the source of the money be disclosed, it was withdrawn. Defense attorney Mary Kaufman said questioning of cash bail was "unjustified and unprecedented. Hunton was to have offered \$10,000 of his own money, but Cohn said he too would be quizzed on its source. Both men remained in jail over the weekend.)

In the course of the hearings Judge Ryan declared on Monday that the CRC should not be permitted to "write any more bonds for anyone in this court." Saypol said he would "so move" the next day. On Tuesday Judge Ryan put into effect a decision he had reached before a hearing on the issue: the 17 were ordered into court and CRC bail for 14 was revoked. Bail of a 15th was revoked because it was posted by Field personally. Two with private bail were untouched; the 15 were hust-led off to jail.

ONLY ONE LAWYER: Demands that the total bail for the 17 be increased to \$876,000 were denied. But, cut off from CRC funds, it was impossible for any of the defendants to raise the previous bond from any other source. Government prosecutors announced that, with Judge Ryan's ruling, they would move to revoke bail posted by the CRC for some 30 aliens held for deportation under the McCarran Act. It was also reported that the State Banking Dept. was considering a cease-and-de-



JUDGE LEARNED HAND Faith in the Constitution

sist order against the CRC bail fund and seizure of its deposits.

Judge Ryan in his ruling declared the CRC bondsmen were "unworthy of trust." He granted a week's delay, from July 18 to 25, to the defense to file motions attacking the indictment. The 17 were represented by only one at-torney, Harold I. Cammer, who was so occupied with the bail fight that he could give little or no time to preparing motions. (One of the defendants was being represented temporarily and reluctantly by his nephew). The de-fendants had had no time to secure adequate counsel.

WHOSE MANDATE? On Thursday a whose Mandate? On Thursday a hearing was held before Judge Learned Hand of the Circuit Court of Appeals on bail for Hammett and Hunton. After Judge Hand set bail at \$10,000 (against \$50,000 demanded by Saypol), he got up to leave the bench. Cammer asked to be heard, reported Judge Ry-

an's revocation of bail. Judge Hand, 79 and already retired but still on call, protested wearily: "Take up the matter with some active judge." But when Saypol argued that Judge Hand was "utterly devoid of any power" to intervene, he came back. After hearing Cammer, he said angrily:

"He [Judge Ryam] has revoked a bail which we said should be granted. The question then comes up whether that is in accord with the mandate of the appellate court."

After reading the mandate aloud, he

"That is the order of this court. I means that until the new proceeding [Judge Ryan's inquiry into ball functions of the courses] is completed, the defendants must remain on ball."

BITTER WORDS: An angry exchange followed between the elderly judge and the prosecutor:

SAYPOL: "I don't agree. . ."

JUDGE HAND: "I don't care whether you agree or not. If Judge Ryan chooses to disregard it, that's another matter. I have made my order. I don't care to hear any more, sir."

more, sir."
SAYPOL: "This is a terrible thing. An

The judge ordered release of the defendants overnight and left. But the order bogged down in red tape. Say-pol argued before Judge Alexander pol argued before Judge Alexander Holtzoff that the order did not rein-state bail; the judge expressed uncer-tainty and declined to act. Defense attorneys presented Judge Hand's order at the Federal House of Detention, but officials refused to release the prisoners. They were not freed until late Friday when Judge Ryan finally bowed to Judge Hand's order. A substitute bond in the form of real estate was accepted for George Blake Charney, but \$10,000 offered for Fligobeth Guyley Flynn by offered for Elizabeth Gurley Flynn by her sister was rejected by Judge Ryan when the defense refused to tell where it was borrowed. On Monday Judge Ryan concluded his hearing and again revoked the CRC bail.

FROM ALL SIDES: There were other harassments. Field on Thursday was called before a subcommittee of Sen. Pat McCarran's Internal Security Committee, questioned for two hours about his relations with the Institute of Pacific Relations with which he was for-merly connected. On Friday the Treasury Dept. placed a \$100,629 lien against Hammett, alleging unpaid taxes from Hammett, alleging unpaid taxes from 1943 to 1945. In Washington the House Appropriations Committee approved a \$90,000,000 budget for the FBI, an increase of \$20,000,000 over last year.

