Jan.15,1971

Deer Hill; Mike and Bornie!

Though the Jan-4th letterwas from Will alone, and he specified that the discussion between you three didn't always reflect the views of all but only of himself. I feel that I should sidress it makes to the discussants, but, purhaps, even sand it to others since the questions raised reflect matters that outdently do concern all who are groupling with Philosophy and Revolution.
First, lot we take up the question of language. More is more important

than subject, thather on mean by that the Novement, or a specific group like Held whether we mean the workers or a single revolutionary; whether we mean kL, Blacks, Indians, "organization", it is also that "Subject" is the one that is responsible for both theory and practice. Therefore, we must not say "subject must unite with its theory": It is the subject who unites, or fails to units, theory and practice. In a word, the proposition, "with", is wrong.

Perhaps part of the looseness of expression is due to my stressing how ernoical theory is, that, as you put it, quoting me, "Philosophy is itself revolutionary." You, because the minie point of philosophy, of disloctice, both its point of departure and point of return, is Freedom. The trouble with philosophers, whether they were only thinking of Utopis, the Feture, or of Thought as their special province, is that they limited the concept of freedom. That is mby Marx mays (it is the very first quotation one moets oven before he turns to a single page of text in MAF) is that "Freedom is so much the escence of man that even its opponents realize it... No min fights freedom he fights at most the freedom of others." O.k., Marx "took adventage of this sature of war and at most the freedom O.k., Herr "took adventage"of this nature of man, and therefore his thought, the striving for freedom, and said of Hegel's dislection, the greatest philosophy produced by bourgeois philosophy, that what we must do is "realize it" for by realizing this talk and thought of freedom, we will have it, be whole can. But, maker no circumstances, does "philosophy is itself revolutionary" mean it will secline itself. Only living men and women can do that. In a word, it is no substitute for "Subject" any more than history is a substitute for history, too, seems meases making it.

. Now then, for us, for 1971, the great breakthrough came back in 1953 then we discovered in the Absolute Idea, a movement from practice not only to revolution, but to theory, the philosophy of liberation. I find that the Edistentialists, on their part, and the Kaoists, on theirs, never stop talking about being, existence, doing, practice, but the very last word they unierstand is Practice, for they are under the deliminent hat when they practice theory, that is practice, that is activity, that is hen they "bring" it to the masses, and all the masses have to do so be must enoughto see it and accept it, then all will be heaven on earth. that I'be been saying, at least since 1953, is the exact opposite, that practice that I'be been saying, at least since 1953, is the exact opposite, that practice is masses practicing and their practice is not only the doing of deeds but the thinking of thoughts.

THEREFORE, the 2 kinds of subjectivity, the note on which I ended the 2nd edition of MAF, hoping thereby to indicate what I mean to do in Philosophy and Revolution) was not only a stress on proletarian Subject vs. Maoist or potty-bourgeris subjectiming but to show that in the proletarian Subject, in subjectivity, we including men as thought as well as man as being, AND THOUGHT, PHILOSOPHY OF LIBERATION, THE ASSOLUTE IDEA EXCANDOWN FOR OUR AGE IS ITSELF A FORCE FOR REVOLUTION.

It is a development, & The Stiffel and high stage of development, but a development rather than break, as was the 1953 from the Johnsonian or state-capitalism same philosophy.

Of course, Marxiet-Numanisa is itself "subjectivity"; this is

what we learned over since 1962 when the trip to Africa, and 1965, the trip to 14110 Japan, showed that even revolutionsries closest to us, and even sasses, great masses in revolt, will not take from our shoulders, our tasks, working out this

dislectic of liberation, both philosophically in the book and practically in our everyday activities.

Of course it is a task of very great historic dimensions. But do you know any one also engaged in it? Of course, it is hard labor and blows the mind, especially of the youth, who are first getting used to the idea that they are revolutionaries, have broken with their past both as p. b. milieu, as parents, etc as, to begin measuring themselves against history's Gargantuan dimensions. I do not doubt, however, that we can become the catalyst for the revolutionaries who have had all the breaks from past, but did not think that first then they must create new theoretical foundations as well instead of having found them ready-made, if not in the bite-size Macist quotations, then at least as Marx did it. But he did it in 1843-1833, and we live in 1971, thi while it remains our foundation, none can do for this age that only this age can do for itself.

Back to one more word on language. When you compare Marx, lst Ini., Paris Commune; VII., Bolsheviks, Russian Revolution; and then come to ourselves, you use the expression I:l". I know what you mean, but it just so happens that, for a dialectician, there is no worse expression than one-to-one, for it means mechanical, statistical rather than human, alive, and being able to do so much more than what any one imagines who is brainwashed by capitalist ideology. So, it isn't only a question of escaping the complexities, but in order to always keep one's eyes on movement rather than something static, just avoid the expression, l:l.

The important thing is what you did mean even when you used say a "market" expression. First, take Mark's period: great as the First International was, it was "organized". Therefore for the new form of workers' rule which no genius, not even Mark, no human being, or god for that matter, can see it before it actually occurs, Mark had to keep plodding along, theoretically in Capital, practically, in First International, until the workers upsurged in the Paris Commune. Then he not only embraced it, as revolutionaries would, but made it the departure even of his theory. It clarified the "fetishism of the commodities" not just in manner in which he had already worked out theorietically—capitalist exploitation of labor and its reification into thing—but its opposite the new form, the universal form of how the workers mean to rid themselves of the fetishism by its creation of the Paris Commune.

The same came to be with Lenin-the Soviets were the new form for his age, and he was well prepared to see it and create the slogan "All Power to the Soviets" because theoretically, he had already worked out a new universal--"to a man". BUT IT WASN'T ONLY UNDERSTANDING AND RETURN TO HEGEL THAT HELPED HIM: IT was that, to begin with, HE MAS ALMAYS A PRACTICING REVOLUTIONARY. So, insofar as the latter was concerned, were his Bolshevik colleagues. They all opposed the "April Thesis" and thought he had been too long an emigre to "understand Russian realities" BUT THE REVOLUTION SWEPT THEM ALONG. WHEN THE REVOLUTION IS AT AN MATRIX HALT AND YOU HAVE STATE POWER, you (that is the Stalinists) follow a very different path. But it isn't only because they didn't "understand" Hegel; it is because of the objective compulsion from the existing state surrounded by world capitalism.etc.

Now then us, the practice of dialectictics, both in theory and in fact, is semething that no other "party" ever called upon its members to do, and it is hard as hell. But the very fact that we demand unity of theory and practice compels the two levels, of which the concrete, the daily practice. Is of the essence.

lovels, of which the concrete, the daily practice, is of the essence.

'One finel point both on "troubles" withPart III, and objective transcendence Transcendedce has, in academia, both theological and philosophic meaning far removed from practice. But transcendence, as historic category, means people abolishing the cld, creating the new; indeed it is the only real transcendence; all else is hogwash. Because this is so, I try to practice it even in theory, which is why there is so much return to Black/hod conferences, etc. There are no "troubles!" On the contrary, I would like the bew passions and new fordes to be written by blacks, by women even as New Humanism was written by workers battling Automation.

Hope this has helped. I cannot do more so long as book is not finished, but when you get "New Passions and New Forces" next week, start practicing dialectics, and asking blacks. Indiana, Chicanas, and write mo their expressions. Yours, Paya

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