The CRC called the attack on its

The CRC called the attack on its bail fund
... the latest in a series of violations ... of the Eighth Amendment of the Bibl of Rights and common decency. [It is] the equivalent of the Nazis' bated method of holding hostages. The government's action is also an attempt at reprisal against those Americans who have found an avenue for expressing their defense of our country's democratic heritage by making loans to the CRC ball fund. It is an established tenet of ancient democratic law that a bailor is not responsible for the actions of people for whom ball has been posted.

There were other protests:

- I.F. Stone wrote a notable series in the N.Y. Daily Compass defending the right of bail and the right of the CRC trustees to refuse to disclose their fund's sources
- · Civil rights attorney Arthur Garfield Hays praised Field's conduct.
- The Baltimore Afro-American published a letter from Jefferson School director of curriculum Doxey Wilkerson attacking the Smith Act.
- The executive board of the In Longshoremen's and Warehousemen Union called the Smith Act and other "outrageous encroachments" on civil rights
- . The official organ of the CIO Textile Workers Union warned that the Supreme Court decision upholding the Smith Act is a danger to all trade



FARM

HST okays Mexican exploitation bill

AST April a President's Commission AST April a President's Commission on Migratory Labor turned in a 188-page report describing the exploitation of 1,000,000 wandering farm workers, giving special attention to the aggravated problems of migratory Mexicalabor in the Southwest. The commission made a number of moderate recommendations some of which would slow, if not halt, the use with government connivance of some 400,000 Mexicans in this country illegally.

ment connivance of some 400,000 Mexicans in this country illegally.

An agreement between the U.S. and Mexico governing employment of Mexican labor expired June 30. On that day Congress adopted a bill perpetuating the ills described in the commission's report — not only containing none of its recommendations but going counter to most of them.

All of organized labor urged the President to veto. Southwestern Congressmen, looking after the interests of big growers in their districts, urged him to

growers in their districts, urged him to sign. The growers won: Truman made the bill into law on Thursday. Next week the GUARDIAN will tell the full story of the Mexican farm laborer in the U.S.



CHILDREN have fun with our staff of 8 trained coun-

Parents free to enjoy all sports— clay tennis courts, large natural pool, arts & crafts; leather metal and ceramics. Relax confidently at night—roving baby sitters Special facilities for infants, too Also: limited number bungalows for summer rentals Reasonable Rates. N. Y. Office: OR 5-3869 after 3 p.m.



MONTEREU Lodge MONTEREY MASS.

- A Small, Delightful Resort, High in the pines of Mass, Berkshires Swimming on our premises
- Playground and Counsellors for Children
- Transportation to Tanglewood, Jacob's Pillow, stockbridge
 Informal, congenial surroundings
 Adults \$48—Children \$30 weekly Monterey Lodge, Monterey, Mass Bea Freedman-Lillian Kurtz

CHESTERTOWN, N. Y.

In heart of Adirondacks Modern Adult Resort



Modern Adult Resort1500 acres on private
lake. Fishing — all
water sports — 9
tennis — handball
courts. Horseback
riding, Professional
dramatic & musical
productions. Outdoor
Theatre. Orch. for
daucing. cocktails.

daucing, cocktails,
CRYSTAL LAKE LODGE
Write or Tel. Chesterton, N. V., 3830
N.Y.C. Info: TI 2-5572 Call after \$



S43 WEEKLY el. everything! NO TIPPIS 2 DAY WEEKEND SPECIAL: TIPPING!

2 DAY WEEKEND SPECIAL:

Fri. Eve.—Sun. Eve.

\$15 (or \$9 per day)

Group rates on request

(Office open daily 9:30 to 7 p.m.

Saturday, 9:30 to 1 p.m.)

Call Al. 5-6960-1

Rm. 610. Dept. AH

1 Union Sq., N. Y. 3



Joseph Paporofaxy, dramatics, director. All sports, tennis, goif, swimming, entertainment, folk dancing, classes in painting with Mike Carver, fired ceramics, leathercraft.

Reasonable weekend rates.

Phone: LE 2-1482

ELLENVILLE, N.Y. 502



We're making our bid for you and your kid—
Planned Day Camp for the small fry
Swimming • Tennis • All Sports • Sketch Classes
Dancing • Fireplace and Recordings in the Barn
Our rates are sensible • For 30 young families
Phone UL 3-7761 (day & ev.) or Kerhonkson 8007-J

A Forest-Farm-Lake Mountain Paradise For All Races, Friths, Convictions

For All Races, Faiths, Convictions
W O R L D F E L L O W S H I P
CONWAY, N. H.
Good FOOD, Room, Buth, 8t to 87 da'ly
Evening Forum, July-Aug., Speakers
271 Acres, 2 Lukes, Trout Stream
Forcels, Mountains, Exercisions,
Boating, Swimming, Games, Music Free Folder, Photos, Eates, etc.



Ideal for Meetings, Conventions, Fund-raising Social week-ends. Special Service to Groups Claire and Bruno Aron Lenox, Mass. Phone: 8107

Berkshire Devotees

New, different place. Congenially in-formal setting for perfect relaxation and fun. Fireplaces, records, delicious food. Gorgeous countryside. JACOB's PILLOW donce festival. Excellen SUMMER THEATRE. Limited accommodations. Reserve now! Limou sine transportation arranged.

SHADOWOOD INN LENOX, MASS, Tel. Lenox 8014—The Rosenberge

Give This Paper To A Friend Keep It Moving!

Eye Witness

I saw behind the curtain of steel I saw the poor Russian under Stalin's heel I saw them driven to work each day

I saw them hopelessly slaving away

I saw a million Jews hang and burn I saw a petition for the Czar's return

1 saw starvation and misery everywhere 1 saw Hell on Earth over there

I saw a well fifty six miles deep
I saw it brimful with tears the Russians weep
I saw darkness at noon, dark as midnight
I saw the man, who saw the man, who saw the man who saw this dreadful sight.

Lawrence Gellert



"The charge is 'disturbing the war,' sergeant."

NATIONAL GUARDIAN WEEKEND August 24, 25, & 26 ARROWHEAD LODGE

Ellenville, N. Y.

LESTER COLE, guest speaker

Entertainment, swimming,

golf, tenn.

Entire week-end, including Transportation, \$24 & \$25 CONTACT NATL. GUARDIAN 17 Murray St., NYC. WO 4-1750

BOOKS and From the PERIODICALS USSR

Just Received! Vladmir Pope STEEL & SLAG Novel Prize Winner, 1948 In English 648 pp. \$1.25 Contemporary literature and classics in Russian, English, Lithuanian, Lat-vian, Esthonian, Ukrainian. Works in all branches of science, industry

and art, in Russian.

Latest Soviet Records. Sheet
Music and Artistic Handicrafts
1951 Subscriptions Open for Soviet Newspapers and Magazines Ask for Catalogue P-51

Four Continent Bool Corp. 55 W. 56 St., N. Y. 19 Mt 8-2660

Read:

Do You Want to Know About the

More names of U.S. prisoners

Cave, Carl, R.A. 18280230; 1506 Illinois St., Jacksonville, Fla. Cormier, Leo A., R.A. 1178961; 90 Grave St., Fall River, Mass. Disney, Cpl. Donald, R.A. 15284043; 1700 Hilton Av., Ashland, Ky. Dukes, Cpl. Ollum; Rt. 2, Eashey, N. C. Gray, Pvt. Robt.; 2214 Norris Av. SW, Roanoke, Va.

More names of NATIONAL GUARDIAN has received the names and details below through the cooperation of the "China Monthly Review," edited by American John W. Powell in Shanghai. The names are additions to those which have appeared alphabetically in the cultums of the GUARDIAN beginning with our April 18 issue. If you want us to check the full list for any name, call, write or wire us. In order to avoid any misinterpretation, we repeat our explanation of April 18: this is an unofficial and partial list of names compiled from Chinese sources and containing only names of individuals reported by the Chinese to have signed appeals for peace in POW camps or to have given statements or messages to Chinese correspondents or representatives, Since only a very small percentage of POW's can have had the opportunity to send messages or sign statements or would have done so, the failure of any name to appear on this list must not be given undue significance.

Brassfield, Sgt. Harry; 1618 Woodburn

Brassfield, Sgt. Harry; 1618 Woodburn

Av., Covington, Ky. Bryant, Lt. John D.; 3118 N. Marlinda Av., Baldwin Park, Calif.

Harding, (Cpl. Franklin E.; Newmar-Herrington, Cpl. Garland A.; Gard-

Lawrence, Cpl. Jack; Route 3, Mansheld, Pa.
Pfannenstiel, Cpl. Victor J.; P.O. Box
156, Ness City, Kans.
Parter, Cpl. Jimmie, 39305704
Riddle, Pfc. Robt.; Rt. 1, Box 304,
Etomah, Tenn. Searles, Pfc. Fred C.; 192 Bowman St.,

· Imported pure linen tablecloths

Savannah, Ga. Savannah, Ga.
Tolan, Pfc. Jos. W.; 240 Second St.,
Port Carbon, Pa.
Vanderford, Sgt. Kenneth J.; 9522 Valdina St., Anaheim, Calif.
Waller, Pvt. Donovan D., 17250460;

Wilkes-Barre, Pa.

Serish, Pfc. George M., R.A. 13312667 Sykes, Cpl. Lerey J., 2009 Harden St.,

707 N. Cherry St., Creston, Ia. Wyatt, Cpl. Robt. Lee, R.A. 13270868; 212 N. Dalas Court, Baltimore 31, Md. Zacherle, Lt.-Col. Alarich E., 042817; 13025 Gravelly Lake Drive S. W,. Tacoma, Wash

Zeller, Pfc. Edw.; Taylor Springs, III.

The kind of news you get in Guardian is priceless. Help our sub drive!

GUARDIAN BUYING SERVICE



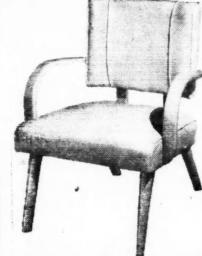
'Birchcraft Chair'

• Regularly \$25 each up. Wheat finish on solid maple and birch construction. Upholstered in pebble tobryellow, brown. 2 for \$33.50.

Vinylite plastic coverings: lipstick red, conary, jade green, ivory.

2 for \$30

Sold in pairs only. Delivery 8 weeks.



ARMCHAIR.

Steel-locked hardwood frame, upholstered spring seat, covering vinylite plastic which will not crack, peel or scuff. Colors: Lipstick Red, Emerald Green, Grey, Yellow, Lime. Legs, arms finished in Wheat. Specify bentwood (shown), or upholstered arms. Shipped "knockef-down" with simple instructions for quick, easy bolting together; no layer or other factories; model. Rea prine; \$23.95 glue or other fastenings needed. Reg. price \$23.95 up. GUARDIAN price \$17.50 each, express up. GUARUIA charges collect. 2 for \$33.50

Nylons

51-Gauge, 15-Denier. Two light summer shades that will go with any color: "Joy" (Tan), "First Night"

Business Sheer, (51-Gauge, 30-Denier), Black m, Extra long, \$1.25 per pair

(MINIMUM ORDER 3 PAIRS)



PERFECT SHAVES YEAR 'ROUND



130 double-edge blades DOLLAR-STRETCHER APPROVED

☐ HEAVY

☐ THIN

Matching tables by Birchcraft

WORLD DEMOCRATIC MOVEMENT? What the Communist and Workers' Parties in Eastern and Western Europe, in China and in all other countries say about these countries. • About

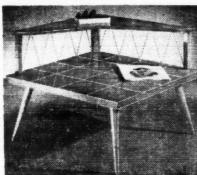
in China and in all other countries say about these countries. About peace. About current international questions. About the every-day life and activity of the working people of these countries?

LASTING PEACE — PEOPLE'S DEMOCRACY

IMPORTED PUBLICATIONS & PRODUCTS 22 E. 17th St., New York City 3. Dept. E

English weekly Budapest In 15 languages
Single copy 10c — Air-mail sub. 1 year \$3.50

• We sell other publications • Imported pure linen



Corner Table

To match Birchcraft free-form cocktail table, square, $25\frac{1}{2}$ high; sides laced with heavy, clear plastic. Regular price \$59.95. GUARDIAN PRICE

\$40.95



Step-end Table

• Another of the Birchcraft matched set: top 30x18", over-all height 25½"; plastic-laced to match corner table. Regular price \$49.50.

GUARDIAN PRICE

\$33^{.50}

GUARDIAN's exquisite table linens can now be seen by Chicagoans. Call or write Ruth Miller, 4706 S. Drexel Blvd., Chicago. Tel. DRexel 3-4079. Refer to back issues or write for details on other items still available thru Guardian Buying Service.

GUARDIAN BUYING SERVICE ORDER BLANK Item

1		
		-

Y. C. buyers add 3% sales tax)

Please specify 2nd choice in colors or finishes

Full payment must accompany all orders. Make checks, money orders payable to GUARDIAN BUYING SERVICE. All shipping charges collect unless otherwise stated. You will be notified of shipping charges, if any, with acknowledgement of your order. Order of \$5 or over will entitle you to free copy of Sidney Margolius' book "The Consumer's Guide To Better Buying."

Name	
Addres	

CALENDAR

New York

RESTORE FREE SPEECH. Meeting Act. Nat'l Council ASP, 49 W. 44th St. MU 7-2161. Adm.: members \$1.20, tax incl.

Chicago

RESERVE SUNDAY, JULY 29th, for the Gigantic Pienic sponsored by the Southwest Chapter Progressive Party, Ryan Woods, 87th & West-ern, Hilltop Pavilion, Refreshments; Music Food

GARDEN PARTY, 49th Ward, Sat., music. Bring a white ele-At 1627 W. Sherwin. Dona-

Los Angeles

SALUTE TO SLAVIC PEOPLE.
Polish film, Square Dancing, Nationality refreshments. Sat., July 28, 8 p.m., at 5552 Hollywood Blvd.
KEEP THESE DATES OPEN:
Sun., Sept. 16—Donors Dinner. Fri., Sat. and Sun., Dec. 7, 8 and 9—Grand Bazaar. Ausp. L. A. Comm.
Protection of Foreign Born — MA 2169.

CLASSIFIED

Listings in this section are available at 40c a line (five words): minimum charge \$2 per insertion. Copy deadline Friday before publication, Please send payment with copy. Address: Classified, National Guardian, 17 Murray St., New York 7, N. Y.

General

PHONOGRAPH RECORDS AT 20% DISCOUNT. Special to Guardian readers, a 20% discount on all 33 and 45 rpm records. Prepaid orders shipped postage free. Send for free catalog today MAILORDER RECORD COMPANY, 100 N. LaSalle St., Chicago 2, Ill. Chicago 2, Ill.

LET US PROVE TO YOU that our work is better than most photo services. Single trial film (8-12 exp.) 30c. Jumbo size attractive album. PAL FILM SERVICE, Blvd. P.O. Box G 123, New York 59, N.Y.

TREE RIPENED ORANGES, GRAPE-FRUIT OR MINED. \$2 bushel Pay express charges when received Or-ganically grown, top quality. Guar-anteed. M. A. Tucker Groves, Rt. 8, Box 618, Tampa, Florida.

VACUUM CLEANER, Rated best by Independent Consumer Organ, Reg \$74.95. SPECIAL \$49.95. Standard Brand Dist., 143 4th Av. (13th and 14th Sts.), N.Y.C. GR 3-7819.

AGENTS WANTED: Earn extra money selling imported table linens, featured by Guardian at bargain prices, to your friends and neigh-bors. Apply Guardian, Box 92, 17 Murray St., New York City 7.

Los Angeles

MASON FOR MODERN—Specializing in wrought iron constructions, foam rubber mats. Best deal on appli-ances, TV, 501 N. Western, HI 8111.

Los Angeles

New headquarters of the ARTS SCIENCES & PROFESSIONS COUNCIL

7410 Sunset Blvd. GR 4188 WHAT'S BEHIND THE NEWS? WHAT'S BEHIND THE NEWS?"
Regular Monday night seminar
with Martin Hall. Don. 60c.
ASP WRITERS WORKSHOP.
Groups in drama, novel, short
story, poetry, pamphlets,
Enroll now, Donation per
session, 25c.

REAT DAY A-COMING—AUG. 3 Velcome Home to John Howar Lawson, Embassy Auditor-ium, 8 p.m. Tickets 60c. Res. GR 4188

Atlas Optical Co.

M. Franklyn (Maury) Mitchell.
Optician
219 W. 7th St.
Suite 317
Vandike 353 L. A. Vandike 3530

Low Price - High Quality
QUICK SERVICE (in many cases while you wait) 300 frame styles in stock Special consideration to GUARDIAN readers

WHITE MOUNTAINS — Nice little vacation place. Modern facilities, brooks, woodland trails. Swimming, fishing, sightseeing tours. Good food. Rate \$38. Booklet: J. Timms, Wentworth, N. H.

VACATION TIME IS A MUST at Charmaine Lödge in Waupaca, Wisconsin. Gay informality, variety of sports, delicious food. Supervised children's program. Low rates, especially for groups of 10 or more. Information & Reservations, Rose Harris. 1250 N. Spaulding, Chicago 51, Ill. Phone: SPaulding 2-5984 (after 5:30 p.m.); or Irene Brown, NOrmal 7-1673 (during daytime).

CITY SLICKER FARM, Jefferson-ville, N.Y. Forget the alarm clock! Go rustie! Barn dances. Swim. Sports. Food galore. Artistic rooms. Children ½ rate to 12, Booklet.

Books

ABIDE WITH ME

"ABIDE WITH ME"
Copies again available
Cedric Belfrage's "ghoulishly hilaricus" (N.Y. Herald Tribune) novel
probing the outlandish mysteries of
the American mortician racket: "a
whammer," writes GUARDIAN reader Ernest Seeman. Still only \$2,
postage free, to N.G. readers. Belfrage, 17 Murray St., New York 7.

LEARN TOUCH TYPING IN 2
HOURS—Type for pleasure or profit.
New, easy self-teaching method,
guaranteed. Only \$1, but send no
money—just name and address for
FREE HOME TRIAL. Pay after you
learn. SIMPLIFIED TYPING, 17
Murray St. New York 7, N.Y.

Chicago

PROGRESSIVE UNION PAINTERS. Decorating of all types. 20% discount to GUARDIAN readers. Luther Talley, NOrmal 7-9427. Call between 7 and 8 p.m.

WE HAVE JUST RETURNED from wonderful vacation at San Cristobal Valley Ranch in New Mexico. Sure you would enjoy spending your va-cation there too. Call evenings BUtterfield 8-8165.

New York

FOR RENT: One large double or one single room with or without kitchen. Airy, nicely furnished, elevator, near transportation. West End Av. in Segenties. TR 4-2445.

VILLIAGE APT, FOR RENT, 2½ rooms furnished, small floor thru; cross-ventilation, fireplace, refrigerator; 4 flights, quiet street near transp. \$15 week., Aug. 10-Oct. 9. Suitable one, possibly two. References exchanged. Box 249, National Guardian, 17 Murray St., N. Y. C.

GOING TO CALIFORNIA? Want to exchange your N.Y house or apt. for my Calif. home for a mutually agreeable period of time? Call TR 5-2896, preferably before noon.

FURNITURE BUILT TO ORDER. Bookcases, chests, cupboards, phono installations, special designs. Low cost. 10% of sales given to National Guardian. Call WA 4-1348, HUDSON CRAFTSMEN.

MIMEOGRAPHING, MULTIGRAPH-ING, PHOTO-OFFSET, MAILING SERVICE. Co-op Mimeo Service 39 Union Square, N. Y. 3. AL 5-5780-1.

MOVING PROBLEM? Any job any place Shipping, crating, packing We're quick and careful Call us ard go places. Thomas Moving & Trucking. 322 W. 108th St., N. Y. C. Phone: RI 9-6299.

SUMMER-TIME IS DANGER TIME FOR PIANOS! Keep it tuned! Call A. PRAGO, MAIN 5-1188, 8-9:30 a.m. or 6:30-8 p.m. 11 Willow St., Brooklyn 2, N.Y.

S. Blake's Auto Shop Motor overhaul Tune-up Wheel alignment **Brakes** 1060 W. Jefferson Blvd. Los Angeles 7, Calif. Phone: RE 7547

CHICAGOANS

Phone HArrison 7-5497 LOU BLUMBERG

all forms of INSURANCE

166 W. Jackson Blvd.

Tell the advertiser saw it in the GUARDIAN.

ADVICE FROM THE ROBIN HOOD COUNTRY

Let's judge our fellow men carefully

SHERWOOD, NOTTINGHAM, ENGLAND YOUR paper keeps me well-informed American progressive opinion, and in doing so it is an added inspiration and aid in my work as a City Councillor of Nottingham. I find good, because it is **not** rigid in system or gma. Thus it lends itself more readily to dogma. experiment and adventure. Living experimentally does not mean rejecting the past, but aplying known truths to present circumstances.

We of the British Co-Operative movement agree that peace with Russia is possible. Outside the strictly "Party-line" there are many issues which we can resolve together. To the average Britisher, peace—the difference be-tween lile and death—is every bit as impor-tant as it is to the average Russian.

Whether the enormous propaganda about Russia is lies or truth, the nature of the Soviet Union is not the real issue to us who are outside Therefore, we should not allow such propaganda to deflect us from the real issues we face from day to day. Our primary task is to recruit people to co-operation because we need it. There will be plenty of time to argue about respective systems later.

The ancient Greeks and Romans argued about systems heedless of impending war. The Greeks had three wars (Peloponnesian Wars) and their civilisation was entirely shattered. The Romans had three major wars (Punic Wars) and their civilisation, built—as they believed- to last for eternity, was rent asunder.

ARE we so obstinate as to learn nothing from history? The danger is that peace-loving people who speak out boldly are attacked as Communist dupes, fellow-travelers, and so on. Already these labels have been imbibad, absorbed and accepted. The acceptance of labels shows a lack of thinking. We must ignore and positively refuse to echo labels and look instead at issues

Want' of thought and imagination distinguishes the "herd" man—the man who follows instinct rather than thought. This type sup-

ports repressions of "the new thing" in life, simply because it is strange and upsetting. It is true society must hold together. Our social life is built and depends on conventions and

Loyalty to tradition is taught as a social duty; disloyalty to it, any preaching of a "new thing," is discouraged and even punished. It has thus come about that we tend in our com munal life to give the same class of treatment to all who offend against tradition or what customary. The pioneer, the reformer, offends,





in religion, art or morals, because he is prophetic of a new order which demands change and adjustments of the old.

THE "rogue" offends because he does not respect those embodiments of tradition (laws and conventions) which experience shows make social life possible. All uncommon ideas or behavior, all refusals to "toe the line" thus become matters of suspicion. It was consequently no accident that Jesus and the thieves were envisible at one and the same time as her were crucified at one and the same time, as being equally unsettling and dangerous to society.

The tragic cost to the world of such indis-criminating treatment is clear to us all. We should be warned that one of the weaknesses of democracy is that it is **not** always right. Someone once said: "Mortal eyes cannot distinguish the heretic from the saint." But man's history teaches us to be careful in our judgments of our fellow-men.

John W. Kenyon

NEW YORK

for modern ceramics LAMPS & GIFTS SALES CO. 22 Astor Pl., New York City (Nr. Wanamaker's, 1 flight up)

Open daily 11-5:30; evenings and Saturdays by appoint-ment only.

Phone: OR 3-0858



SHOP! perfects and imperfects 179 W. 4th St. New York

Beautiful Scandinavian imported ceramics, glassware, gifts— open till midnite Fri. & Sat. 10% disc. to Guardian readers.

Let's meet at the

YUGOSLAV-AMERICAN CENTER Air-conditioned restaurant & bar Excellent food • Low prices (Entertainment and dancing, Friday & Saturday nites.)

FOR RENT:
Halls for banquets, weddings, dances and all socials. Rooms for large and small meetings.

105 W. 11st St. Phone LO 4-8356

INSURANCE OF ALL KINDS Including fire, automobile

compensation JACK R. CARL BRODSKY

799 B'way, N. Y. C. GR 5-3826

DETROIT

SID ROSEN

Hayes Jewelry 15257 Houston (at Kelly Rd.)
Detroit, Mich VE 9-6960 Credit Terms

Los Angeles

BRING THE FAMILY!

Los Angeles County Independent Progressive Party

PICNIC FOR PEACE •

JULY 29

MONTEBELLO PARK

East on Washington Boulevard-20 minutes from Los Angeles)

Adults 75c

Kids 10c



CLIP OUT THIS BOX-AIR-MAIL TODAY WITH \$2

TO

National Guardian 17 Murray Street New York 7, N. Y.

A BULL'S-EYE ABOVE . . .

means that your fenewal is past due, and your sub may be cut off at the end of this month of you have not renewed by then.

be cut off at the this month of you n renewed by then.

Your nameplate te month and year yexpires. "7-51" mea 1951—THIS MONTH. Your nameplate tells the month and year your sub expires. "7-51" means July 1951—THIS MONTH.

...........